#### A Register of Liberty Seated Half Dollar Varieties

#### Volume III

#### New Orleans Branch Mint 1840-O to 1853-O NA



By Bill Bugert

With special edits by and consultations with Randy Wiley

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Cover coin is the finest known 1853-O No Arrows and Rays Half Dollar. Cover artwork by Jane Waldron To My Fellow Numismatists in the Liberty Seated Collectors Club. I wish you all many happy returns.

#### Foreword

This reference is the third in a series of planned books on the die marriages of Liberty Seated Half Dollars.

In May 2009, I published the first book, *A Register of Liberty Seated Half Dollar Varieties, Volume I, San Francisco Branch Mint*. That book lists all (228) known die marriages of the Liberty Seated half dollars of the San Francisco Branch Mint with extensive (almost 1,400) photographs, rarity ratings, and background information.

In May 2010, I published the second book, *A Register of Liberty Seated Half Dollar Varieties*, *Volume II, Carson City Branch Mint*. That book lists all (96) known die marriages of the Liberty Seated half dollars of the Carson City Branch Mint with extensive (over 900) photographs, rarity ratings, and background information.

This reference contains similar information for all the pre-Arrows Liberty Seated half dollar die marriages of the New Orleans Branch Mint. Due to the large number of die marriages and consequent oppressive book size, I decided to halve the New Orleans references; this Register contains only those 217 die marriages of the 1840-O to 1853-O No Arrows. Per many requests, I've also made some slight format changes from previous editions including photographs of every die marriage and enhanced die crack diagrams of selected dies.

In 1993, Randy Wiley and I finished *The Complete Guide to Liberty Seated Half Dollars*. That book listed a finite and pre-determined number of the most easily identifiable die varieties of the series. Many other die varieties were known at the time of publication but were not included for various reasons best discussed elsewhere. <u>This register is different and individually documents Liberty Seated New Orleans half dollar die marriages of obverse, reverse, and collar dies for 1840-O to 1853-O No Arrows and Rays.</u> It is commonly misunderstood by many collectors and dealers that the Liberty Seated denominations have been studied as extensively as the older copper and bust series, where the discovery of new die marriages is rare. This is far from reality. The older copper and bust series have been extensively collected and exhaustively studied for many decades. The Liberty Seated series are far behind in that respect and have a lot of catching up to do. I hope to help that along for the half dollars.

This Register does not include everything everyone wants to know about New Orleans Branch Mint Liberty Seated half dollars. Specifically, little information is included on condition census (generally, I have little interest in that) and there is no pricing information (pricing information has limited value because it is too volatile and including it would quickly outdate this reference). Alternatively, I've included estimated rarity ratings and will leave condition census and valuations for others to study and to report.

It is no coincidence that the name of this Register is similar to ML Beistle's 1929 reference on half dollar die varieties. His work provided me with my initial impetus to collect half dollars by die marriage. I've studied, written, and exhibited information about ML Beistle extensively and have an admiration for his personal and professional accomplishments.

Lastly but importantly, this publication could not have been possible without the cooperative efforts of Randy Wiley. He knows more about Liberty Seated Half Dollars than anyone I know. He and I have been studying the die marriages of these coins for decades and much of the information we derived together is contained herein.

Thanks for taking the time to read this and I hope this Register finds its way into your numismatic library.

Bill Bugert Gettysburg, PA June 2011

# **Table of Contents**

Introduction	2
Abbreviations, Conventions, and Definitions of Terms Used in this Book	4
New Orleans Half Dollar Design Types	6
Pre-Arrows New Orleans Date Logotype Sizes	7
Device Naming Conventions	8
Date Grid Measurements	10
Edge Reeding and Collars	12
Counting Reeds	13
Emission Sequence	13
Pre-Arrows New Orleans Branch Mintmark Sizes	14
New Orleans Half Dollar Diameters	15
Rarity Ratings	16
Miscellaneous Information	
Extended vertical shield lines	17
Reengraved foot support	17
Bits of iron in planchets	
Brief History of the New Orleans Branch Mint	18
Major U.S. Government actions affecting NO Coinage	
How to Attribute your Liberty Seated Half Dollar	
New Orleans Branch Mint Half Dollar Die Marriages	
1840-O	
1841-O	56
<b>1842-O</b>	82
<b>1843-0</b>	112
1844-O	151
<b>1845-0</b>	200
<b>1846-0</b>	244
1847-O	303
<b>1848-0</b>	364
1849-O	
1850-O	
1851-0	
1852-O	
1853-O No Arrows and Rays	
The 2010 Half Dollar Summit	
Resources	
List of Major Contributors	520
Checklist of New Orleans Half Dollar Die Marriages	521

#### Introduction

#### The purpose of this Register is four-fold:

- To document all the currently known pre-Arrows Liberty Seated half dollar die marriages produced at the New Orleans Branch Mint
- To assist the beginning or advanced Liberty Seated half dollar collector into expanding beyond type, date, or date/mint collecting into die marriage collecting
- To aid the casual collector or dealer with proper variety identification and other pertinent information
- To establish a standard nomenclature for the Liberty Seated half dollar die marriages.

At the time of publication, all known pre-Arrows (1840-O to 1853-O NA) Liberty Seated New Orleans Branch Mint half dollar die marriages are documented in this register. I've included the key characteristics of obverse and reverse die marriages so that you could readily identify your half dollar. It is important to note that the mid-1800 minting technology had advanced to a state that, in contrast to the pre-1836 bust style designs, the date (with the exception of 1853-1855 Arrows half dollars), and mintmarks were the only design elements emplaced into the working dies used to mint coins. The other design elements such as dentils, Liberty, stars, denomination, legend, motto, and eagle were all in the hub and, consequently, have no variations when transferred to the working dies. These advancements, however convenient for the minting process, vastly compound the difficulty in identifying characteristics of the individual working dies, and consequently, the die marriages. We must rely on variations in the placements of the date and mintmark and die imperfections for proper variety identification.

For ease of the readers' use, I desired to depict each obverse and reverse die marriage on two pages; this space limitation forced me to be selective on the die characteristics that I specified and photographed. Consequently, I picked the die lines and cracks that I thought were most prevalent for that variety and that could be easily identified using a quality hand held 10-power magnifier and, for date grid measurements, a 10-power hand held optical comparator. Make no mistake about it, a good 10-power stereomicroscope with a reticle is a worthwhile investment when studying and attributing varieties of all denominations at home.

Excluding the Beistle number system which is not used today, the current standard Liberty Seated Half Dollar variety nomenclature is the WB-100 series system. This WB number, for Wiley-Bugert, is derived from the 1993 book, *The Complete Guide to Liberty Seated Half Dollars*. Unfortunately and a point of some confusion, many WB-100 numbers by design include more than one die marriage per number because that book lists major varieties only. For example, the 1840-O WB-104 Large Mintmark half dollar included eight reverse dies. This system is unsatisfactory for the serious half dollar variety collector where a single number represents a single die marriage. This Register starts anew with separate die marriages with WB-X series numbers.

It is very important to note that the die characteristics photographed and/or described herein may or may not be visible on your coin. Die states, coin wear, toning, damage, etc. may affect the visibility of these characteristics and, for those reasons, you may find some diagnostics on your half dollar that are not listed in my descriptions. In many cases, I've included photographs of the latest die state and may include comments of other die states. Coins grading below VG will not show most of the die characteristics I've depicted simply because the key die diagnostics are worn away.

In discussing my plans with others before this reference was published, some collectors and dealers wanted an online version while others wanted a useful physical media. I chose the latter in a workbook style three-ring binder and plastic spiral binding formats for easy desktop reference work and for

portable operations at a coin show. I wanted a user to be able to quickly and easily pluck useful attribution information from this Register. I believe these formats accomplish that. All too often, the hardbound books in my numismatic library are too tightly bound, making page turning awkward and potentially loosening the binding glue or breaking the binding's back. I did not want my readers to suffer this inconvenience especially when I wish my Register to be used often.

It is my desire that this reference creates sufficient interest in collecting by die marriage and someday the "Seated Half Nut Club" (i.e., similar to the "Bust Half Nut Club" where a requirement for membership is owning at least 100 different varieties of the bust half dollar series) is a well-known and popular club.

I know it will be a disappointment to many, but I did not include pricing information, grade availability, or valuations of the die varieties in this Register. In my experience, that type of information is very quickly outdated and useless after a few months if not updated. Collector interest and the market will drive most valuations. The financial complexities of the rare coin market are best left to the economists. As an alternative, I included initial rarity estimates. Almost all the rarity numbers are my estimates based primarily on years of observation and by discussions with other knowledgeable individuals. I have a varying comfort level with many of the dates; it will take years to properly associate a correct rarity number with a specific die marriage.

This book does not include a tutorial on basic coin collecting, grading half dollars, or a lengthy history behind the Liberty Seated series. I assume the reader has a basic understanding of these numismatic topics; besides, many other references cover them in great detail and I will not duplicate the efforts of others here. The following introductory sections contain a lot of background information required to understand the variety attributions of the Liberty Seated Half Dollar series. Please take sufficient time to read and understand them before attempting to use this Register.

At this point, I think it appropriate to provide some advice and encouragement to collectors of die marriages of Liberty Seated Half Dollars. But first, if you are looking to complete a die marriage set in a few short years, look elsewhere. It will literally take many years of aggressive searching to fill all or most of the holes. Even with the benefit of a thick wallet, many die marriages seldom appear on the market and when they do, are quickly snatched up by other serious collectors with similar goals. If you bound your goal to collecting a few years, mints, or types, then the target becomes easier to attain. Otherwise, collectors, including myself, with the stamina to attempt this and, I can attest, I've spent over three decades collecting die marriages of these halves. However, it is a wonderful pastime that has kept my interest for many years and provided many hours of enjoyment; it also helps to have a supportive spouse or partner. I wish you the same.

Lastly, as I mentioned in the Foreword, this Register would not have been possible without the efforts of my numismatic friend and colleague, Randy Wiley. He and I have been studying these half dollars together since the early 1980's and we've spent many hours together engrossed in determining die diagnostics, counting reeds, taking notes, and discussing new finds. His astute analytical collecting techniques, motivation, and sheer determination are in a large part responsible for what is being published herein. For that and for his friendship, I thank him.

## Abbreviations, Conventions, and Definitions of Terms Used in this Book

It is very important to understand the terms used throughout this text so that my written descriptions convey the proper meaning to you, the reader.

**Liberty and LIBERTY.** "Liberty" in lower case letters refers to the figure of Miss Liberty on the obverse. "LIBERTY" in upper case letters refers to the words LIBERTY found on the scroll of the obverse design.

**Viewing a coin.** Often confusing if not clarified, the terms "right" and "left" are used when viewing a coin and referencing features from the viewpoint of the observer's right and left respectfully. For example, when referring to the eagle's left claw, the claw referred to is that on the viewer's left and NOT the eagle's left claw (which would be on the observer's right).

**Star numbering.** Obverse stars are counted clockwise starting with the first star on the lower left to the thirteenth start at the lower right.

**Measuring units.** I opted for the U.S. standard of inches to measure date height, mintmark size, and diameters of coins.

**Photographs.** Almost all images are not actual size but scaled to annotate various desired features. I chose to establish a common arbitrary reference point for the mintmark on each die marriage; mintmark positions are depicted relative to the flat topped upper edge of the letter F in HALF. Additionally, some collectors may want to reference date positions to the dentils below the date instead of the date grid technique. Consequently, date position images include the lower dentils.

Date Grid measurements. See the detailed explanation elsewhere in this Register.

**Device and device naming.** A device is the primary motif on the obverse and reverse die. For the obverse, the primary device is the figure of Liberty while on the reverse, it is the eagle. Supporting devices are also on the observe and reverse. See the supplemental diagrams and descriptions.

**Die Variety versus Die Marriage.** These terms, although different, are used almost interchangeably. Die variety refers to a coin struck from dies and, irrespective of die states, all pieces from those dies have the same characteristics. Die marriage refers to a coin struck from a combination of three dies; the obverse, reverse, and collar dies. The differences are subtle but they, as mentioned, are almost used interchangeably. It is important to note that a die crack may help to identify a die variety but is a die state and not a separate die variety or marriage.

**EDS, MDS, LDS, VLDS.** These acronyms are short for early die state, middle die state, late die state, very late die state and refer to a subjective progress of die deterioration.

**K-1 thru K-12.** The abbreviation for a clock's hour hand position (i.e., 1 o'clock thru 12 o'clock) specifically around the outer circumference of a coin.

**Lines, Lumps, and Gouges.** These terms are utilized when describing the various die diagnostics for each variety. A *line* on the coin is raised and results from a scratch, stray mark, slip of the engraver's tool, and/or polishing of the dies. A *lump* is a raised piece of metal on the coin that resulted from die damage, rust, and/or clashing of the dies. *Gouges* are also raised metal on a coin resulting from oddly shaped heavier damage to the die. These three items are critical to differentiating dies and identifying the key die characteristics.

**Reverse olive leaf numbering system.** Reverse olive leaves are numbered 1 thru 5 starting with 1 as the lowest olive leaf then numbering clockwise 2 thru the uppermost leaf as #5. Note: leaves 2 and 4 show only partially.



**Reverse shield line numbering system.** Reverse vertical shield lines are designated alpha-numerically with a letter designating a group of shield lines and a number referencing an individual vertical shield line within that group. For example, B-3 refers to the third (3) vertical line (counting from the left) in the second grouping of shield lines (group B). C-2 refers to the second shield line in the third grouping. Possibilities include A thru F - 1 thru 3.

**Enhanced die crack drawings**. On selected die marriages, I've included enhanced die crack diagrams. Prominent die cracks are hand drawn on low resolution printed photographs, scanned, and inserted for the readers use. As these die cracks are hand drawn and as my hand is no longer optimally steady, they may not be exact nor will they be all inclusive of the die cracks found on all die states; they are representative of the major die cracks that may be found for that die marriage. These enhanced die crack diagrams are meant to provide a quick visual reference and identification of specific dies.

**WB-#.** Die marriages are designated with a WB-#; WB is an acronym for Wiley-Bugert. I gave much thought to what numbering system to use in this reference. Randy Wiley and I used a WB-100 series numbering system in our 1993 book, *The Complete Guide to Liberty Seated Half Dollars*. Although seemingly ideal, I couldn't use that same system because many WB-100 series numbers used in our 1993 book include multiple die marriages lumped under a single WB variety number. I wanted to have a compact, easily remembered and referenced system that, for inventory and display purposes, could be readily sorted on a computer. The WB-# format was the next best option and is used herein. To aid the reader and long-time collectors, cross references to our first book's WB-100 series numbers are included for each die marriage.

**Cross references.** References of a specific die marriage to other publications are provided with each varieties' description. WB is a reference to varieties listed in Randy Wiley and Bill Bugert's *The Complete Guide to Liberty Seated Half Dollars*.

# **New Orleans Half Dollar Design Types**

The pre-Arrows New Orleans Liberty Seated Half Dollars were minted at the New Orleans Branch Mint from 1840-O to 1853-O. The major design types of New Orleans Half Dollars during this period are detailed in the following table.

Major Design Type	Dates of Design Type	Design Characteristics
Small Letters Reverse	1840-1842	Used for only three years, the initial reverse dies of the Liberty Seated half dollar had small letters that were approximately .064" inches in height (as depicted in the denomination above).
Medium Letters Reverse No Mintmark	1840 only	Obverse dies of the Capped Bust half dollar design were sent to the New Orleans Branch Mint in 1839 along with companion reverse dies. These reverse dies had no mintmark as it was the practice in 1838 and 1839 to apply the mintmark (O) to the obverse dies sent to New Orleans. One such reverse die with no mintmark was not used in 1839 and was reserved for use in 1840. This reserved die was used in 1840 with a Liberty Seated obverse die creating this major design type. This die had medium letters that were slightly larger (approximately .068") than the small letters reverse style.
Large Letters Reverse	1842-1861	Noticeably large than the two preceding styles, the reverse dies for the Liberty Seated half dollar in later years had large letters that were approximately .080" inches in height (as depicted in the denomination above).

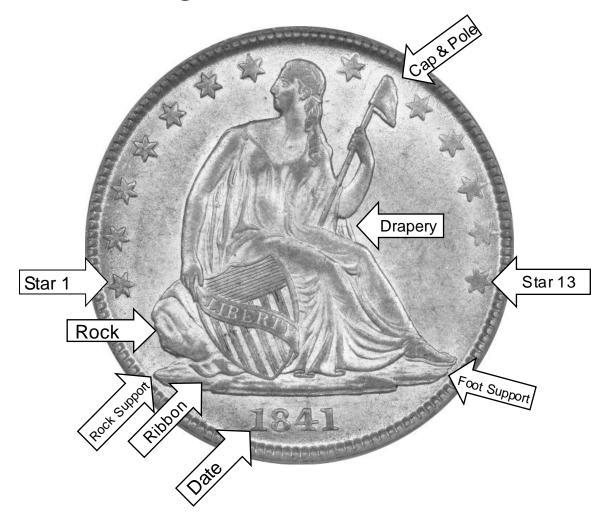
# **Pre-Arrows New Orleans Date Logotype Sizes**

There are significant variations in the size (height) of the date logotype punch used on the working dies for Liberty Seated half dollars throughout the series. However, 1842 and 1846 are the only dates which have two noticeably different sizes within the same year. In the collecting community there is considerable disparity regarding the identification/labeling of these differences. There is significant variation in date logotype size in subsequent years (e.g. 1858 is much larger than 1859), but there are no instances in years subsequent to 1846 where two different date logotype sizes exist for the same year. The following table lists and depicts typical date sizes for the pre-Arrows New Orleans Liberty Seated Half Dollars (1840-O to 1853-O).

Small	Medium	Large
.056064" high	.076086" high	.089096" high
1840-O to 1842-O	1842-O to 1846-O	1846-O to 1853-O
	- Aller	
1840	1842	1846

Note: Two date sizes exist in the years 1842-O and 1846-O.

#### **Naming Conventions: Obverse**



The central obverse design includes the figure of the Goddess Liberty seated on a rock looking over her right (observer's left) shoulder. Liberty is wearing a Greek chiton, or loose fitting gown, with a clasp at her shoulder. Her neck, upper chest, and arms are exposed. Liberty's hand supports the Shield of the United States, a sign of national preparedness, which is wrapped in a scroll inscribed with the word LIBERTY; her other hand grasps a pole surmounted by a pileus, a liberty cap emblematic of freedom. Thirteen stars, representing the thirteen original states, are spaced around the outer design from K-8 to K-4. As with all early silver coinage, the outermost design has equally spaced design elements called dentils.

#### **Naming Conventions: Reverse**



The central reverse design portrays an eagle with wings displayed bearing the Shield of the United States on its chest. The eagle is clutching an olive branch, which symbolizes peace, in its right (observer's left) claw and three arrows, symbolizing preparedness for war, in its left (observer's right) claw. The denomination abbreviated HALF DOL. is below the eagle and the legend UNITED STATES OF AMERICA is above the eagle. Like the obverse, the outermost design has equally spaced design elements called dentils.

#### **Date Grid Measurements**

Unlike bust coinage, all Liberty Seated Half Dollars were struck from dies with most of the designs (e.g., Liberty and stars) impressed initially from a hub. Consequently, differentiating dies is difficult at best and the die marriage collector must rely on non-hubbed die diagnostics. For the obverse die, these diagnostics include die lines and cracks, die gouges, die maintenance remnants, and most importantly, date placement. Dates were emplaced into the working die with multi-figure and sometimes single digit logotypes and, therefore, obverse dies may have noticeable die placement variations. Mastering a technique to define a date placement will facilitate a quick method of identifying possible die varieties for a given date placement, especially when no other diagnostics are evident. Here is such a method: the date grid measurement (e.g., M3.5, .030").

The date grid is based on the position of the date's 1 and consists of two components: the position of the right vertical edge of the 1 with relation to Liberty's shield lines and, secondly, the distance between the top of the 1 and the base of the rock. A stereomicroscope with a linear scale on a reticule or an optical comparator is ideal for viewing and measuring the date placement. The photograph below symbolically depicts a microscope's reticle (vertical line) aligned in the correct measuring position. The shield lines are assigned an alphanumeric system whereby, the three center sets of shield lines are L (left), M, (middle), and R (right) and the individual shield lines are 1, 2, 3 (4, 5 are virtual shield line (including a decimal increment between shield lines) where the reticle (aligned adjacent to the right edge of the 1) intersects the bottom inside shield edge. Increments of .5 signify an interpolation between two lines or virtual lines such that M2.5 is the seam between vertical stripes 2 and 3 while M3.5 is the right edge of vertical stripe 3, as below. Furthermore, the distance in inches between the top of the 1 and the bottom edge of the rock is the second component of the date grid. The example below is of an 1840 half dollar with a date grid of M3.5, .030".



Be aware that date grid is not and is not meant to be an absolute identifier for a specific obverse die. It is merely a tool for identifying a numeric date position for possible obverse die identification. In my experience, two experienced numismatists with the same equipment on the same coin may come up with two slightly different date grids. Measuring a date grid is not absolute and I, therefore, do not use it to positively identify a specific obverse die. Many half dollars of different dies have the same date grid and, additionally, die states affect a date grid's measurement.

As a general rule, severe die wear or die polishing will cause the date distance measurement to be greater and the date grid measurement to be further to the left (e.g., an early die state coin with a date grid measurement of M3.5, .030" may measure M3, .032" in a later die state).

Identifying known die marriages by the date grid allows comparison of an unknown die variety's date placement, thereby narrowing down an unidentified obverse die to a limited number of known varieties. In my experience, many date placements are similar for a given date but different enough to allow minute differentiation. The list below represents the date grid measurements for hypothetical half dollars of a certain date:

Obverse	Date grid
1	M3 ,.008"
2	M3 , .025"
3	M3.5, .028"
4	M4 , .022"
5	M4.5, .027"

When encountering an unidentified half dollar, measure the date grid and compare it to the list of known obverse dies for the same date. You should be able to identify it to one or two of the obverse dies. In my photo example, the obverse die is closest to obverse 3. Further study of other die diagnostics may confirm the identification.

Die states affect date grid measurements. Late die states with heavily polished or worn dies will have different measurements than the same die of an earlier die state. For example, the distance between the top of the 1 and the rock may be greater on the polished die than the non-polished die. Consider this effect when comparing date grid measurements.

The date grid is a useful measurement to aid in identifying Liberty Seated half dollar obverse dies. Collectors of other Liberty Seated denominations utilize date placements in relation to dentils but I believe this method is more accurate and useful for half dollars.

#### **Edge Reeding and Collars**

Often overlooked, the edge of a coin contains reeds. Reeds were implanted with a collar, the coin's third die, and were meant to deter nefarious efforts to clandestinely remove silver from the edges of coins for profit. All non-error Liberty Seated Half Dollars have reeds.

Reeded collars were heavy steel plates with a bore the size of the minted coin. A blank planchet was placed in the bore and reeds were raised on the edge of the coin at the same time the coin's designs were raised by the obverse and reverse dies.

Reeding on a coin was not standardized. Collars were obtained by the Branch Mints through various efforts including in-house manufacturing, local procurement, and from the Philadelphia Mint and these practices resulted in variances in numbers and widths of reeds on half dollar edges.

Reed counts are useful information in counterfeit detection, authentication, and determining die emission sequences.

The following table itemizes reed counts for pre-Arrows New Orleans Liberty Seated half dollars.

	Edge Reed Count									
Date	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	
<b>1840-O</b>										
<b>1841-O</b>										
1842-0										
1843-0										
<b>1844-O</b>										
1845-0										
1846-O										
<b>1847-O</b>										
<b>1848-O</b>										
<b>1849-O</b>										
<b>1850-O</b>								$\checkmark$		
1851-0										
1852-0										
1853-0 NA*										

\* = The number of reeds on the 1853-O No Arrows and Rays half dollar is unknown. Unfortunately, the plate coin for this Register was encapsulated by PCGS and the edge reeding was not accessible for study. Removing the coin from the holder to count the reeds can be expensive as well as risky due to the subjectivity of the current grading standards. The reed count is likely 141 or 143 reeds.

#### **Counting Reeds**

Periodically I've been asked that if determining a reed count is so important, then how do you easily count reeds? Randy Wiley and I have successfully been using a simple technique for years; with it, I have counted reeds on well over 1,500 Liberty Seated Half dollars and many other smaller denominations.

Counting reeds is actually quick simple if you understand the technique and have a few simple tools. Simply remove the reflector from an inexpensive flashlight, place the coin into the reflector under your stereo microscope, and slowly rotate the reflector with the coin while viewing the in-focus edge (i.e., reeds) through the microscope. Start at an obvious flaw (all coins have them) and count (out loud is best so that you can ignore distractions) the reeds using the reticule of your scope to keep track of your position; stop for breathers at easily referenced places (e.g., nicks, lint, cracks in the collar, etc.). Continue until you get to the starting reed. You may have to initially adjust the coin in the reflector to keep it in focus for the entire counting session. With practice, you can easily and accurately count the reeds on a coin in about 2-3 minutes. Be careful with the reflector surfaces; they scratch easily and you may end up replacing it more often than you like. One more thing, you can also photograph the edge of the coin with this technique.

#### **Emission Sequence**

The die marriages of all dates are listed in ascending WB-X order per an estimated die emission sequence order; the first number is the first minted die marriage to the highest number being the last (usually the transitional die with the preceding or subsequent years). Factors considered to estimate this die emission sequence include die wear, die abrasions, die defects, collar groupings, and use of mintmark sizes.

#### Pre-Arrows New Orleans Branch Mintmark Sizes

The New Orleans Branch Mint had working dies with four mintmark sizes: very small, small, medium, and large. Mintmarks were added to the working dies at Philadelphia most likely just before shipment to the Branch Mints; in this situation, all dies for one specific shipment were probably lined up and the mintmark emplaced by the same punch one after the other. A single punch with the letter "O" was hammered by hand into the working die(s) to form the mint mark we see today; variances in the exact placement of the letter exists from die to die and account for the differences we enjoy today. In some instances, multiple blows from a hammer were necessary to emplace the mintmark with a proper depth and appearance. If the alignment of the punch varied between blows, repunched mintmarks consequently appeared.

Mintmark Size	Very Small	Small Medium		Large
Height of mintmark	.038039"	.043045"	.047052"	.053057"
Sample photo				
<b>1840-O</b>				
<b>1841-O</b>			$\sqrt{*}$	
1842-0				
1843-0				
1844-0			$\sqrt{*}$	
1845-0			$\sqrt{*}$	
<b>1846-O</b>				
<b>1847-O</b>				
<b>1848-O</b>				
1849-0				
1850-0				
1851-0				
1852-0				
1853-O NA				

The different mintmark sizes and styles are depicted below.

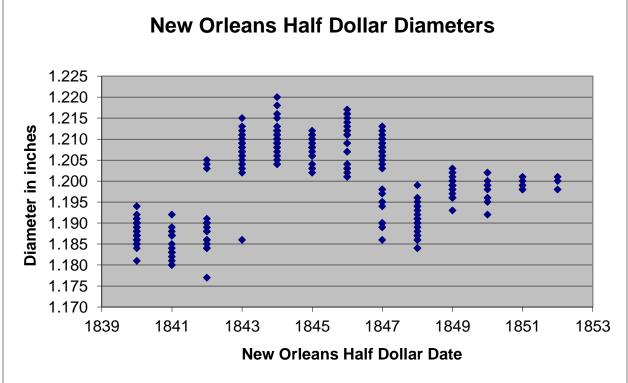
\* = Although about the same height, the 1841-O has an oblong shaped mintmark with a narrow interior space (as shown in the photo above) while the 1844-O and 1845-O dates have a round shaped O.

## **New Orleans Half Dollar Diameters**

The standard size of a half dollar diameter has been since 1839, and still is, 1.205 inches. I've measured the diameter of about 2,000 half dollars and few have that exact diameter. Since the diameter of a coin is dictated by the diameter of the opening in the collar and collars were procured through various methods (local, procured from the Philadelphia Mint, made inhouse), there is no wonder that slight variations in half dollar sizes can be found.

The following graphic presents summary information for the diameters of nearly 400

Liberty Seated Half Dollars struck at the New Orleans Branch Mint. As you can see, values are all over the graph, above and below the standard with very few half dollars of the standard diameter. Almost all pre-1843 half dollar have a smaller than standard diameter, almost all 1843 to 1846 halves are at or above the standard, 1847 has mixed diameters, and later years all have below standard diameters. The largest diameter was in 1844 while the smallest was in 1842.



Note: The diameter of the 1853-O No Arrows and Rays half dollar is unknown and not included in the graph above; I have not measured one of these rarities and since two of the three known coins are encapsulated, the chance of studying the third is remote. It is likely the same collar was used as in 1852-О.

#### **Rarity Ratings**

Included with the description of each die marriage is an estimated rarity rating. These ratings are based on the Sheldon Rarity Scale as depicted in the following table. All rarity estimates are my own and are based on my observations and, in some instances, educated guesses. Few varieties are rated R-6 or above, few are rated R-2, and none are R-1. I will be the first to admit that it will literally take years to establish more accurate rarity ratings for each variety but I believe most will range as listed in the R-5 to R-3 range.

The *rarity rating* I assigned to each die marriage is a single number which *includes coins of all grades*. In my experience, listing by-grade rarity values can lead to

misrepresenting the rarity of a die marriage by misquoting grade rarities rather than overall rarities. Naturally, some grades are rarer than others, specifically uncirculated coins, but I will leave that study and accompanying condition census listings to others.

Care must be exercised when trying to relate a die marriage's worth to rarity. There is no direct correlation between value and rarity and trying to correlate the two would produce misleading results. Some die marriages are rare but not noteworthy enough to gain the prominence enjoyed by some more popular rarities. Rarity is only one factor in determining market value.

Rarity Rating	Estimated number of known pieces
R-8	1 - 3
R-7	4 - 12
R-6	13 - 30
R-5	31 - 75
R-4	76 - 200
R-3	201 - 500
R-2	501 - 1,250
R-1	1,251 or more

If you sum the upper estimates of the known pieces for all the die marriages listed in this Register, the total population of pre-Arrows New Orleans Liberty Seated half dollars is approximately 74,000. This number equates to less than  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1% of the original mintage which is within the generally acceptable attrition estimates.

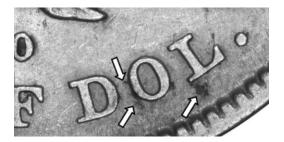
#### **Miscellaneous Information**

**Extended vertical shield lines.** Many dates feature this characteristic and these lines are routinely seen (some quite spectacular) cutting across the horizontal stripes in the shield and (to a lesser extent) into the tail feathers below the shield. Sometimes the bottom few horizontal stripes cut across the left edge of the shield. These extended shield lines were most likely created as the mint employee would overextend a stroke with a graver (a hand held engraving tool) and cut into an adjacent design element represented as a positive image on the die (recessed on a corresponding coin). An example of extended shield lines is shown in the accompanying photograph.

Since extended shield lines are uniquely different for individual dies, these are a useful tool to confirm that two half dollars are or are not from the same reverse die.

**Reengraved foot support.** Certain obverse dies have a very noticeable, heavily reengraved foot support. It appears this re-engraving was done to strengthen the appearance of the rock below Liberty's sandal. All patterns of this re-engraving appear to differ slightly, supporting a theory the engraving was done by hand. This characteristic appeared for the pre-Arrows halves only on the 1842-O medium date and 1844-O.

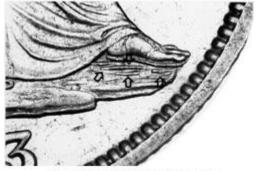
**Bits of iron in planchets.** Numerous references in original 1840's National Archives letters (for example, see 1840-O) are made to problems with iron in the planchets. Cited as the reason for dies "fracturing" (i.e., cracking), coins with embedded bits of iron can be found in many of the early dates and are readily identified by black (rusty) spots on the coin. Shown are examples of embedded bits of iron. While not necessarily rare, they are an interesting item of coining history. Check your coins; you mostly likely have them too.



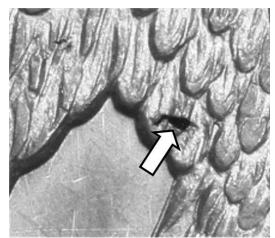
**Bill Bugert** 



Extended Shield Lines



Re-engraved Foot Support

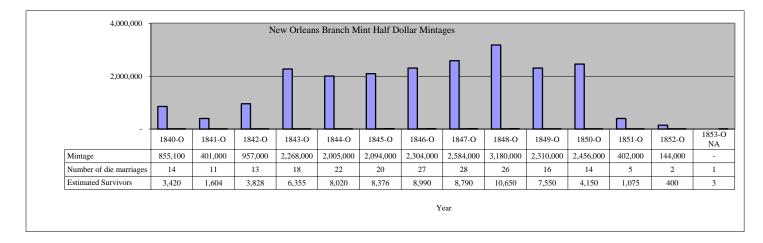


**Brief history of the New Orleans Branch Mint.** The New Orleans, Louisiana Branch Mint was authorized by an Act of the U.S. Congress on March 3, 1835 to accommodate the influx of the metal from ore mines recently opened in the southern states.

The cornerstone for the New Orleans Branch Mint building was laid in September 1835 on prominent land donated to the United Sates government by the city of New Orleans. Operations commenced at this facility on March 8, 1838 and the first coinage consisted of dimes. Coinage continued with various interruptions until 1909 when it was used for other purposes.

The Federal Government deeded the building to the state of Louisiana in 1966 upon which it was renovated and now serves as the Louisiana State Museum.

**Major U.S. Government actions affecting early New Orleans Coinage**<sup>1</sup>. To further understand New Orleans half dollar coinage, a macro examination of the variations in half dollar mintages is necessary. The figure below depicts the mintages, number of die marriages found for the New Orleans pre-arrows half dollars from 1840 - 1853, and my estimate of the number of survivors for each date. As my estimates are significantly higher than a well-known grading and certification service, it is worthwhile to discuss how I came to derive these estimates. I used a bottoms-up approach where I estimated the Sheldon rarity of all the die marriages for each date and then summed the upper limit of each rarity to produce the number of estimated survivors. I then adjusted a few numbers down to fit their mintages. I believe these estimates will prove realistic.



As shown above, the half dollar mintages form a bell shaped curve with low mintages in the beginning and low mintages at the end. The middle years' mintages were fairly constant and high (above 2 million pieces per year). Various developments influenced these mintage figures.

**Start-up problems.** The New Orleans Branch Mint had many problems from the start that affected half dollar coinage. Among these were incompetent political appointees serving in the Branch Mint's senior positions, coining press problems, issues with collars, lack of qualified staff to fill personnel openings, early failure of the dies, die hardening inexperience, closure of operations for yellow fever outbreaks, scandals of Mint officials, building structural deficiencies, and bullion accounting issues. Through all this, silver bullion, mostly from the deposits of Mexican dollars and foreign bullion, was used to mint the Liberty Seated coinage.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For details of this and other monetary history, see Carothers, Neil. <u>Fractional Money</u>. New York: John Wiley & Sons, 1930.

**Disappearance of silver coinage**. During most of the 1840's and for the first time in the nation's history, the U.S. had a fairly ample supply of circulating coinage. This situation abruptly changed with the discovery of gold in California in 1848. Gold poured into the nation's economy thereby upsetting the gold to silver market ratio. By 1851, the rising value of silver rose to a point where a silver coin's silver content was worth more than the face value (e.g., two silver half dollars were worth \$1.03½ in gold). Consequently, large numbers of U.S. silver coins, mainly quarters and half dollars, were pulled from circulation, hoarded, melted, and/or exported for profit. Coinage with the exception of heavily worn U.S. and Mexican coins, 3-cent pieces, and gold dollars essentially did not circulate. With Congress' inactivity to resolve the worsening chaotic retail trade conditions, the U.S. Mints, which were operating at a net loss in producing silver coins, reduced their silver coinage output because it cost more than their face value to produce and, if released, they quickly disappeared from commerce. Consequently, for a few years beginning in 1851, the half dollar mintage was miniscule as reflected in the mintage graph.

**Mint Act of 1853**. After almost two years of Congressional debate and delay, the President signed into law the Mint Act on February 21, 1853, effective with amendments on April 1, 1853. Among other provisions, the planchet weights of silver half dimes through half dollars were reduced by almost 7 percent thereby making two half dollars' worth about 97¢. Although in hindsight this reduction percentage was far too small (only a 3 percent margin), the resulting coinage output especially of quarters and half dollars was enough to flood commerce with silver coinage in a little more than six months. The circulating coinage shortfall was temporarily eased for about eight years.

#### How To Attribute Your Liberty Seated Half Dollar

Armed with the introductory and the die marriage information contained in this Register, most New Orleans Branch Mint Liberty Seated Halves can be readily attributed to a correct variety nomenclature and WB- number. Date and mintmark close up images are displayed at top of each die marriage page because they are position dependent. Additional die diagnostic information and images are contained for the obverse and reverse dies.

At a coin show, you will most likely be able to scrutinize a prospective purchase to determine a correct die marriage. Additionally, with advances in the internet, high speed data downloads, and digital imaging technology, many auction house depict excellent quality images on their website for upcoming auctions.

With a half dollar of an unknown variety in hand, proceed through the following steps.

- Obtain or estimate the date grid location. Compare this measurement to the date grid table contained for the coin's date. This measurement will provide a few obverse die possibilities and you can then check the mintmark position.
- Match the mintmark position of your coin to the table contained for each date.
- Finally, refer your possibilities to each variety description and check the die diagnostics for your coin against those listed for each die marriage.

With a close-up image of half dollar of an unknown variety <u>on the computer screen</u> (e.g., from an auction website), proceed through the following steps.

- Estimate the date position of the 1 by using a straight edge such as a piece of page. Compare this measurement to the date grid table contained for the coin's date. This measurement will provide a few obverse die possibilities and you can then check the mintmark position.
- Match the mintmark position of your coin to the table contained for each date.
- Finally, refer your possibilities to each variety description and check the die diagnostics for your coin against those listed for each die marriage.

Both techniques work well. I have personally tested attribution techniques either with a coin in hand or over the internet with the digital archives of a few well known auctions houses. In over 90 per cent of the coins or images checked, I was able to attribute the variety for a high grade (VF+) Liberty Seated Half Dollar. I hope you have similar successes.

# The New Orleans Branch Mint Liberty Seated Half Dollar Die Marriages 1840-0 to 1853-0 NA

#### **1840-O**

If early New Orleans half dollars are popular with half dollar collectors, then 1840-O is likely the most popular New Orleans date. For some obvious reasons, this date is attractive. John McCloskey's groundbreaking 1980 article on 1840-O half dollar die varieties<sup>2</sup> sparked early interest, this is the first year of New Orleans Liberty Seated Half Dollars, there are three mintmark sizes, and a no mintmark bust style reverse - all easily distinguishable with an unaided eye, most reverse dies have interesting die cracks in later die states, this year has examples of reengraved dentils, there are more than a few scarce and/or rare die marriages, and the romance of the "South" attracts attention. In any case, this date is one of the most interesting and challenging to collect in the entire Liberty Seated half dollar series. An 1840-O half dollar in almost any condition attracts collector attention.

Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of Die Marriages	Obverse Dies	Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested	-			2
855,100	Shipped	-	7	10	3 (144-145-146)
·	Known	14	6	$11^{3}$	(144, 145, 146)

Fourteen die marriages are known as depicted in the tables below.

For additional background information on the New Orleans Branch Mint in 1840, see Randy Wiley's excellent article "The New Orleans Branch Mint in 1840" as published in the *Gobrecht Journal*, Volume 33, Number 99, July 2007.

**New Orleans contemporary correspondence**. With the operations of the new branch mint at New Orleans, some interesting letters of correspondence between the branch mint and Philadelphia Mint can be found in the National Archives. These letters provide knowledge of the operations of this new branch mint. A few extracts from these are provided here for your information:

- February 6, 1840 letter from Philos B. Tyler, New Orleans Branch Mint Coiner, to R. M. Patterson, Director of the Mint. "*I have received from our superintendent two pair of half dollar dies and some of smaller denominations. I have to request that you make some allowance for my want of experience in tempering the dies, and would remind you of this viability to crack in hardening...."* This letter is important as it clearly states that some **half dollar dies cracked** before they were used to strike coins. Therefore, some dies will not be found uncracked. This is consistent with the results Randy Wiley and I have found while searching for examples of this date. We have not seen some die marriages such as WB-4, WB-9, or WB-13 in an uncracked die state and they may not exist as such.
- March 4, 1840 letter from R. M. Patterson to Philos B. Tyler (in answer to a question from Tyler in the letter above) on an estimate of the number of coins struck per pair of dies. "...I have given instructions to have you furnished with a full supply of dies. It is impossible to answer with any precision, what is the number of coins that may be struck with our pairs of dies. Perhaps 200,000 may be given as a fair medium. We have struck 400,000 half dimes...." Furthermore, in a March 21, 1840 letter from R. M. Patterson to Secretary of the Treasury Levi Woodbury, Patterson quotes operations at the New Orleans Branch Mint saying: "...With the half dollar dies, I have coined about 90,000 pieces and have but one pair now which I fear will not stand to coin as many more...."

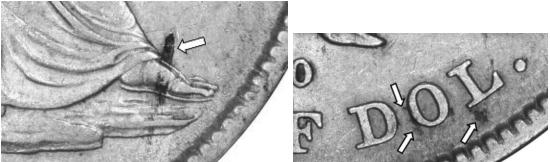
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> John McCloskey. "1840-O Half Dollars," <u>Gobrecht Journal Collective Volume I</u>, 1980: p. 283.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes one reverse die held over from 1839; i.e., a bust style die without a mintmark.

<sup>22</sup> A Register of Liberty Seated Half Dollar Varieties, Volume III, New Orleans Branch Mint, 1840-O to 1853-O NA

• April 18, 1840 letter from Philos B. Tyler to R. M. Patterson on **iron in the silver.** "... The first pair of half dollars stamped about 50,000 pieces and gave away either from bad hardening or from using bad silver, the later of which I am inclined to think was the cause, from the fact of their both breaking about the same time, and presenting the same peculiar fractures, as also from the fact of finding several coins in the box containing iron. Two pair of half dimes & 1 of dimes were broken in the same way before I discovered that the silver contained iron. When on further examination, I found I had several draughts of ingots containing large pieces of iron or steel. All of which was duly reported to the Supt and returned for refining. The second pair of <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> dollar dies struck about 150,000 pieces when the tail [reverse] die gradually gave out. The second head [obverse] and third tail are now in the press in good order, the head having struck upwards of 200,000 pieces, from the appearance of the tail, I think it will not last much longer than this month out... "

**Bits of iron in planchets.** Numerous references in original 1840's National Archives letters (as above) are made to problems with iron in the planchets. Cited as the reason for dies "fracturing" (i.e., cracking), coins with embedded bits of iron can be found in 1840-O half dollars and are readily identified by black (rusty) spots on the coin. Shown below are examples of embedded bits of iron. While not necessarily rare, they are an interesting item of coining history. Check your coins; you mostly likely have them too.

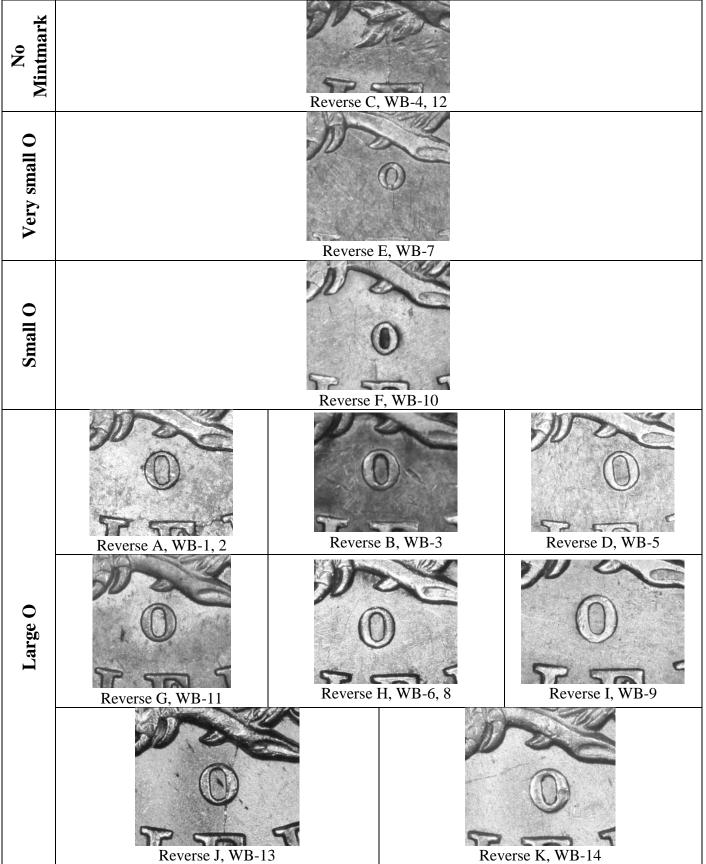


Iron bits in the planchet of an 1840-O WB-10 half dollar

o o unic si la quici	o dute fild quier reference u							
Obverse die date grid	Die Marriage							
M2 ,.022"	WB-10							
M2.5, .034"	WB-11							
M3 , .036"	WB-1							
M3.5, .020"	WB-14							
M3.5, .021"	WB-12							
M3.5, .022"	WB-13							
M3.5, .029"	WB-4							
M3.5, .030"	WB-2							
M3.5, .030"	WB-3							
M3.5, .030"	WB-7							
M3.5, .032"	WB-5							
M3.5, .032"	WB-6							
M3.5, .032"	WB-9							
M4 , .034"	WB-8							

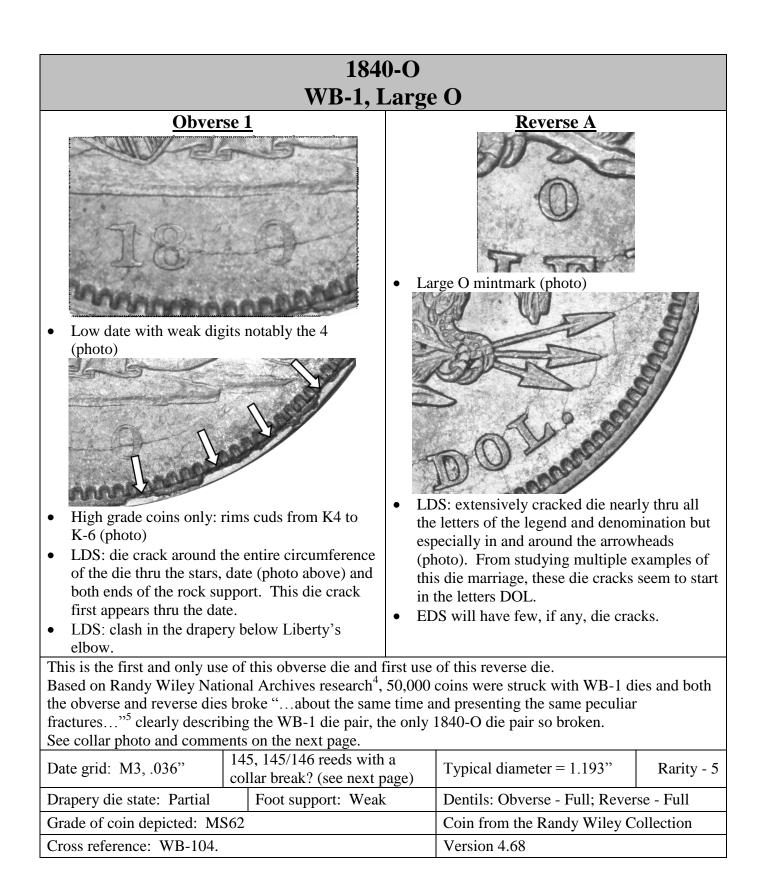
#### 184<u>0-O date grid quick reference table</u>

#### **1840-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**



1840-0 Obverse a Reverse d identificat keys	nd lie	Die cracks around the legend, denomination, and thru the arrow heads	Heavy radial die cracks; prominently thru D(OL)	Bust style reverse Medium letters Large eagle	Weak radial die cracks Mintmark leans left	Very small O mintmark	Small O mintmark
		Α	В	С	D	E	F
		Large	Large O			Very small O	Small O
Weak date; die crack around the entire circumference	1	WB-1					
Repunched 8	2	<b>WB-2</b>	WB-3	<b>WB-4</b>	<b>WB-5</b>		
Small lump under ribbon end	3					WB-7	
High date, horizontal die lines by hand	4						WB-10

<b>1840-O</b> Obverse and Reverse die identification keys		erse and erse die ification keys		Diagonal die lines thru HA(LF) and D(OL)	"H-like" die crack	Die crack thru mintmark	Die crack thru (DO)L and arrow shafts
		С	G	Η	Ι	J	K
		No O			Large O		
Repunched 8	2			WB-6			
Small lump under ribbon end	3			WB-8	WB-9		
Low date	5		WB-11				
Repunched 1	6	WB-12				WB-13	WB-14



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Randy Wiley. "The New Orleans Branch Mint in 1840," Gobrecht Journal, Volume 33, Number 99, July 2007.

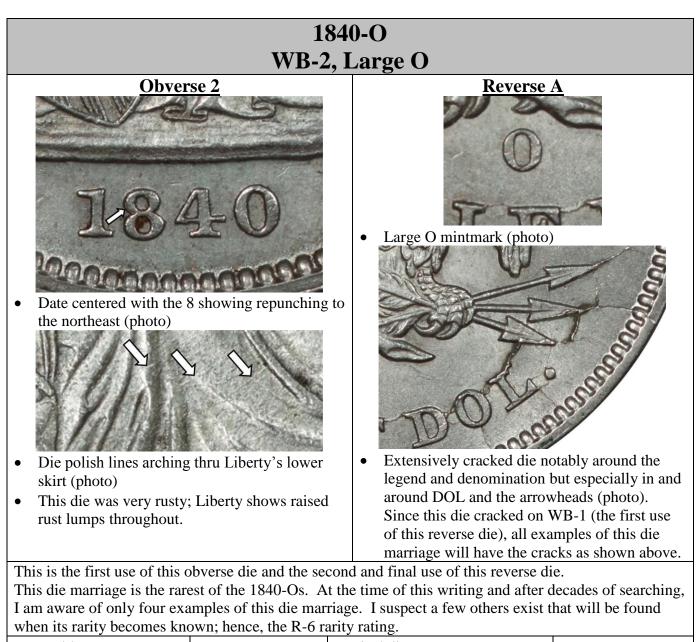
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> United States National Archives, letter, Philos B. Tyler to R.M. Patterson, April 18, 1840.

A Register of Liberty Seated Half Dollar Varieties, Volume III, New Orleans Branch Mint, 1840-O to 1853-O NA



LDS only: The collar used for this die marriage has either a fracture or a visible collar joint. There is an edge mark between the (UNI)TE(D) (visible only on near mint state coins) and an "extra" reed between in the same location (photo). This "extra" reed appears in another location around the circumference (between DO(L), possibly indicating these dies were used on separate occasions to strike half dollars. Others positions possibly exist.





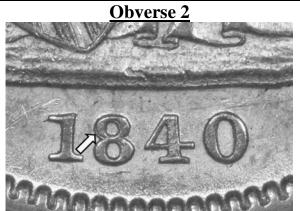
Date grid: M3.5, .030"	145 reeds Typical		Typical dia	ameter = 1.197"	Rarity - 6
Drapery die state: Partial	Foot support: Full		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: AU55				Coin from the Bill Bu	gert Collection
Cross reference: WB-104.					Version 4.68



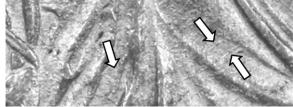
<b>1840-O</b>				
WB-3, Large O				
Obverse 2       Reverse B         Image: Discrete the state of the state of the northeast (photo)       Image: Discrete the state of the state of the northeast (photo)         Image: Discrete the state of the state of the northeast (photo)       Image: Discrete the state of the state of the northeast (photo)         Image: Discrete the state of the state of the northeast (photo)       Image: Discrete the state of the state of the northeast (photo)         Image: Discrete the state of the northeast (photo)       Image: Discrete the state of the sta				
This is the second use of this obDate grid: M3.5, .030"146			liameter = $1.187$ "	Rarity - 5
	Foot support: Full	51	Dentils: Obverse - Ful	
Grade of coin depicted: Bugert - XF45			Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection	
Cross reference: WB-104, McCloskey-7			Version 4.68	



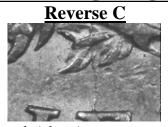
### 1840-O WB-4, No Mintmark, Medium Letters, Large Eagle



• Date centered with the 8 showing repunching to the northeast (photo)



- Die polish lines arching thru Liberty's lower skirt (photo)
- This die was very rusty; Liberty shows raised rust lumps throughout.
- Long weak die clash line outside natural drapery from Liberty's right arm to knee



- No mintmark (photo)
- Bust style reverse. Long thought to be a product of the Philadelphia mint, this die marriage was actually minted at New Orleans using a carried over bust reverse die from 1839 where the mintmark was on the obverse of the coin.
- Among the differences on this die, the legend and denomination are larger (termed medium letters), the eagle and reverse shield are larger, the eagle's claws are open, the olive leaves and arrowheads are more spread than the "seated style." See the enlarged photo on the following page and compare to the seated style.
- For additional information on this reverse die and the discovery that it is of New Orleans origin, see "The 1840-O No Mintmark Bust Reverse Half Dollar," <u>Gobrecht Journal</u> Collective Volume III, 1991, p. 314.

This is the third use of this obverse die and first use of this reverse die.

I have not seen this die marriage with an uncracked reverse die. An uncracked XF coin was supposedly seen at the Overland Park/Kansas City coin show in the late 1980's but I have not been able to verify the existence of this coin without die cracks.

While not rare, this die marriage is extremely popular with collectors for its "no mintmark" bust style reverse die.

For further discussion of the key differences (some not discussed herein) between the reverse types, see Randy Wiley's excellent article in <u>Gobrecht Journal Collective Volume I</u>, pages 263-268.

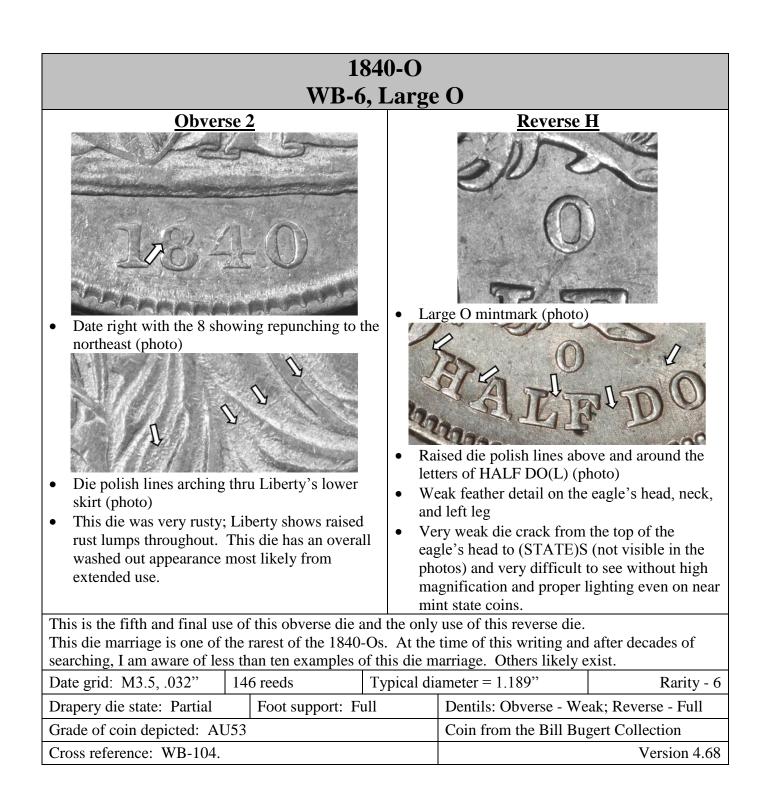
Date grid: M3.5, .029"	146 reeds		Typical diameter = 1.189"		Rarity - 3
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Full		ull	Dentils: Obverse - Ful	l; Reverse - Full	
Grade of coin depicted: PCGS AU50+			Coin from the Bill Bu	gert Collection	
Cross reference: WB-101.					Version 4.68



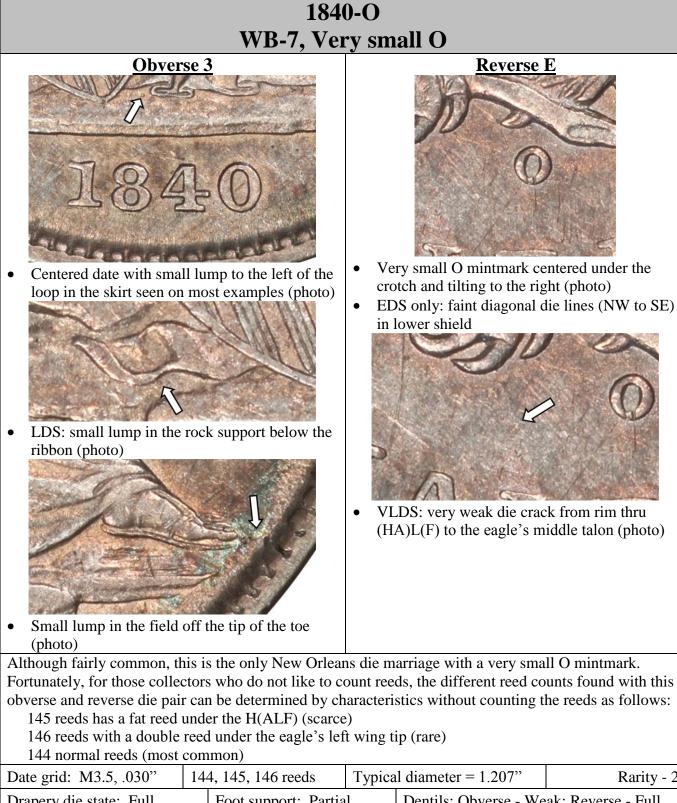


	<b>40-O</b>
WB-5,	, Large O
<ul> <li>Obverse 2</li> <li>Obverse 2</li> <li>Dete centered with the 8 showing repunching the northeast (photo)</li> <li>Die polish lines arching thru Liberty's lower skirt weak but faintly visible on high grade coins (photo)</li> <li>This die was very rusty; Liberty shows raised rust lumps throughout.</li> <li>LDS: dentils are noticeably weaker.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Radial die cracks from rim thru (HA)L(F) to eagle's left claw and from rim along the left side of the (D)O(L) to the olive stem to the eagle's right claw (photo)</li> <li>Radial die crack from the eagle's left wing along the right edge of the (UNITE)D to the dentils (photo)</li> </ul>
	Typical diameter = 1.190" Rarity - 3
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Ful	
Grade of coin depicted: AU58	Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection
Cross reference: WB-104, McCloskey-3.	Version 4.68

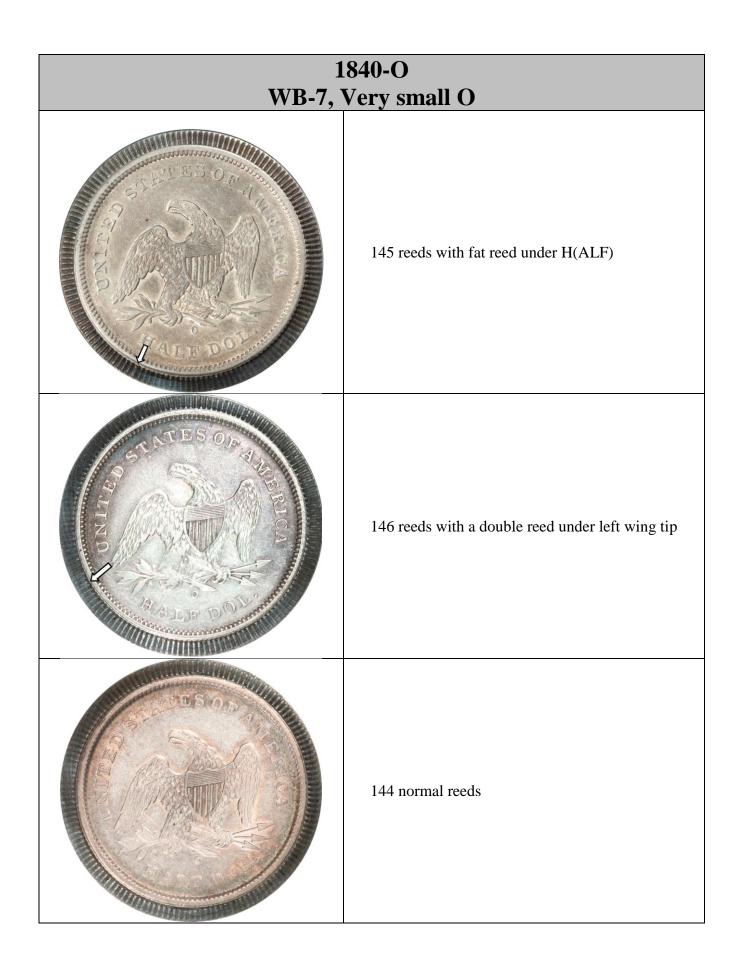


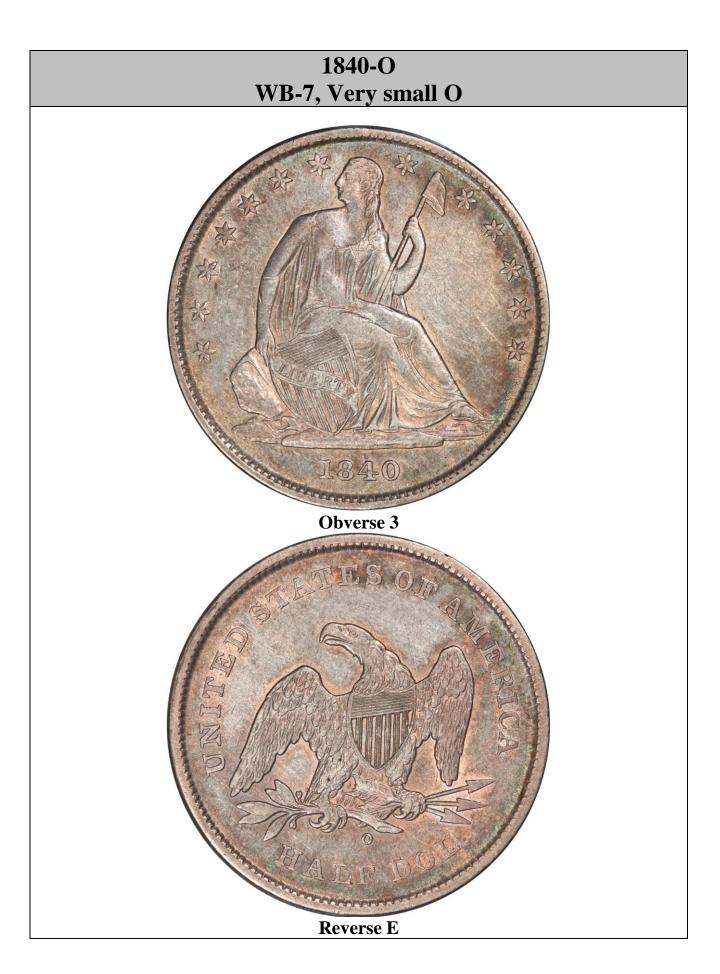






Date grid: M3.5, .030"	ate grid: M3.5, .030" 144, 145, 146 reeds		Typica	l diameter = $1.207$ "	Rarity - 2
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Partial			Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: AU50				Coins from the Bill Bu	agert Collection
Cross reference: WB-102, McCloskey-1.				Version 4.68	





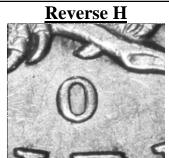
### 1840-O WB-8, Large O, Reengraved Obverse Dentils



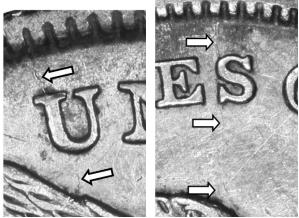
• Centered date (photo). The small lump to the left of the loop in the skirt seen on EDS is not visible.



- Small lump in the rock support below the ribbon (photo)
- Small lump in the field off the tip of the toe not seen on this die marriage (as was WB-7); most likely absorbed under the reengraved dentils.
- The obverse dentils, that were weak on the previous use of this die with WB-7, were reengraved much larger here such that the dentils touch the outer most star points and both ends of the rock support. This reworking of the die most likely occurred at the New Orleans Branch Mint as a possible experimental (?) attempt to extend the useful life of this die.



Large O mintmark (photo)



Prominent die cracks: from dentils thru the left upright of the U(NITED) to the eagle's left wing (photo at left) and another die crack from the top of the eagle's head to (STATE)S (photo at right). Additional weaker cracks from the dentils thru the right side of the (D)O(L) to the tip of the olive stem and, in LDS, from the eagle's right upper wing into the field towards the O(F) and from the right lower wing tip to the nearest arrow shaft.

This is the second use of this obverse die and second and final use of this reverse die. Reverse rotations: EDS -  $5^{\circ}$  CCW, LDS -  $30^{\circ}$  CW, Normal die alignment not seen (?).

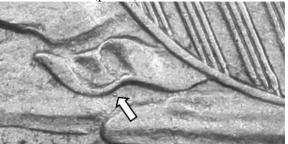
Reverse rotations: LDD		i tormar are angiment not seen (	(.).	
Date grid: M4, .034"	146 reeds	Typical diameter = 1.187" Rarity		
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: Weak	Dentils: Obverse - Reengraved; Reverse - Weak		
Grade of coin depicted: B	ugert - XF45	XF coin from the Bill Bugert Collection		
V	Viley - AU53	AU coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-104	, McCloskey-5.	Version 4.68		



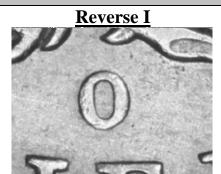
### 1840-O WB-9, Large O, Reengraved Obverse Dentils Baseball Die Crack Reverse



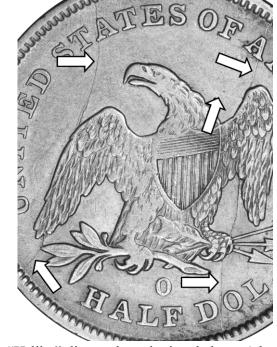
• Centered date (photo)



- Small lump in the rock support below the ribbon (photo)
- The obverse dentils were reengraved much larger here such that the dentils touch the outer most star points and both ends of the rock support.



Large O mintmark (photo)



• "H-like" die crack as depicted above (photo) and on the following page

This is the third and final use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die. I have not seen this die marriage without the reverse die cracks.

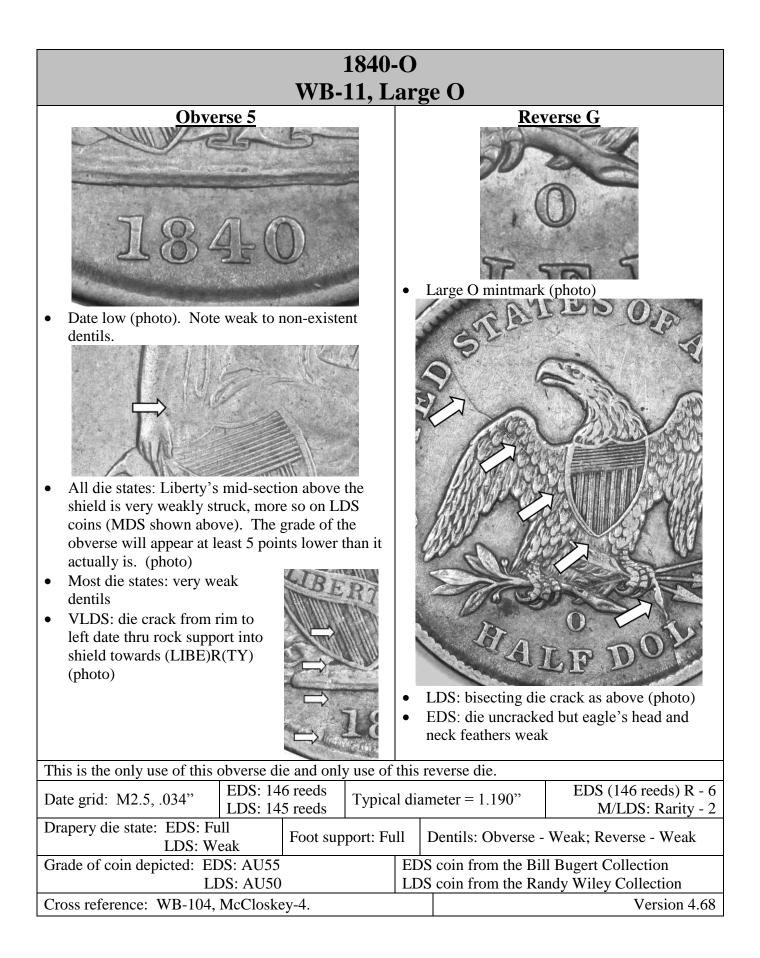
Two reed counts exist for this die marriage; 145 and 146. EDS coins without the die crack between the eagle's right wing and the eagle's head coins <u>may</u> have 145 reeds and these are much rarer than the 146 reeds found in later die states. There is no absolute method of determining the reed count of coins of this die marriage without actually counting them.

Date grid: M3.5, .032"	EDS: 145 reeds Typical diameter		er = 1.207"	EDS (145 reeds) Rarity - 6 LDS (146 reeds) Rarity - 4		
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Partial Dentils:			Dentils:	Obverse - Reengraved; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted:	AU50	Coin from the	ne Bill Bugert Collection			
Cross reference: WB-104.					Version 4.68	



	18	840-O				
	WB-10, Small O					
<ul> <li>Obver</li> <li>Obver</li> <li>Date high and left (phot)</li> <li>The primary diagnostic the date grid; the date is than other 1840-Os.</li> <li>Some die states: horizon Liberty's gown to the ri (photo)</li> </ul>	o) for this obverse die is further left and higher that die lines in ght of her left hand	er • Ex the thr (A thr fro win sha lea thr • ED	Reverse	se die; notably, from the eagle's left claw right wing thru Others from the rim oper left wing tip and b) thru lower left ves (photo). In LDS, a between the olive tip and right wing		
This is the only use of this of Infrequently found in a LDS	•					
Date grid: M2, .022"	145 reeds	<b>71</b>	ameter = 1.190"	Rarity - 3		
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: Fu	ull	Dentils: Obverse - We	,		
Grade of coin depicted: AU			Coin from the Bill Bu	-		
Cross reference: WB-103,	McCloskey-2.			Version 4.68		



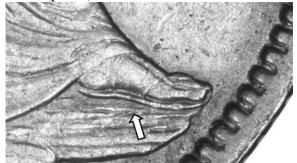




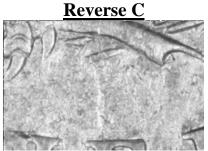
### 1840-O WB-12, No Mintmark, Medium Letters, Large Eagle



• Date high with the flag of the 1 repunched north (photo)



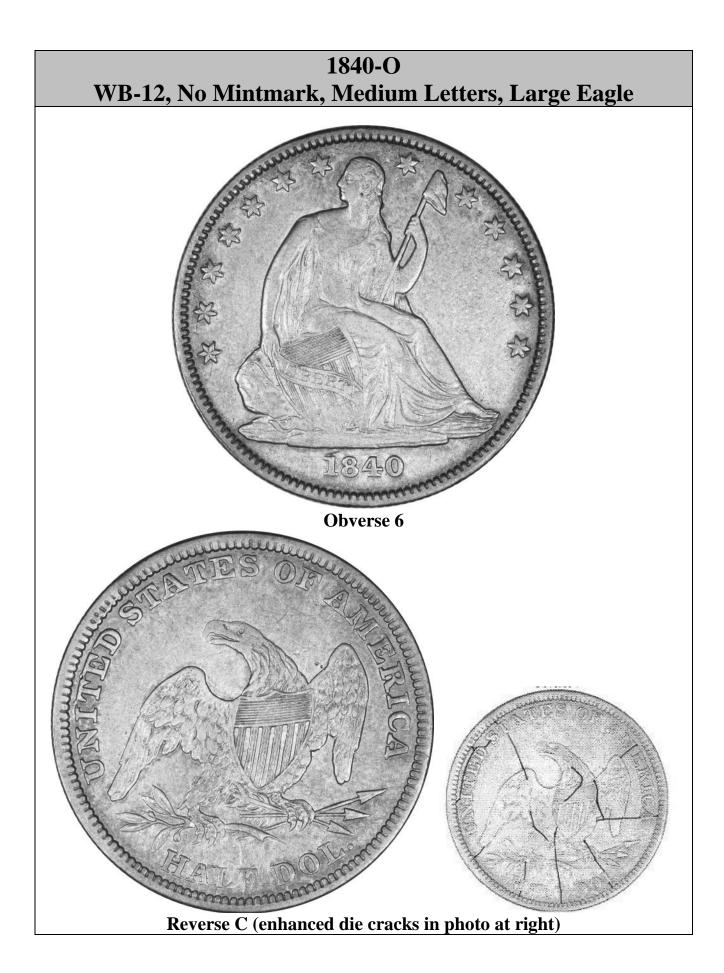
- At least six nearly horizontal die lines in the rock support under Liberty's foot (photo)
- All examples seen of this die marriage have the obverse with a washed out appearance, especially on the lower shield, from being weakly struck or a clogged die, not die polishing; later die marriages have a strong shield (see WB-13).



- No mintmark (photo)
- On this die marriage, the die was polished enough that the lower arrow feathers and olive stem are weak (see photo above and next page).
- Bust style reverse. Long thought to be a product of the Philadelphia mint, this die marriage was actually minted at New Orleans using a carried over bust reverse die from 1839 where the mintmark was on the obverse of the coin.
- Among the differences on this die, the legend and denomination are larger (termed medium letters), the eagle and reverse shield are larger, the eagle's claws are open, the olive leaves and arrowheads are more spread than the "seated style." See the enlarged photo on the following page and compare to the seated style.

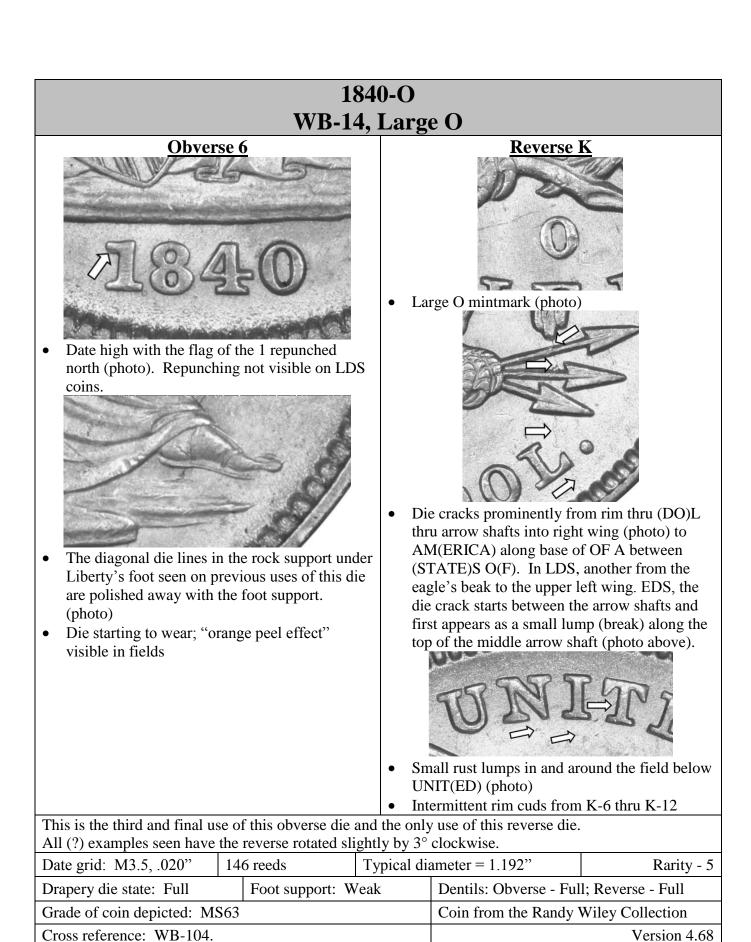
This is the first use of this obverse die and second and final use of this reverse die. For further discussion of the key differences (some not discussed herein) between the reverse types, see Randy Wiley's excellent article in <u>Gobrecht Journal Collective Volume I</u>, pages 263-268.

Date grid: M3.5, .021" 146 reeds		Typical diameter = 1.191"		Rarity - 6	
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full			ull	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full	
Grade of coin depicted: XF45			Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection		
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68		



184	<b>40-O</b>		
WB-13,		e O	
Obverse 6         Image: Constraint of the second use of this obverse die and only	<ul> <li>All thr (D #1. thr Ot)</li> <li>I h</li> </ul>	Reverse	to left wing and rim at wing (photo).
		ameter = $1.189$ "	Rarity - 5
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full	[	Dentils: Obverse - Ful	l; Reverse - Full
Grade of coin depicted: MS64		Coin from the Randy	Wiley Collection
Cross reference: WB-104, McCloskey-6.			Version 4.68





54 A Register of Liberty Seated Half Dollar Varieties, Volume III, New Orleans Branch Mint, 1840-O to 1853-O N	54	A Register of Liberty Seated Half Dollar Varieties, Volume III, New Orleans Branch Mint, 1840-O to 1853-0	) NA
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# **1841-O**

With about one-half the mintage of 1840, the New Orleans half dollars of 1841 have almost as many die marriages. There is plenty to keep a collector's focus: two mintmark sizes (medium and large), the rare baseball crack reverse die marriage and remarriage, a transitional die with the 1842-O small date, and plenty of cracked dies. The mint still had problems with iron in the planchets (as in 1840), but the problem seemed to have faded with increasing mint personnel competence.

Eleven die marriages are known as depicted in the tables below.

Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of Die Marriages	Obverse Dies	Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested	-	-	-	2
401,000	Shipped	-	8*	10*	(145, 146)
	Known	11	7	8	(143, 140)

\* = The number of dies listed above is from the New Orleans *Registry of Dies* and is misleading. The ten reverse dies were the last small letter reverse dies shipped to the New Orleans Branch Mint. The tenth reverse die was never acknowledged as received at New Orleans. It is believed that the Philadelphia Mint records erroneously recorded one pair of half dime dies as half dollar dies so the actual number of half dollar dies shipped is seven obverse and nine reverse.

A line in the New Orleans *Registry of Dies* reported that on April 20, 1842, seven obverse and eight reverse dies were defaced. The other dies remained but only one reverse die was carried over for use in 1842.

As late as December 1, 1840, Philadelphia reported that the 1841 dies were still in the process of being prepared.

**Clearwater Hoard**. Walter Breen in his *Complete Encyclopedia of U.S. and Colonial Coins* mentions the Clearwater Hoard of possibly 40 Uncirculated 1841-O half dollars that turned up in Clearwater, Florida (?) before 1957. The Coin Galleries sale of 11/1988:2166 identified an 1841-O half dollar as from this hoard and further cites the source as from the site of the old Fort Harrison. It appears to be a WB-3 variety. I have seen nothing more definitive on this hoard.

Obverse die date grid	Die Marriage
M2 ,.026"	WB-2
M2 ,.026"	WB-3
M2 ,.032"	WB-6
M3 , .035"	WB-9
M3 , .038"	WB-11
M3.5, .022"	WB-5
M3.5, .025"	WB-7
M3.5, .036"	WB-8
M4 , .029"	WB-1
M4 , .038"	WB-4
M4 , .038"	WB-10

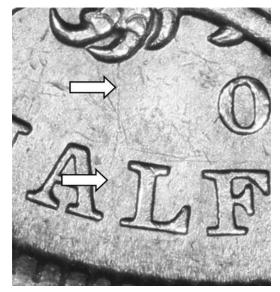
## 1841-O date grid quick reference table

## **1841-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**

Medium O	Reverse B, WB		Re	verse C, WB-3
Large O	Reverse A, WB-1	Reverse D		Reverse E, WB-6
	Reverse F, WB-7, 9, 10	Reverse (	G, WB-8	Reverse H, WB-11

<b>1841-O</b> Obverse and Reverse die identification keys		Die crack thru S(TATES) to eagle's beak	Baseball stitch-like die cracks	Eagle's head and neck feathers weak	Die crack from rim thru♥(U)N(ITED) into eagle'sleft wing	EDS: diagonal die lines thru shield LDS: die cracks	H)AL(F)	Die crack between (H)AL(F) touches A	Die cracks prominentlyHalong the denominationand legend
		Large O	Medium O		Large O				I
Small cud near stars 2-3	1	<b>WB-1</b>					0		
Date left	2		<b>WB-2</b>	WB-3					
Die lines from Liberty's left hand and rock	3				WB-4		WB-10		
Small lump behind Liberty's eye	4				WB-5				
Date left	5					<b>WB-6</b>			
Small lump near star 10	6						WB-7		
Die line in the dentils below the left edge of the 1	7						WB-9	WB-8	WB-11

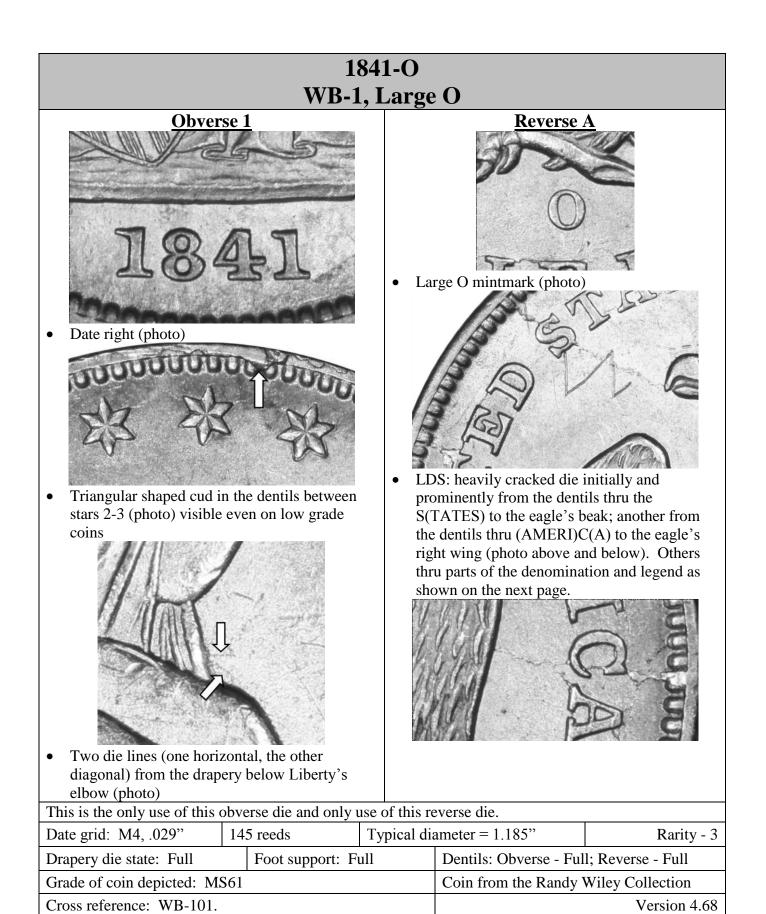
**Similarities of die cracks between reverses F and G**. Other differences aside, the die cracks between (H)AL(F) on reverse F and G are so similar that special emphasis is necessary to avoid confusion. See the photos below with narrative descriptions to distinguish them.



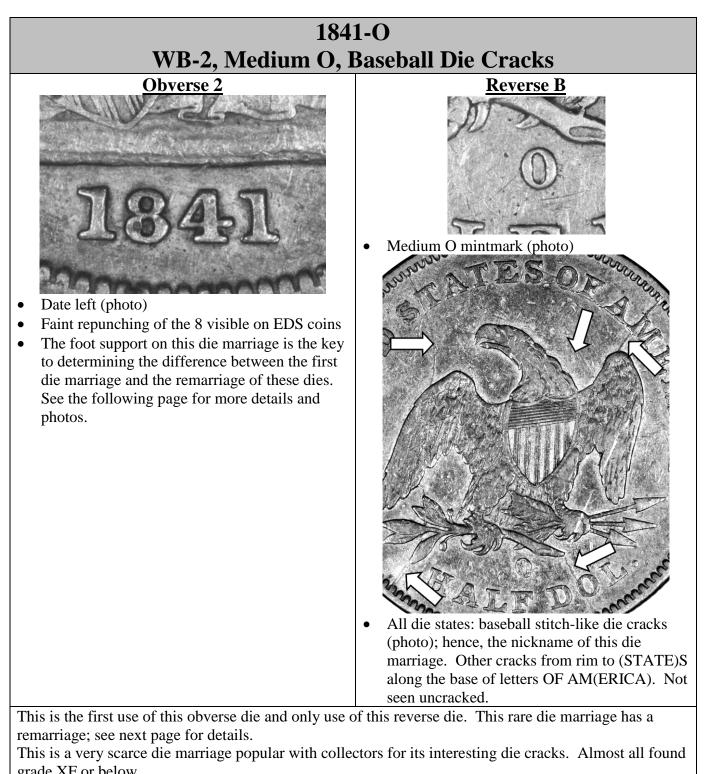
Reverse F: die crack between (H)AL(F)



Reverse G: die crack touches (H)A(LF)





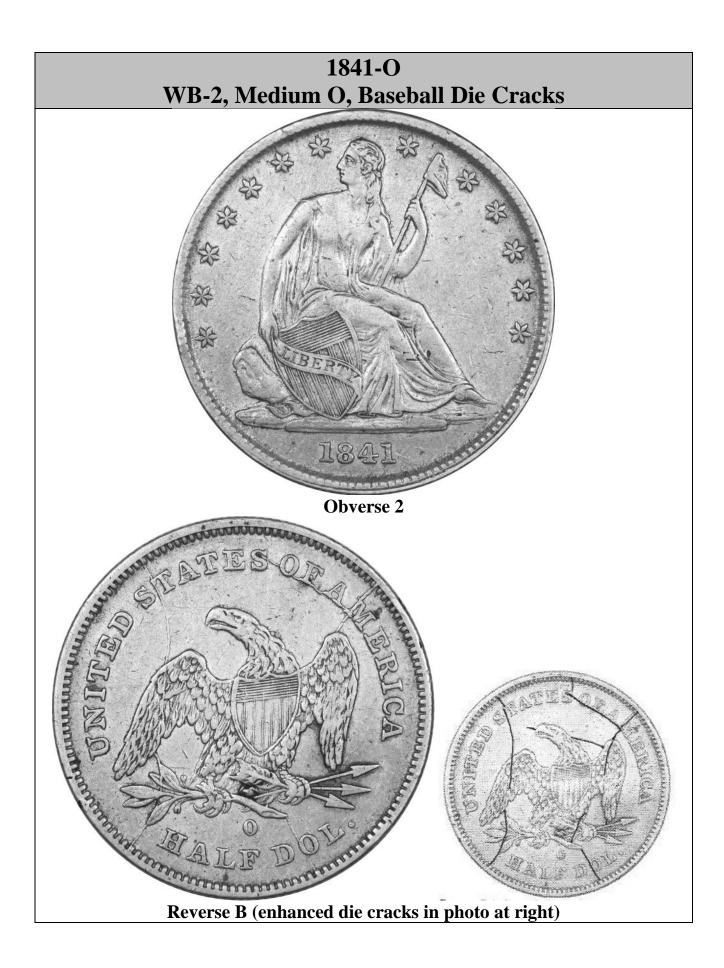


grade Ar of below.						
Date grid: M2, .026" 145 reeds			Typical diameter = 1.183"		Rarity - 5	
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: see next page		ext page	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse: - Full		
Grade of coins depicted: both VF35			First marriage coin from the Bill Bugert Collection			
Grade of coms depicted. Do	Jul VF33	Rem	arriage coin	coin from the Bill Bugert Collection in from the Randy Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-102.					Version 4.68	

### 1841-O WB-2 and WB-2R Remarriage Medium O, Baseball Die Cracks

Based on my analysis of multiple examples of this die marriage and the use of this obverse die common to both WB-2 and WB-3, I believe this die marriage was minted in at least two separate and distinct batches. They can be easily distinguished by the obverse die state particularly the amount of rock support below Liberty's foot. This first marriage (WB-2, photos below left) has full foot support and was minted prior to WB-3s. WB-3s can be found with full to weak foot support in the latest die state. The second batch (WB-2R, photos below right) of this die marriage, a remarriage of these dies, was minted after WB-3 and has very weak foot support. Both the marriage and remarriage seem to have the same rarity with R-5 for both combined.





104	1.0				
1841-O WB-3, Medium O					
Obverse 2 <b>Date left (photo).</b> Note the weak dentils in the LDS photos above as compared to the EDS below. <b>Difference of the second secon</b>	Reverse C         Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2" Image: Colspan="2" Im				
This is the second and final use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.Date grid: M2, .026"145 reedsTypical diameter = 1.187"Rarity - 3					
Date grid: W2, 020143 recusTypical dialicter = 1.167RainyDrapery die state: Full to PartialFoot support: Full to weakDentils: Obverse - Full to weak; Reverse - Full					
Grade of coin depicted: XF45	Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection				
Cross reference: WB-102. Version 4.					



1841-O WB 4 Longo O							
WB-4, Large O Obverse 3 Neverse D Reverse D Obverse 4 Control (Control							
This is the first use of this obverse die and first use of this reverse die. Some examples seen are weakly struck on the obverse and reverse (as depicted on next page).							
Date grid: M4, .038"	145 reeds	5 reeds Typical dia		Rarity - 4			
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: F	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full					
Grade of coin depicted: XF	245	Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection					
Cross reference: WB-101.		Version 4.68					







1841-O						
WB-6, Large O						
Obverse 5	<ul> <li>Reverse E</li> <li>Large O mintmark (photo)</li> <li>Large O mintmark (photo)</li> <li>EDS: diagonal (SW to NE) parallel die lines in shield (photo)</li> <li>EDS: diagonal (SW to NE) parallel die lines in shield (photo)</li> <li>EDS: die crack from the dentil thru the (HAL)F to the right of the mintmark into the arrow feathers thru the eagle and out the right</li> </ul>					
This is the only use of this obverse die and only use of						
	rpical diameter = 1.198" Rarity - 4					
	Dentils: Obverse - LDS-weak; Reverse - Full					
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: XF45 LDS: PCGS AU55	Coins from the Bill Bugert Collection					
Cross reference: WB-101.	Version 4.68					



	1841-0						
WB-7, Large O							
Obverse 6		Reverse	F				
1841	• La	rge O mintmark (photo)	)				
<ul> <li>Date right (photo)</li> </ul>		e					
<ul> <li>Small lump near star 10 (photo)</li> <li>Stars 7 and 8 and the top of Liberty's head were weakly struck.</li> </ul>		AJI	0				
• The top of the drapery is disconnected from Liberty's elbow.	mic	eak die crack between (I ddle talon (photo)					
	win	eak die crack starting fro ng tip towards the dentil eakly struck eagle's hea	ls (photo)				
This is the only use of this obverse die and first u	se of this re						
used in 1842 with the 1842-O small date obverse Date grid: M3.5, .025" 145 reeds		ameter = 1.183"	Rarity - 4				
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Fu	51	Dentils: Obverse - Ful	-				
Grade of coin depicted: XF45		Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection					
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68				



WB-8, Large O         Reverse G         Obverse 7         Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2"         Image: Colspan="2"	1841-0						
Obverse 7       Reverse G         1841       Construction         • Date right with heavy horizontal die line in the dentils below the left edge and center of the 1 (photos above and below)       Construction         • Die crack between (H)AL(F) (touches A) to cagle's middle talon (photo). Notes similarities of die crack with reverse F.       Construction         • Die crack from rim to eagle's right wing at K-3 (photo)       • Die crack from rim to eagle's right wing at K-3 (photo)         • Dis is the first use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die. At least one MDS seen has an 11° counter clockwise rotated reverse.							
11° counter clockwise rotated reverse.	<text></text>	<ul> <li>Large O mintmark (photo)</li> <li>Large O mintmark (photo)</li> <li>Die crack between (H)AL(F) (touches A) to eagle's middle talon (photo). Note similarities of die crack with reverse F.</li> <li>Die crack from rim to eagle's right wing at K-3 (photo)</li> <li>LDS: die crack from eagle's beak to (ST)A(TES)</li> </ul>					
Date griu. 1914, 1050 145 recus 1 ypical dialifeter = 1.165 Kality -	11° counter clockwise rotated reverse.						
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full							
Brapery die state.FullFoot support.FullGrade of coin depicted:AU53EDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection							
		Version 4.68					



<b>1841-O</b>						
WB-9, Large O						
Obverse 7         Image: Constraint of the second use of this obverse die and second         Obverse 7         Image: Constraint of the second use of this obverse die and second         Obverse 7         Image: Constraint of the second use of this obverse die and second	<ul> <li>Die tale</li> <li>Die tow</li> <li>We</li> <li>Cla</li> </ul>	Reverse H Reverse H A rge O mintmark (photo) rge O mintmark (photo) rge O mintmark (photo) A C C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C A C C A C C C A C C C A C C C A C C C C C C C C C C C C C	F) to eagle's middle F) to eagle wing tip lower left wing tip			
was also used in 1842 with the 1842-O small date of	bverse di	e.				
		ameter = $1.188$ "	Rarity - 4			
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full		Dentils: Obverse - Full				
Grade of coin depicted: AU58		Coin from the Randy V	•			
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68			



1841-0						
WB-10, Large O						
Obverse 3 Obverse 4 Obverse 4	•	Lar Die talc wit	Reverse F We obtain the lower I vards the dentils (photo) Reverse G. Reverse F Reverse G. Reverse G. Reverse G. Reverse G. Reverse G.	die crack		
	•	Cla	sh in shield's lower right			
This is the second and final use of this obverse die a This reverse die was also used in 1842 with the 1842				ın 1841.		
Date grid: M3, .035"146 reeds, collar cracked K-2 to K-3 (obverse view		Т	Sypical diameter = 1.187"	Rarity - 5		
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full	,		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Rever	se - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: AU55			Coin from the Randy Wiley C			
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68		



184 WB-11,	1-0 Larg	e O	
Obverse 7 WWW and the second state of the sec	LD     the     and     alo     rar	Reverse H () () () () () () () () () ()	notos above d forming st an R-5
This is the third and final use of this obverse die andDate grid: M3, .038"145 reedsTy	-	e of this reverse die. ameter = 1.184"	Rarity - 3
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Full	Pical al	Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Ro	
Grade of coin depicted: AU55		Coin from the Randy Wiley	
Cross reference: WB-101.		Com nom me Kandy Whey	Version 4.68



## 1842-0

From my observations, this date is one of the most highly collected by major varieties in all the Liberty Seated Half Dollar series. With a fairly high mintage, there are enough varieties to keep a collector interested. These varieties include four different reed counts, digits in the dentils, small and large diameters, errant 4 in Liberty's gown, digits in the shield and rock support, rotated dies, large cud above (UN)ITE(D), and plenty of cracked dies in late die states. Some of these are rare die marriages that will keep you looking for a while.

Thirteen die marriages are known as depicted in the tables below.

Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of Die Marriages	Obverse Dies	Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known	
Small date = $203,000$	Requested	-	-	-	4	
Medium date = $203,000$	Shipped	-	8	7	(143, 144,	
Vieulum uale = 734,000	Known	13	8	11	145, 146)	
Half Dollar mintages by month in 1842						
Jan 1842 - 84,000	Feb 1842 - 119,00	00 Mar 184	2 - 96,000	Apr 1842	- 80,000	
May 1842 - 168,000	Jun 1842 - 26,000	) Jul 1842	2 - None	Aug 1842	- None	
Sep 1842 - None	Oct 1842 – 106,0	00 Nov 184	2 - 122,000	Dec 1842	- 156,000	

The first two months mintage, January and February, are generally accepted to include the small date varieties although the initial 1842 delivery of those coins on February 28, 1842 included some coins dated 1841. The remaining months are of the medium date mintage.

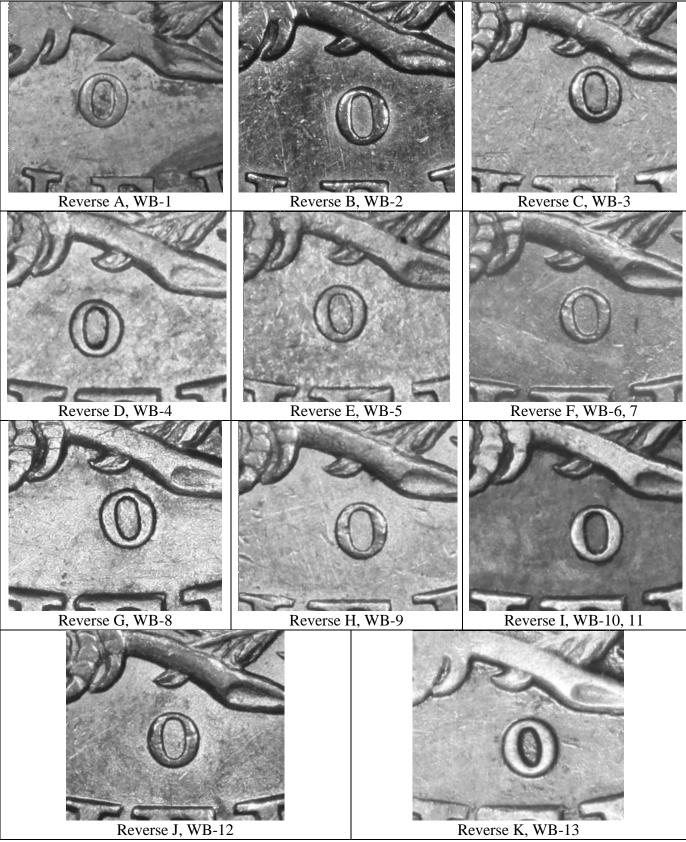
Die Marriage
WB-11
WB-3
WB-4
WB-5
WB-7
WB-12
WB-9
WB-10
WB-13
WB-8
WB-6
WB-2
WB-1

## 1842-O date grid quick reference table

In June 1986, Randy Wiley studied thirty-one 1842-O small date half dollars (WB-1s and WB-2s) in Roy Pohler's "Louisiana Hoard" before they were dispersed. The hoard break down by grade was as follows: AG (3), G (4), VG (6), F (5), VF (8), XF (4), and AU (1).

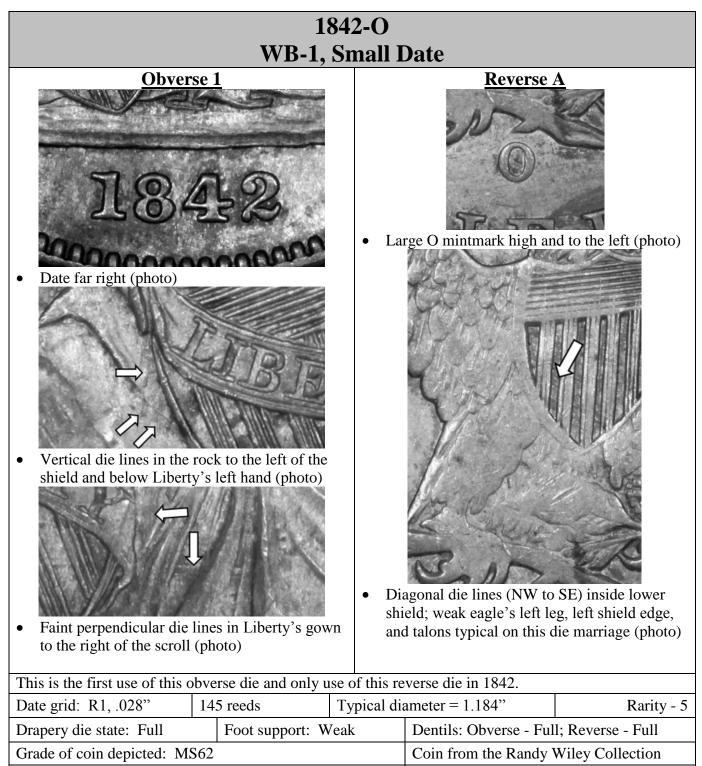
An 1842-O small date half dollar (appears to be a WB-2?) with a reverse partial brockage was discovered by Gerry Kochel and reported in *The Gobrecht Journal* Issue 89, March 2004.

## **1842-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**



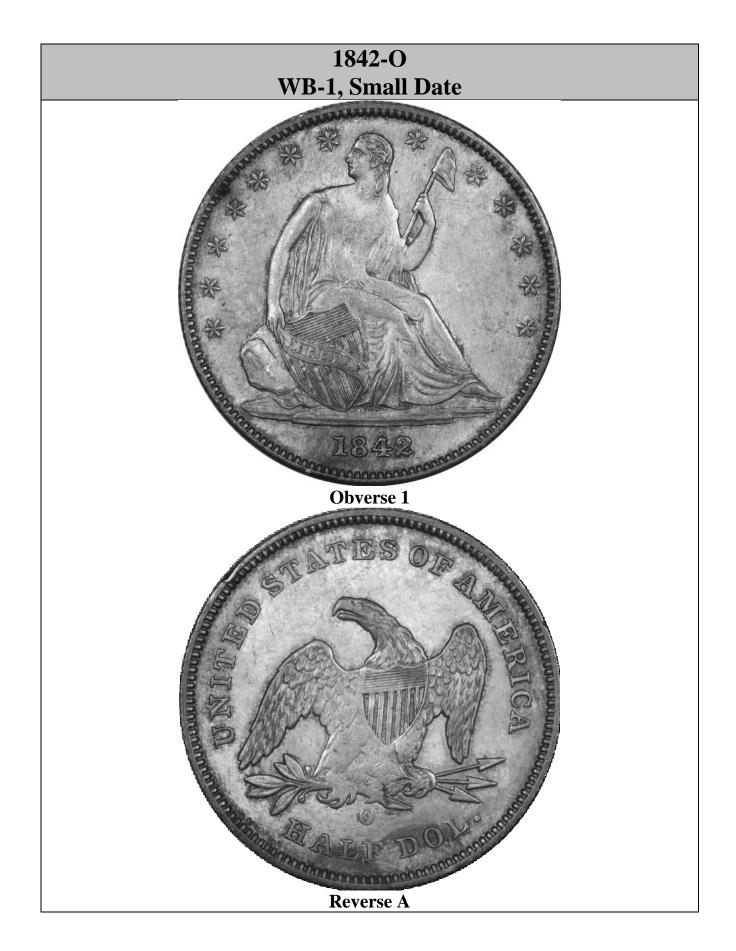
1842-O Obverse and Reverse die identification keys		Mintmark high and to the left; weak eagle	Mintmark low and to the right; Die crack between (H)AL(F)	Large lump in field below (UNIT)E(D)	Heavy die gouges in the eagle's upper left wing	Die lines around (AM)ER(ICA) and die crack from dentil to (A)M(ERICA)	Lower shield line extends into eagle's left wing feathers; vertical shield line A1 extends thru all horizontal shield lines
		Α	В	С	D	Ε	F
Small Date	1	<b>WB-1</b>	<b>WB-2</b>				
Date left	2			WB-3	<b>WB-4</b>	<b>WB-5</b>	<b>WB-7</b>
Errant 84 in shield and rock	3						WB-6

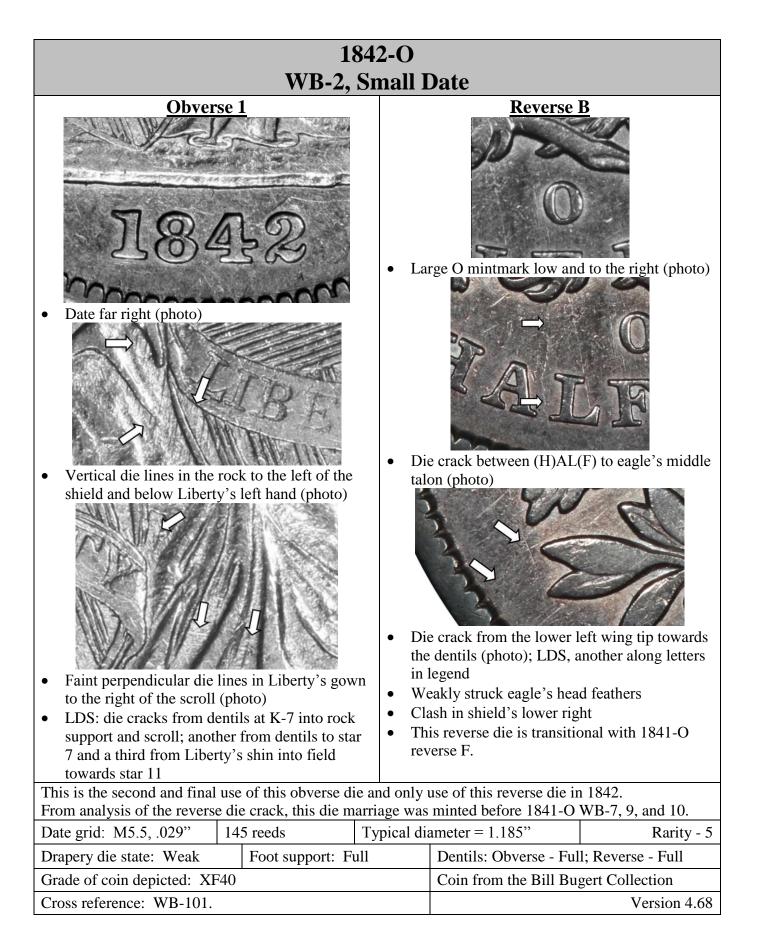
<b>1842-O</b> Obverse and Reverse die identification keys		Gouge in shield's outer left edge	Bisecting die crack	Die crack above UNIT(ED)	Various die lines above (A)MERI(CA)	Cracked die and die lines thru HALF DOL
	1	G	H	1	J	K
Date centered	4	<b>WB-8</b>				
Lump by left index finger	5		<b>WB-9</b>	<b>WB-11</b>		
Die crack at K-4 and K-11	6			<b>WB-10</b>		
Reengraved foot support 7					WB-12	
Errant 4 in Liberty's gown Reengraved foot support; Large Diameter	8					WB-13

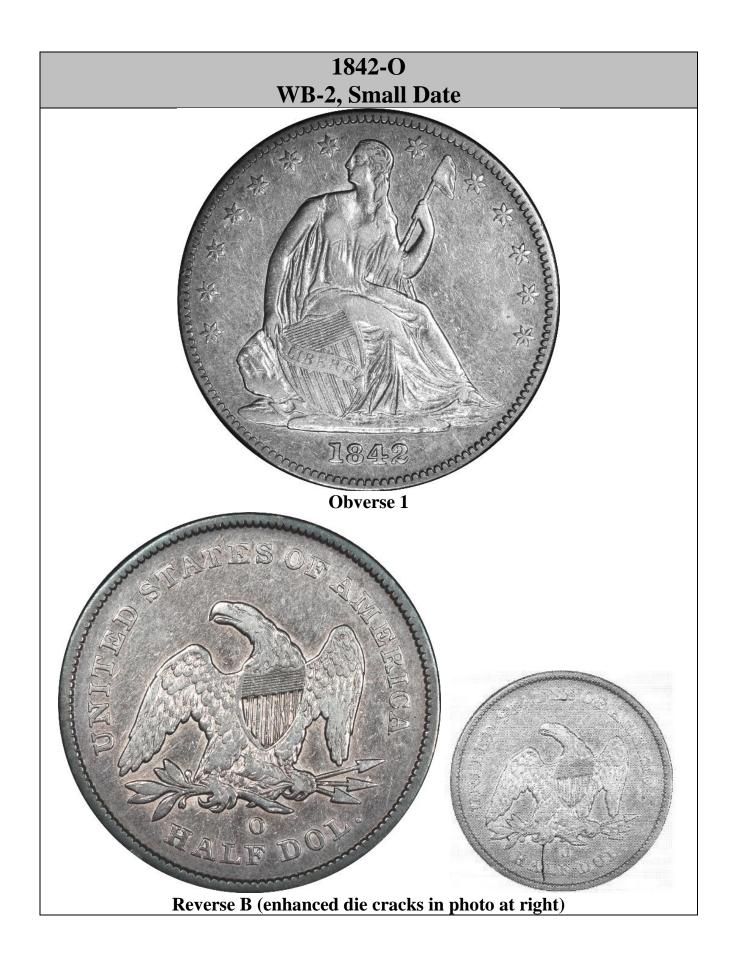


Cross reference: WB-101.

Version 4.68



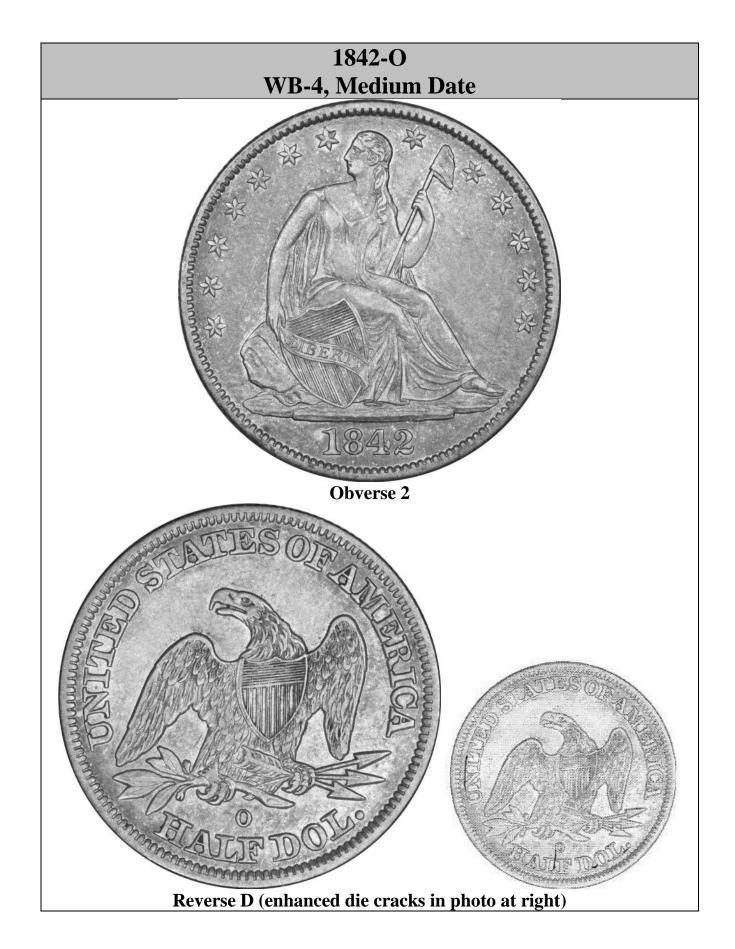




1842-O WB-3, Medium Date					
Obverse 2 108462 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0	<ul> <li>Reverse C</li> <li>Function of the second second</li></ul>				
	die crack perpendicular to the reeds; LDS don't have				
this so the collar must have deteriorated and was chDate grid: M1, .018"143 reeds	Typical diameter = $1.187$ " Rarity - 3				
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full					
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: XF45	EDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection				
LDS: AU53	LDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection				
Cross reference: WB-102.	Version 4.68				

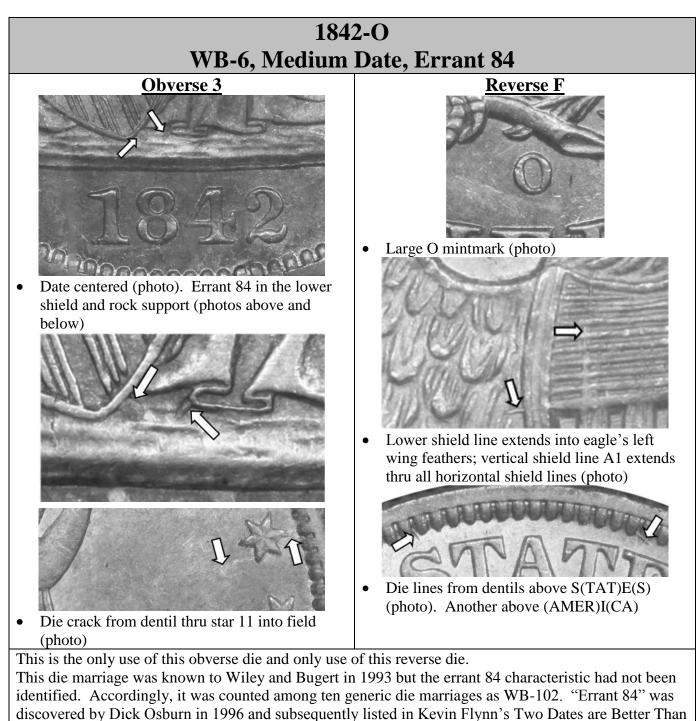


1842-0						
WB-4, Medium Date						
Obverse 2 <b>Obverse 2</b> <b>Obverse 2</b> <b>Obvers</b>	<ul> <li>He win</li> <li>Sc: (A abolini)</li> <li>LE alo fro</li> </ul>	Reverse Rev	d to the left (photo) d to the left (photo) agle's upper left agle's upper left and around other in dentils similarities in die til to UNIT(ED) and ation, and others			
This is the second use of this obverse die and only usDate grid: M1, .019"143 reedsTy		s reverse die. ameter = $1.190$ "	Rarity - 4			
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full	pical ul	Dentils: Obverse - Ful	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Grade of coin depicted: XF45		Coin from the Bill Bu	,			
Cross reference: WB-102.			Version 4.68			



1842-0				
WB-5, Medium Date				
Obverse 2 1042 1042 005 005 005 005 005 005 005 00	Reverse E         Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2" Image: Colspan="2" Im			
This is the third use of this obverse die and only uDate grid: M1, .020"144 reeds	Typical diameter = 1.190" Rarity - 4			
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Fu				
Grade of coin depicted:EDS: AU50EDS coin from the Bill Bugert CollectionLDS: AU53LDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection				
Cross reference: WB-102.	Version 4.68			

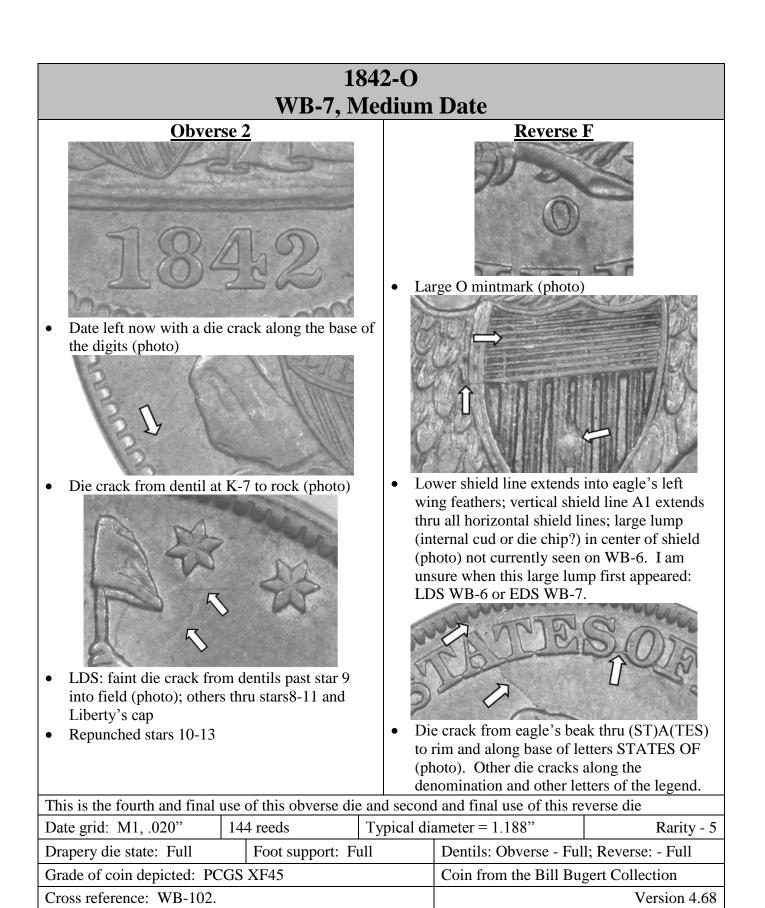




	2	
One	reference	book.

Date grid: M2.5, .025"	144 reeds Typical		Typical dia	ameter = 1.190"	Rarity - 5
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: Full		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: NGC MS61			Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-102.			Version 4.68		

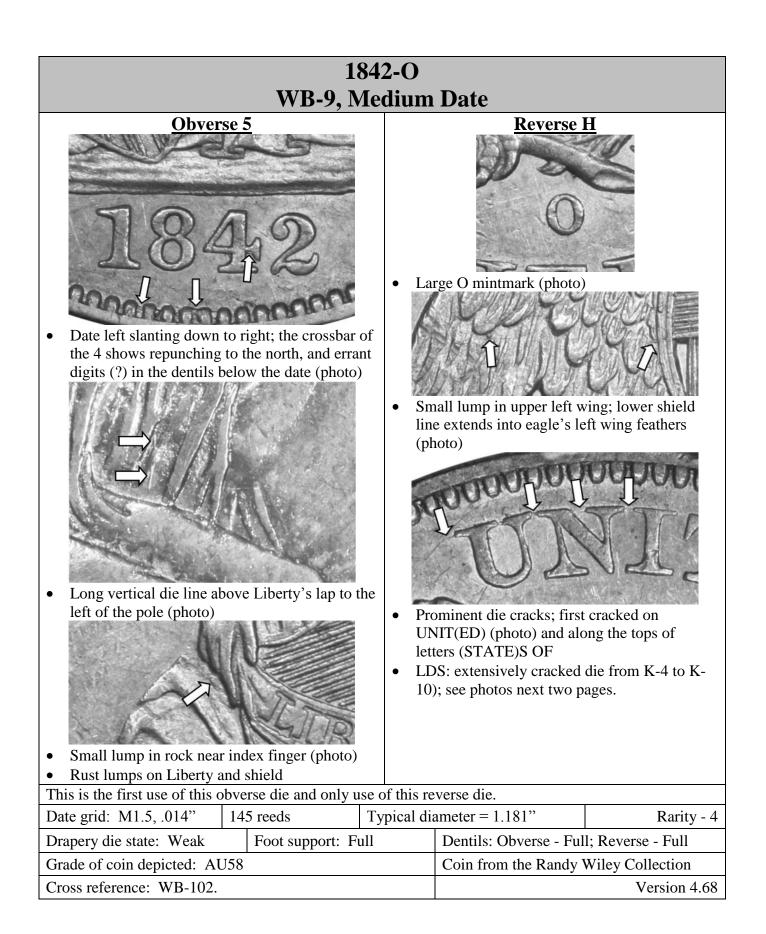






1842-0					
	WB-8, Medium Date				
<ul> <li>Obverse</li> &lt;</ul>	A die crack the ligits in date ines in the field	eld to the	() • C lii () • L () • L d • C	bhoto) Fouge in shield ne extends into bhoto) DS: large cud UN)ITED (ph DS other die enomination. Lash in lower	Reverse G We have a substitution of letters otop of letters otop. Very rare as such. cracks thru legend and See next page. shield
This is the only use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die. Some EDS to MDS coins have 90° and 180° counter-clockwise and 145° clockwise rotated reverses. Other rotations likely exist.					
Date grid: M2.5, .023"	144 reeds	Typical di	ameter	·= 1.186"	Rarity - 3 LDS w/rev cud: Rarity - 6
Drapery die state: Full	Foot suppo	Foot support: Full to weak Reverse - Full to weak			
Grade of coin depicted: XF45 Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection				<u> </u>	
Cross reference: WB-102.					Version 4.68

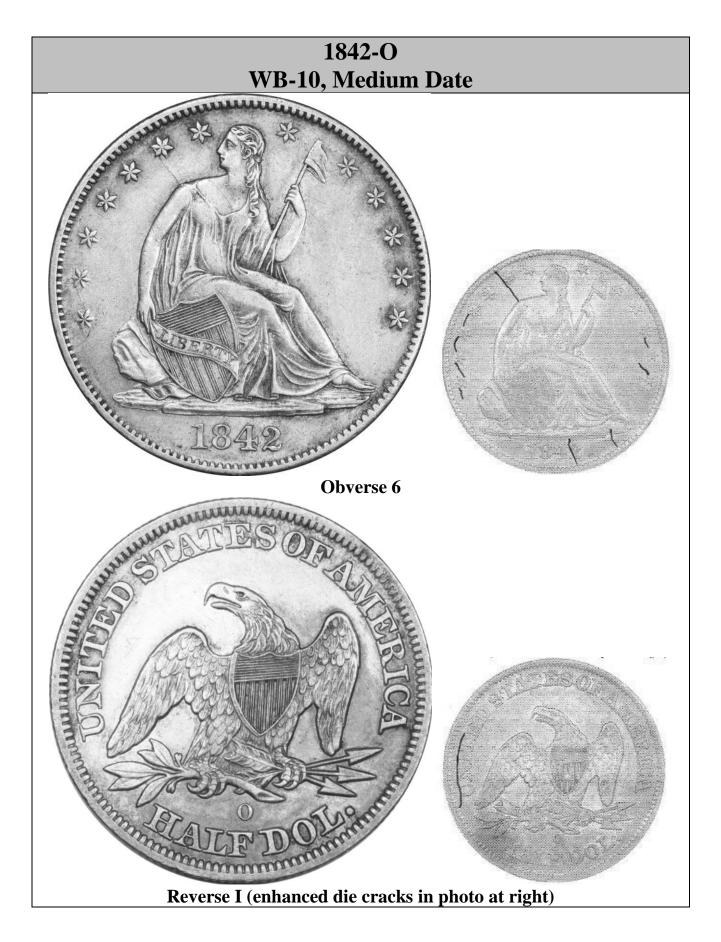






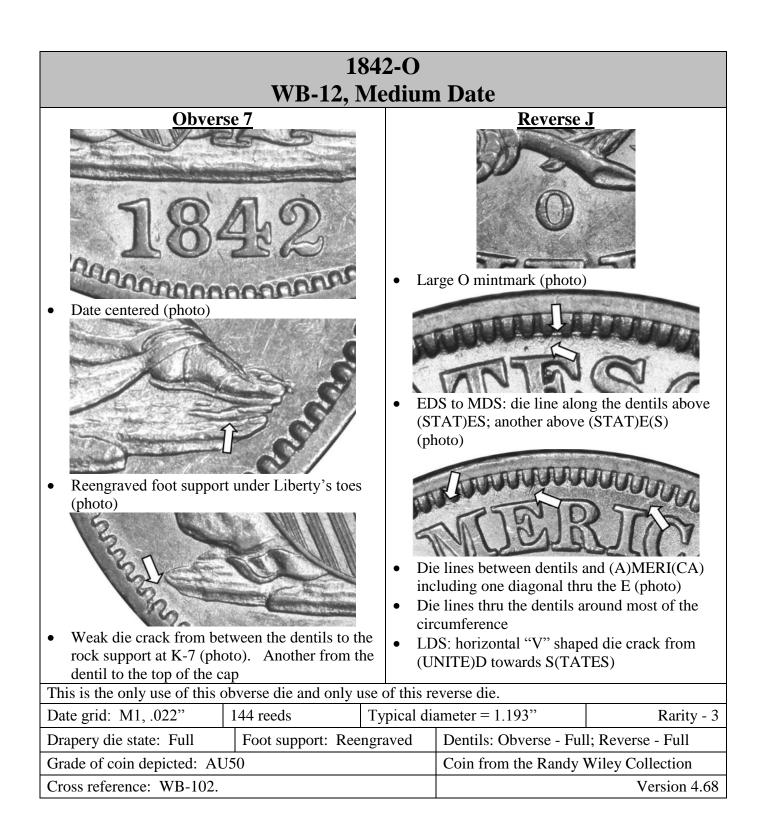


Isk22-O WB-10, Medium Date         Obverse 6         Obverse 6       Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2" Image: Colspa="2" Image: Colspan="2" Image: Colspan="2"				
Obverse 6         Reverse I         Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Reverse I         Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Reverse I         Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Reverse I         Image: Colspan="2">Reverse I	184	2-0		
<ul> <li>Part far left; note diagonal (NW to SE) dic crack thru the 2 of the date (photo) seen in all die states</li> <li>Rust lumps on Liberty's neck and chest (photo); other lumps on Liberty's gown</li> <li>All die states: die cracks from rim thru star 6 to shoulder (left photo) and from rim at K-5 to rock support (right photo). Other die cracks thru stars 1-2; 3-5; 11-12; and 13 into field</li> <li>This is the only use of this obverse die and first use of this reverse die.</li> <li>Date grid: L5.5, 022" 143 reeds Typical diameter = 1.189" Rarity Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full</li> </ul>	WB-10, M	edium	n Date	
Date grid:L5.5, .022"143 reedsTypical diameter = 1.189"RarityDrapery die state:FullFoot support:FullDentils:Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full;	<ul> <li>Pate far left; note diagonal (NW to SE) die crack thru the 2 of the date (photo) seen in all die states</li> <li>Rust lumps on Liberty's neck and chest (photo); other lumps on Liberty's gown</li> <li>Rust lumps on Liberty's neck and chest (photo); other lumps on Liberty's gown</li> <li>All die states: die cracks from rim thru star 6 to shoulder (left photo) and from rim at K-5 to rock support (right photo). Other die cracks thru stars 1-2; 3-5; 11-12; and 13 into field</li> </ul>	• Dia top	rge O mintmark (photo) crack from rim to left of letters UNIT (photo	of U(NITED) along
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full	-			Rarity - 4
		ypical ula		-
Control of		,		
Cross reference: WB-102. Version 4.	Version 4.68			



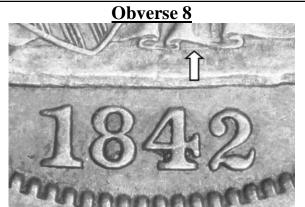
1842-0							
WB-11, Medium Date							
<ul> <li>Obverse 5</li> <li>With the end of the second and final use of this obverse dia a gown.</li> <li>This is the second and final use of this obverse dia a gown.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>LE alc</li> <li>Classical de la construcción de la construcci</li></ul>	Reverse Figure O mintmark (photo) Figure O mintmark (photo) S: die crack from rim to ash in lower shield od and final use of this re-	Image: Second system         Image: Second system				
This is the second and final use of this obverse die and second and final use of this feverse die.Date grid: M1.5, .014"143 reedsTypical diameter = 1.190"Rarity							
Date grid:W11.5, 1014145 recusTypical dialicter1190Drapery die state:PartialFoot support:FullDentils:Obverse - Full; Reverse - F							
Grade of coin depicted: XF40		Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection					
Cross reference: WB-102.			Version 4.68				







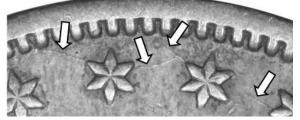
## 1842-O WB-13, Medium Date, Errant 4 in Gown



• Date centered with a horizontal die line in the rock support along Liberty's hemline above the right edge of the 4 (photo). LDS with die crack along base of digits



• Errant 4 in Liberty's gown in the recessed area to the right of the scroll (photo) visible on coins grading as low as G-6



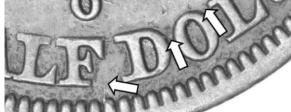
- LDS: die cracks from rim thru stars 2-6 (photo) and others thru 10-12
- Reengraved foot support
- Weakly struck upper Liberty

Grade of coin depicted: AU50

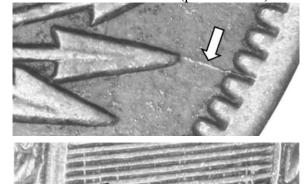
Cross reference: WB-103.



Large O mintmark tilted left (photo)



 Heavily crack die prominently from rim between and to the (HAL)F and thru HALF DOL (photo above); another from tip of middle arrowhead to rim (photo below)



 LDS: interesting die crack horizontally thru the lower shield (photo)

• Weakly struck feathers on eagle's left leg

Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection

Version 4.68

This is the only use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.This is the first use since 1840-O of different collars with a two reed counts and a large diameter.Date grid: M1.5, .024"EDS: 145 reeds<br/>MDS-LDS: 146 reedsDrapery die state: FullFoot support: ReengravedDentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full



# **1843-0**

This date has a high mintage and a high number of die marriages. Included are a double date, bisecting dies, two major diameter sizes, four reed counts, and many cracked dies. All dies are readily distinguishable by variations in die defects.

Eighteen die marriages are known as depicted in the tables below.

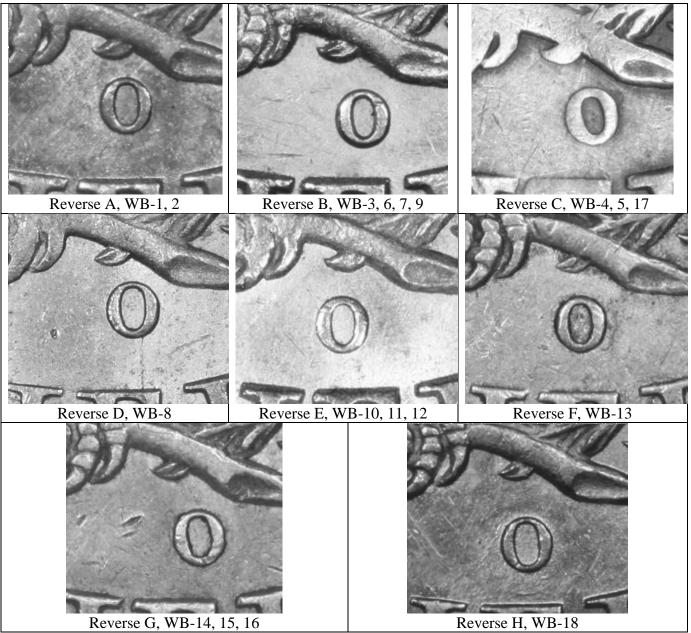
Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of Die Marriages	Obverse Dies	Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested		-	-	4
2,268,000	Shipped	-	10	15	(146, 147,
	Known	18	10	8	148, 149)

Of the fifteen reverse dies for 1843-O, two were used for 1842 and five were used for 1844.

#### 1843-O date grid quick reference table

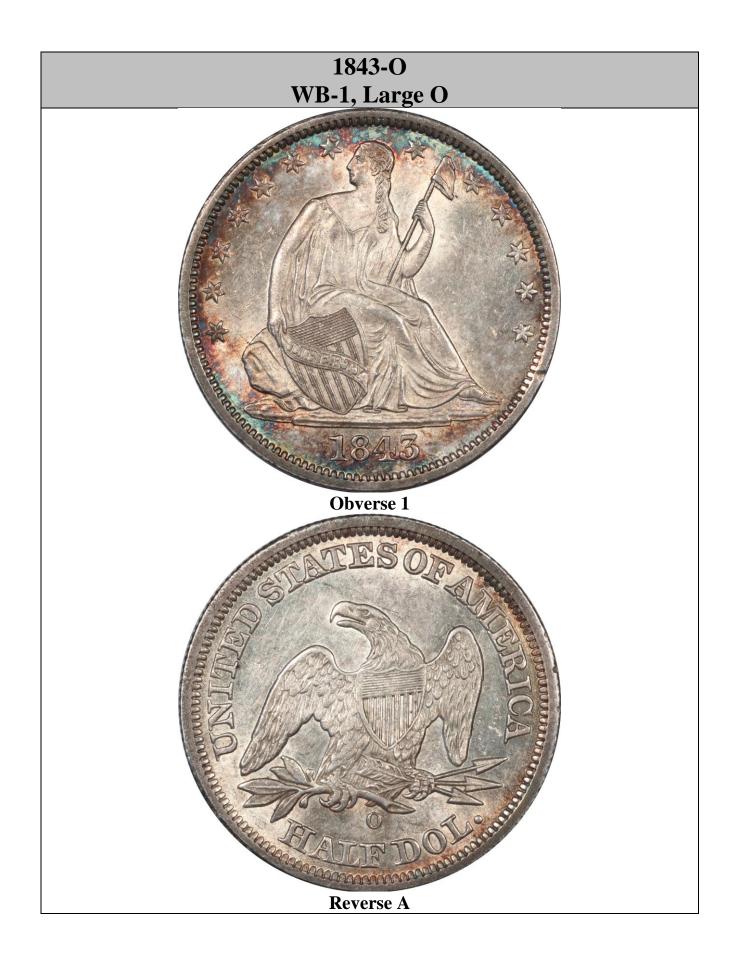
Obverse die date grid	Die Marriage
M2 ,.020"	WB-5
M2 ,.020"	WB-6
M2.5, .015"	WB-13
M2.5, .018"	WB-11
M2.5, .018"	WB-14
M2.5, .022"	WB-16
M2.5, .028"	WB-9
M2.5, .032"	WB-10
M3 , .026"	WB-8
M3.5, .018"	WB-4
M3.5, .027"	WB-2
M3.5, .028"	WB-3
M4.5, .018"	WB-1
M4.5, .026"	WB-7
M4.5, .030"	WB-12
M4.5, .030"	WB-15
R1 , .017"	WB-17
R1 , .018"	WB-18

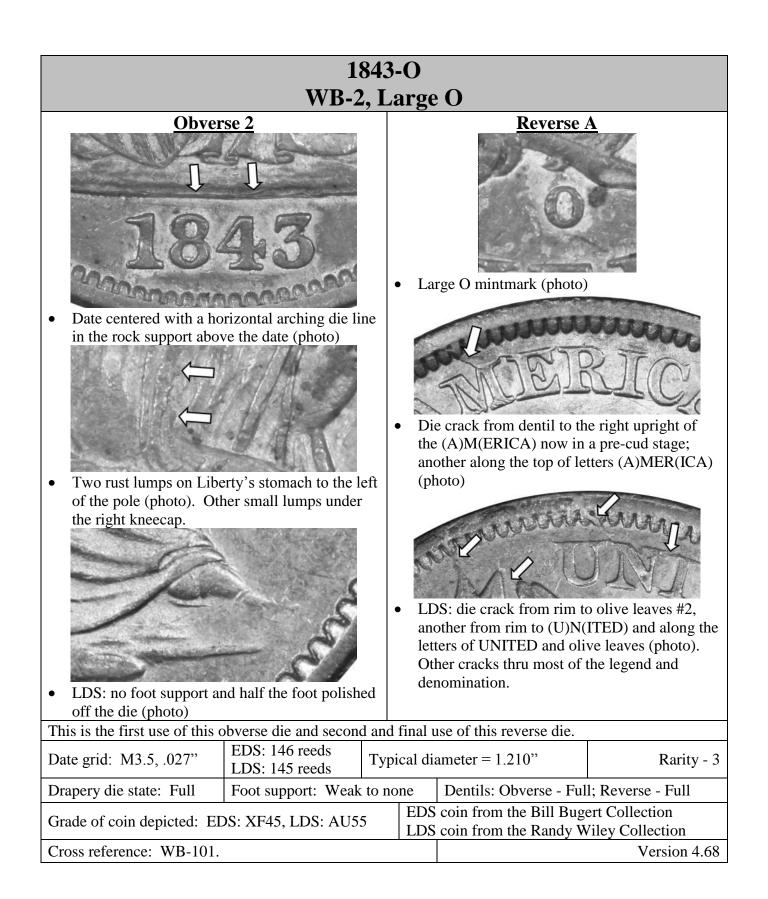
# **1843-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**



1843-0 Obverse a Reverse d identificat keys	nd lie	<ul><li>Weak die crack thru (A)MER(ICA)</li></ul>	Rust lump on the lower edge of olive leaf #4	Die line from eagle's lower left leg	<b>Die crack in and around denomination</b>	EDS: diagonal file line thru         (AM)ERI(CA)         LDS: die cracks from         dentil thru DO(L)	H Wavy die crack above DOL	ې Die lines between dentils and (STA)TES	H Top of vertical shield line B2 connects with B3
Date right with the 3 repunched south	1	WB-1							
Arching die line in the rock support above the date	2	WB-2	WB-3						
Vertical die crack thru date	3			WB-4					
Rust lumps by dentils and star 9	4		WB-6	WB-5					
Small lump in Liberty's drapery	5		WB-7			WB-12		WB-15	
Diagonal die crack thru Liberty's foot	6		WB-9		WB-8	WB-10			
Date slanting down to the right	7					WB-11			
Date high	8						<b>WB-13</b>	<b>WB-14</b>	
Die crack in rock support by scroll	9							WB-16	
Doubled date	10			WB-17					WB-18

1843-0							
WB-1, Large O							
<image/> Obverse 1 Provide the second	Reverse A For the second seco						
This is the only use of this obverse die and first use ofDate grid: M4.5, .018"146 reedsType							
	pical diameter = 1.215" Rarity - 4 Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full						
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full	MDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection						
Grade of coin depicted: MDS: MS62, LDS: VG10	LDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection						
Cross reference: WB-101.	Version 4.68						







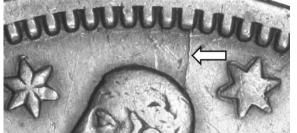




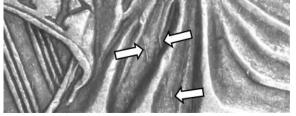
## 1843-O WB-4, Large O



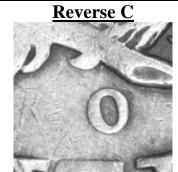
• Date centered with a vertical die crack from the dentil thru the 8 into the rock support, Liberty's gown (photo) and shield



• All die states seen: die crack from dentil to the back of Liberty's head; note unfinished die marks along dentils (photo)



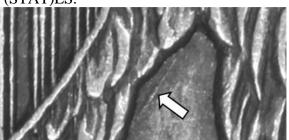
- Vertical die lines in Liberty's gown to the right of the scroll (photo)
- LDS: die crack from Liberty's left hand into the field thru star 5 to dentils



• Large O mintmark tilting to the left (photo)



• All die states: die line from eagle's lower left leg into field (photo). Other die lines between the dentils and most of the denomination, prominently above (ST)AT(ES) and thru (STAT)ES.

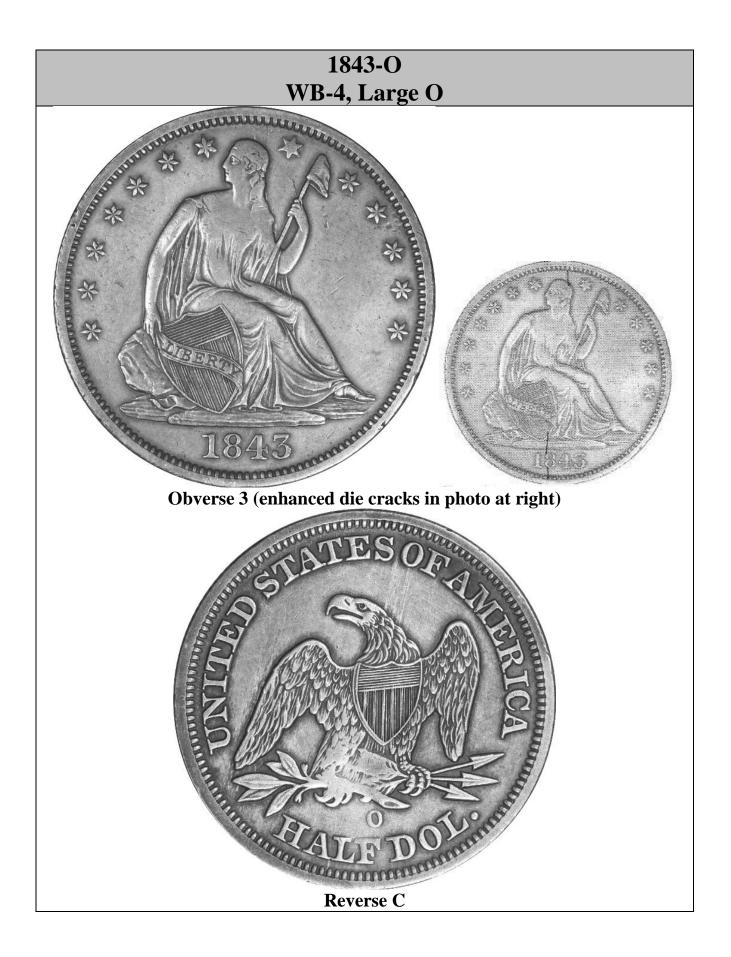


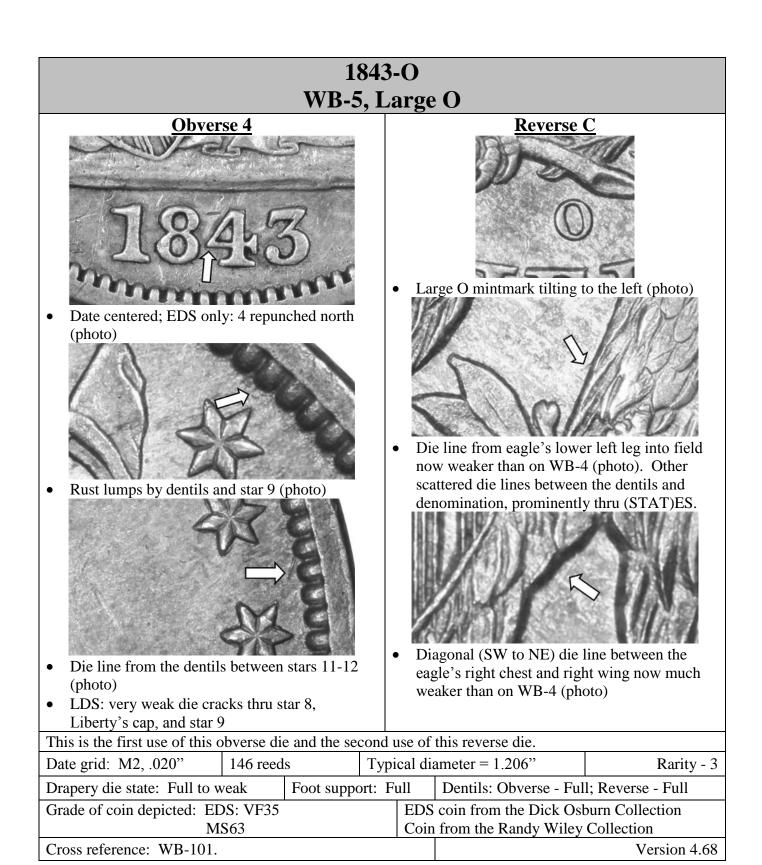
All die states seen on this die marriage: diagonal (SW to NE) die line between the eagle's right chest and right wing (photo)

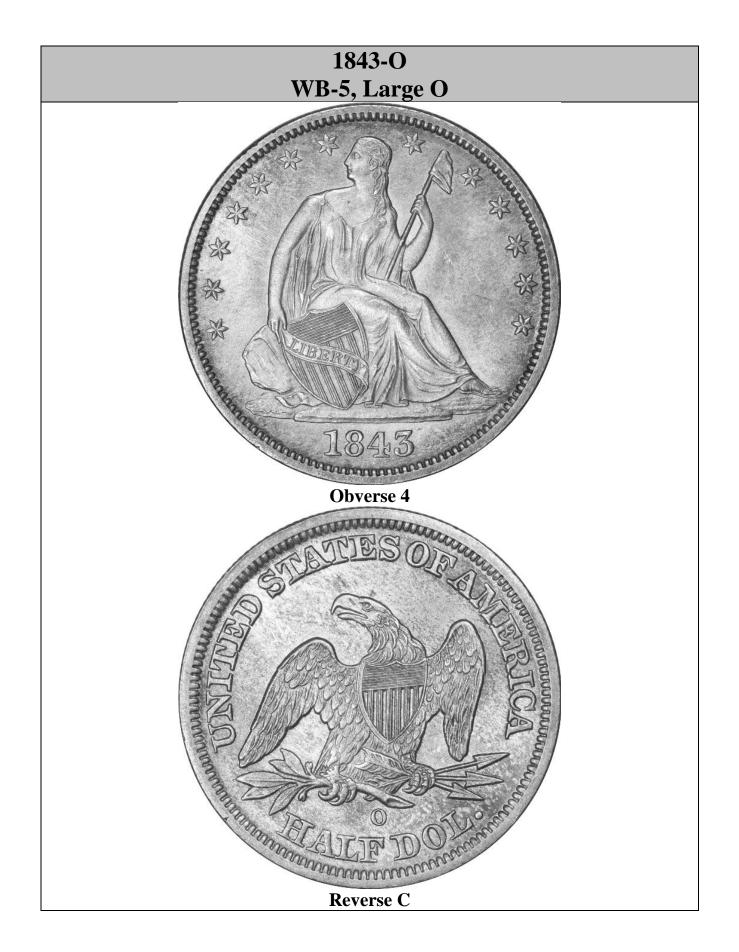
This is the only use of this obverse die and first use of this reverse die. All examples of this die marriage seen are weakly struck on Liberty's chest and head on the obverse and eagle's left leg and arrow feathers on the reverse. See photos on next page. Vertical lines between the reeds on the collar

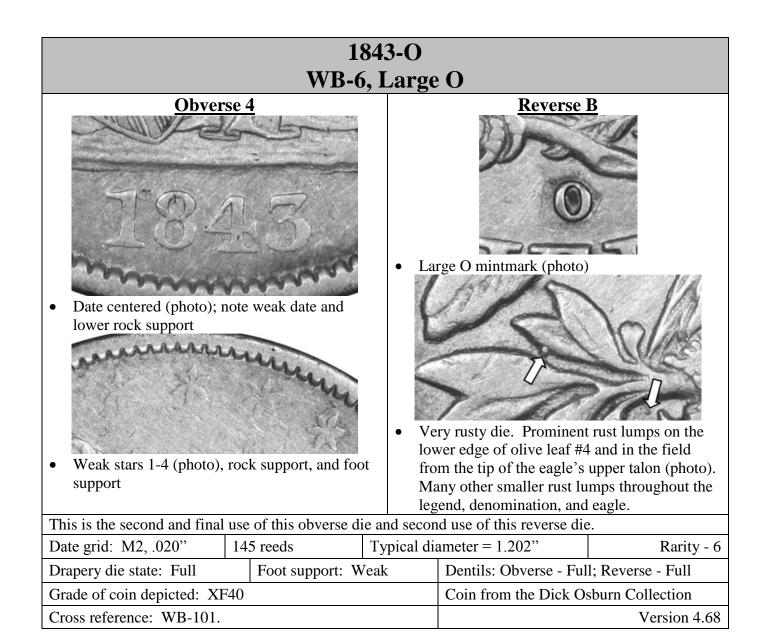
•

vortical mes between the recas on the conal.						
Date grid: M3.5, .018"	146 reeds		Typical diameter = 1.206"		Rarity - 3	
Drapery die state: Full to weak Foot support: Full		: Full	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse:- Full			
Grade of coin depicted: AU50			Coin from the Bill Bu	gert Collection		
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68		

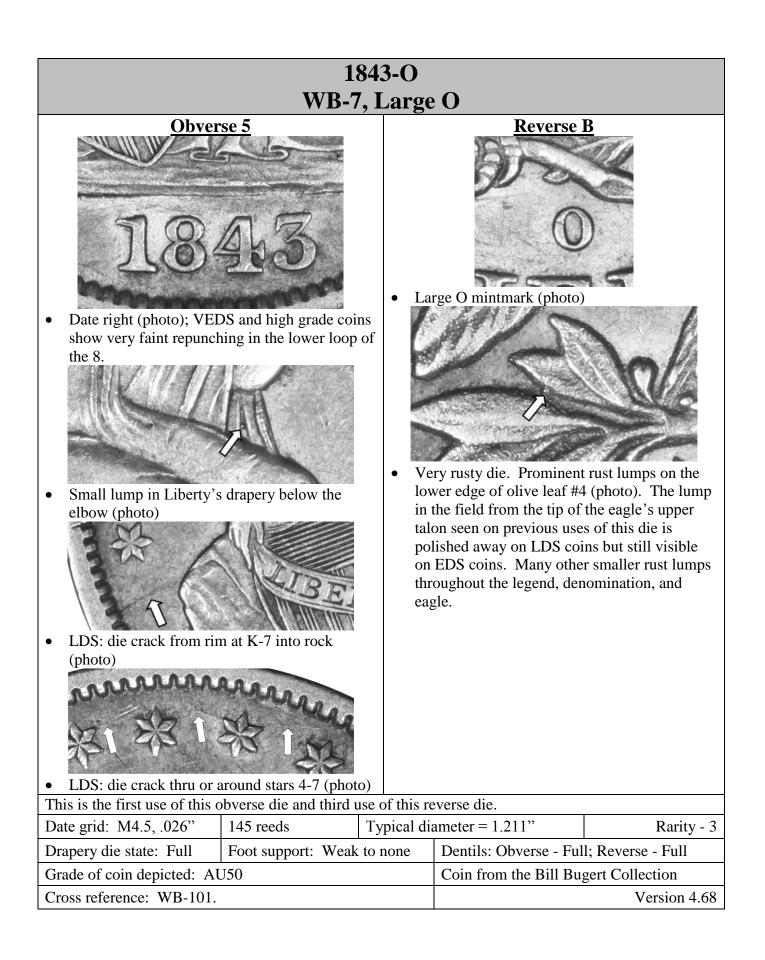


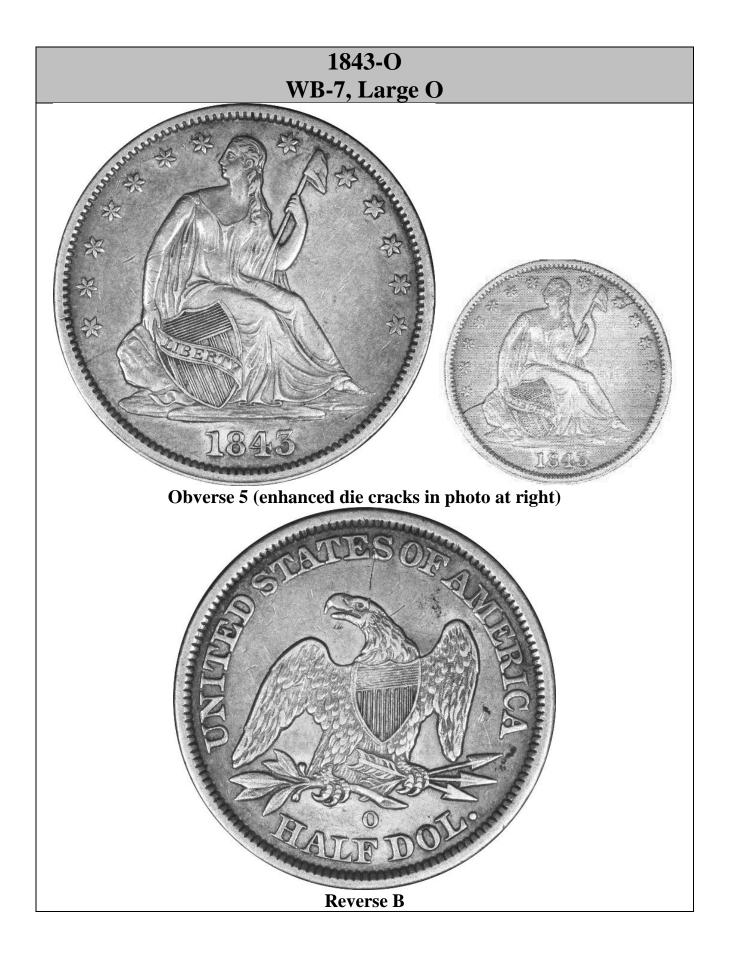


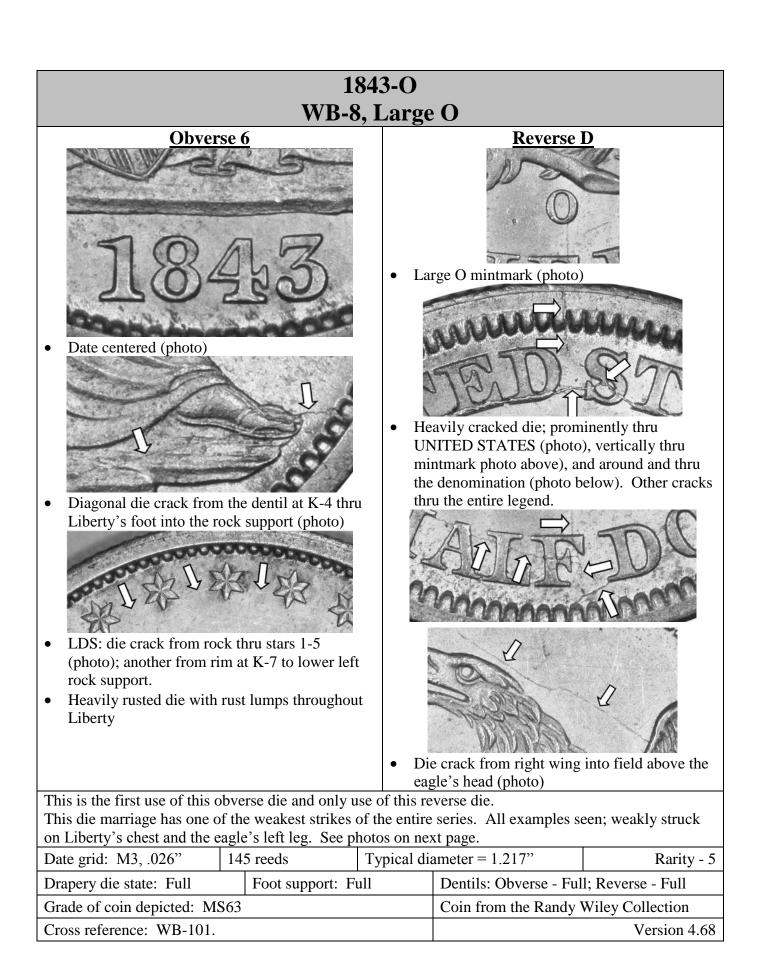










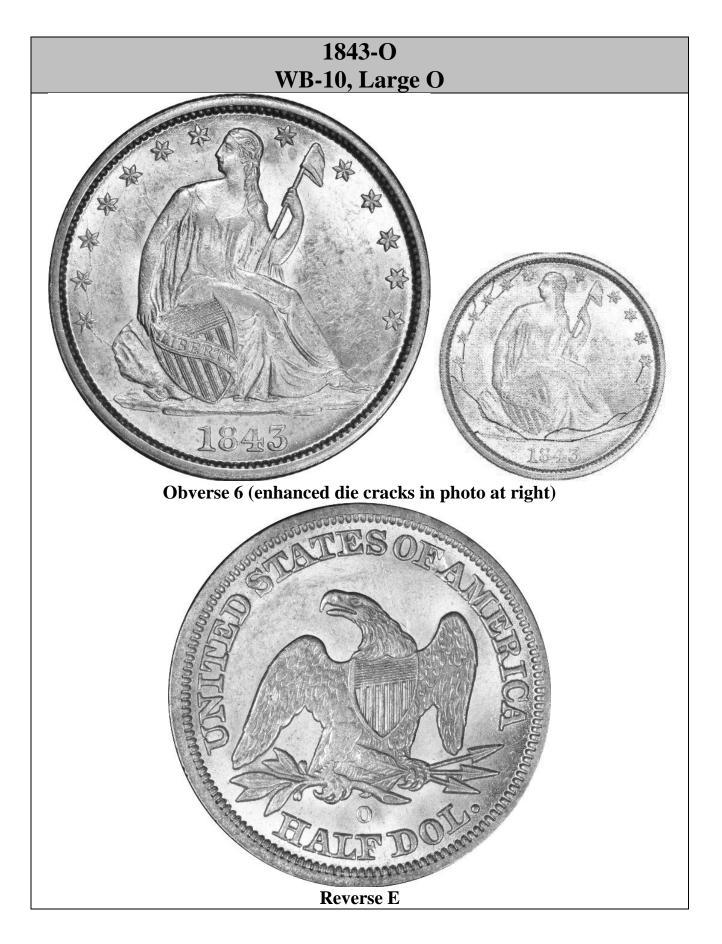




1843-0							
WB-9, L	WB-9, Large O						
Obverse 6         Image: Second system         Date centered (photo)         Image: Second system         Date centered (photo)         Image: Second system         Diagonal die crack from the dentil at K-4 thru Liberty's foot into the rock support; LDS: additional die cracks from Liberty's instep to the rim at K-4 (photo)         Image: LDS: die crack from rock thru stars 1-5 (photo); another from rim at K-7 to lower left rock support.         Image: LDS: die crack from rock thru stars 1-5 (photo); another from rim at K-7 to lower left rock support.         Image: LDS: die second use of this obverse die and fourth at the second use of	Reverse B         Image: Constraint of the state of						
	ical diameter = $1.207$ " Rarity - 3						
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full	Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Weak						
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: XF45 LDS: AU55	EDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection LDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection						
Cross reference: WB-101.	Version 4.68						

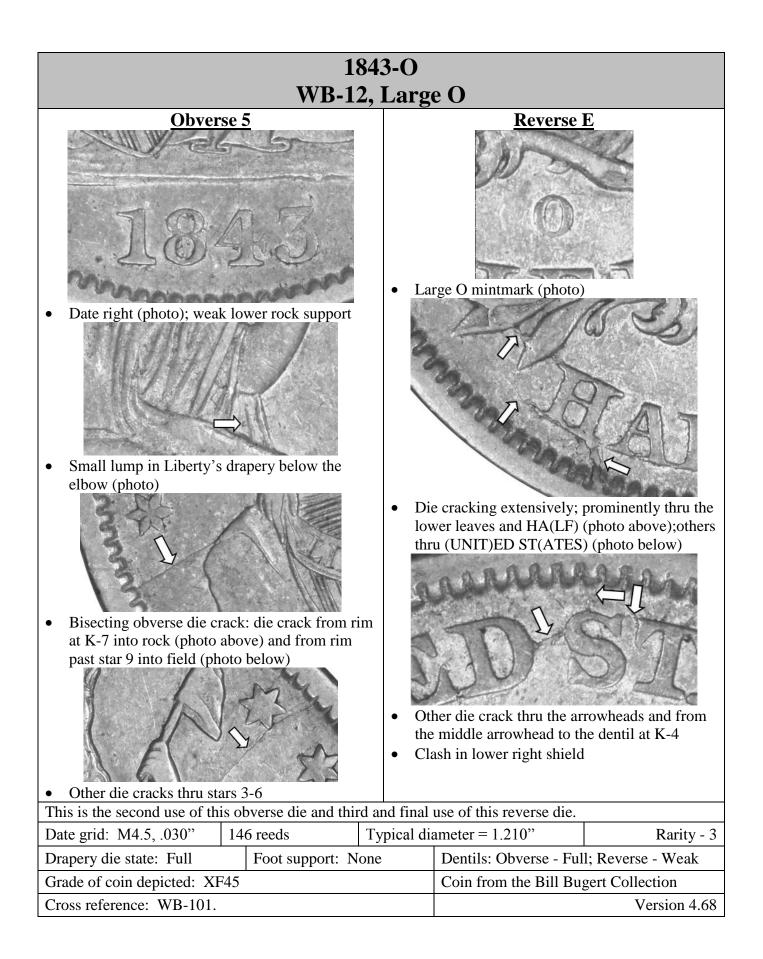


1843-0					
	<b>WB-1</b>	0, Large	e <b>O</b>		
<ul> <li>Obvers</li> <li>Obvers</li> <li>Obvers</li> <li>Date centered (photo)</li> <li>Date centered (photo)</li> <li>Diagonal die crack from Liberty's foot into the ro Liberty's foot into the ro Liberty's lower gown; au from Liberty's instep to the Obverse</li> <li>Die crack from rock thru extensive than on WB-9; K-7 to lower left rock su diagonally thru star 12.</li> <li>Heavily rusted die with ri Liberty</li> </ul>	the dentil at K-4 thruck support and into additional die cracks the rim at K-4 (photo) ditional die cracks the rim at K-4 (photo) stars 1-5 (photo) moto another from rim at pport. LDS: die cracks the rungs throughou	ore ek t	Reverse I Fige O mintmark (photo) ation is further to the le ta-O. Sty die marriage only: dia M)ERI(CA) (photo) sty die; rust lumps visib field between the denomination the denomination of the denomination the denomination of the denomin	<ul> <li>This mintmark ft than any other</li> <li>Second die line thru</li> <li>Second die line thru</li> </ul>	
This is the third and final use Date grid: M2.5, .032"	e of this obverse die a 146 reeds		of this reverse die. ameter = 1.211"	Rarity - 3	
Date grid: M2.5, .052 Drapery die state: Full					
Grade of coin depicted: AU	Foot support: Fu	411	Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Full Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-101.	50		Com nom me Kandy	Version 4.68	
				, ersion 1.00	



	184	3-0					
WB-11, Large O							
Obver Ob	13	<ul> <li>Dia (ph) ST bel</li> <li>An arr</li> </ul>	Reverse I Find the second sec	Image: Second system         Image: Second system			
This is the only use of this of Data arid: M2.5 018"				Douiter 2			
Date grid: M2.5, .018"		-	ameter = 1.211"	Rarity - 3			
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: Full to w	еак	Dentils: Obverse - Ful				
-	Grade of coin depicted: AU55			Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection Version 4.68			
Cross reference: wB-101.		Cross reference: WB-101.					







1843-O WB-13, Large O					
Obverse 8       Reverse F         Image: Date high (photo)       Image: Date high (photo)         Image: Date high (photo)       Image: Date high (photo)         Image: Reverse F       Image: Date high (photo)         Image: Reverse F					
This is the only 1843-O with a small diameter; there are possibly two different collars used on this die marriage each with slightly different small diameters. This is the first use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.					
Date grid: M2.5, .015"	145 reeds		ameter = 1.186"	Rarity - 4	
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: Fu	11	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: AU	Grade of coin depicted: AU50			Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection	
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68	



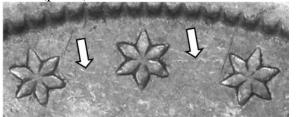
### 1843-O WB-14, Large O, Repunched Mintmark



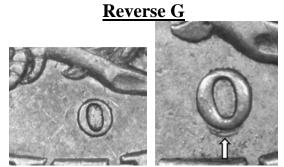
• Date high (photo); LDS: date weak as above



• Die crack from star 7 thru top of head to star 8; high grade coins only: rim cud above same area (photo)



- Other die cracks between stars 1-2, 3-4 and 8-12 (stars 8-10 in photo)
- Rusty die with weak rust lumps on Liberty



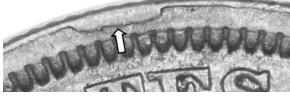
• Large O mintmark (left photo); very rare EDS with the mintmark repunched north (right photo)



• EDS to MDS: die lines between dentils and (STA)TES (photo); other diagonal lines thru (A)M(ERICA) and below (DO)L

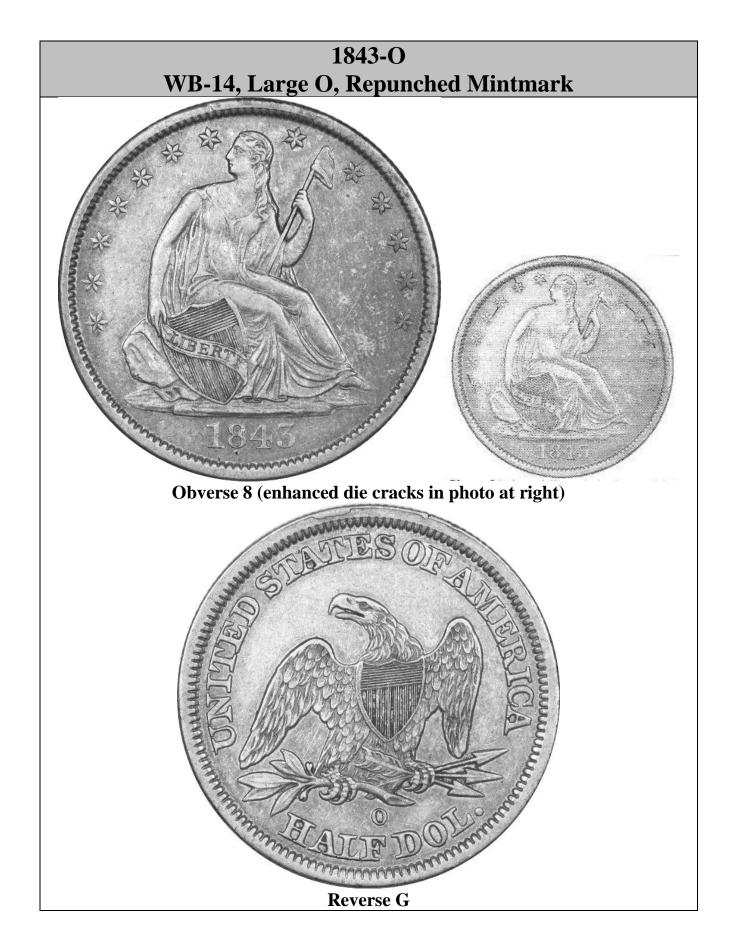


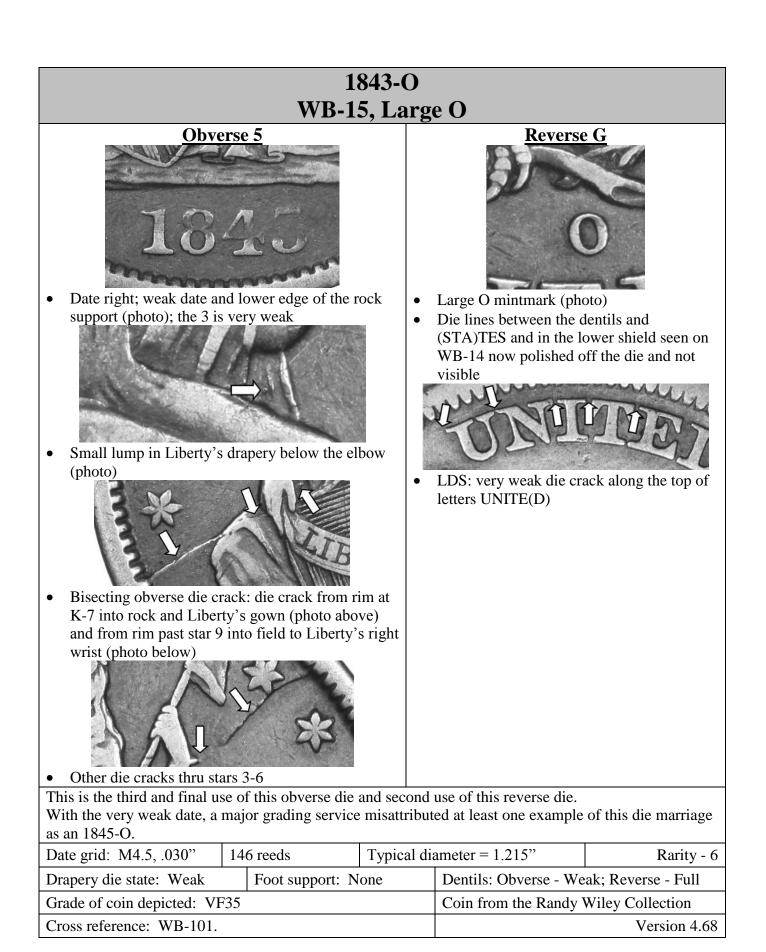
• EDS to MDS: horizontal die lines in lower shield (photo)



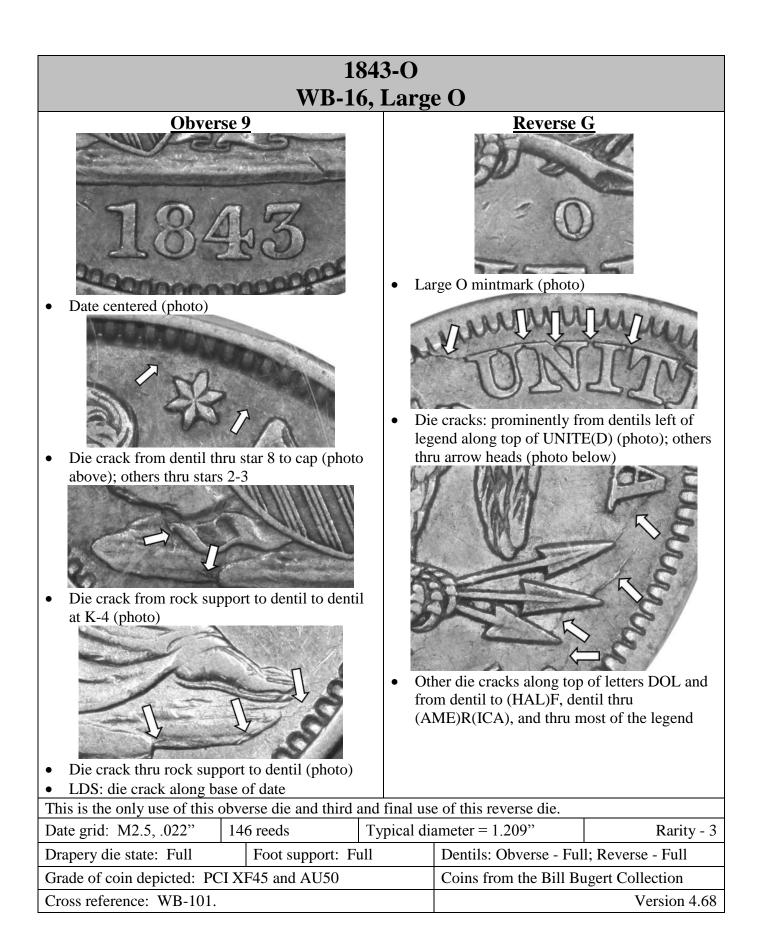
• LDS: rim cud above (STA)TE(S) (photo)

This is the second and final use of this obverse die and first use of this reverse die.							
Date grid: M2.5, .018" 146 reeds T			$1 \sqrt{n} c_{21} / (1) m eter \equiv 1 / (1)$			EDS: Rarity - 6 Rarity - 3	
Drapery die state: Weak to None Foot support: F			: Full to	weak Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse: - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: XF45 EI				EDS	EDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
LDS: XF45 LI				LDS	LDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection		
Cross reference: WB-102.						Version 4.68	

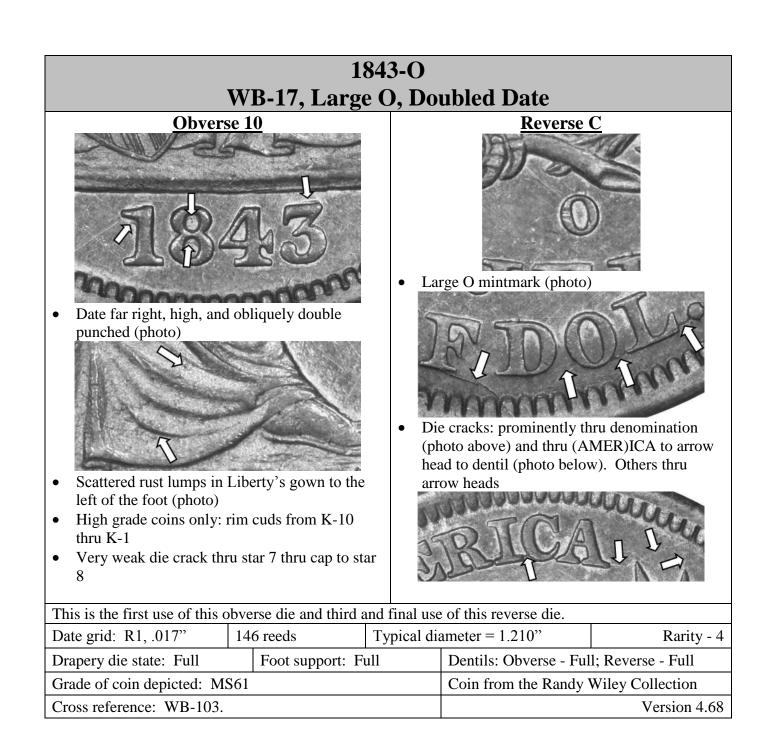




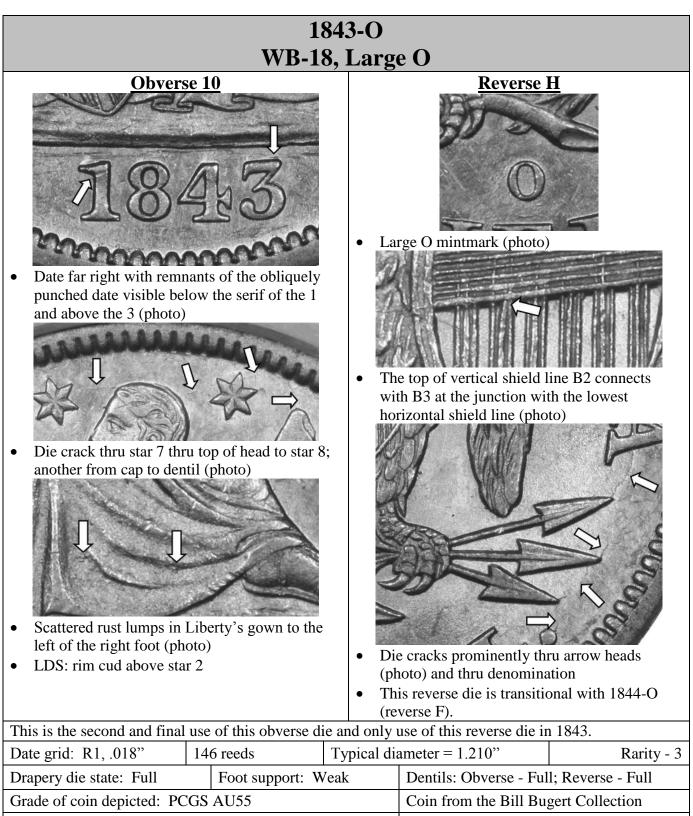






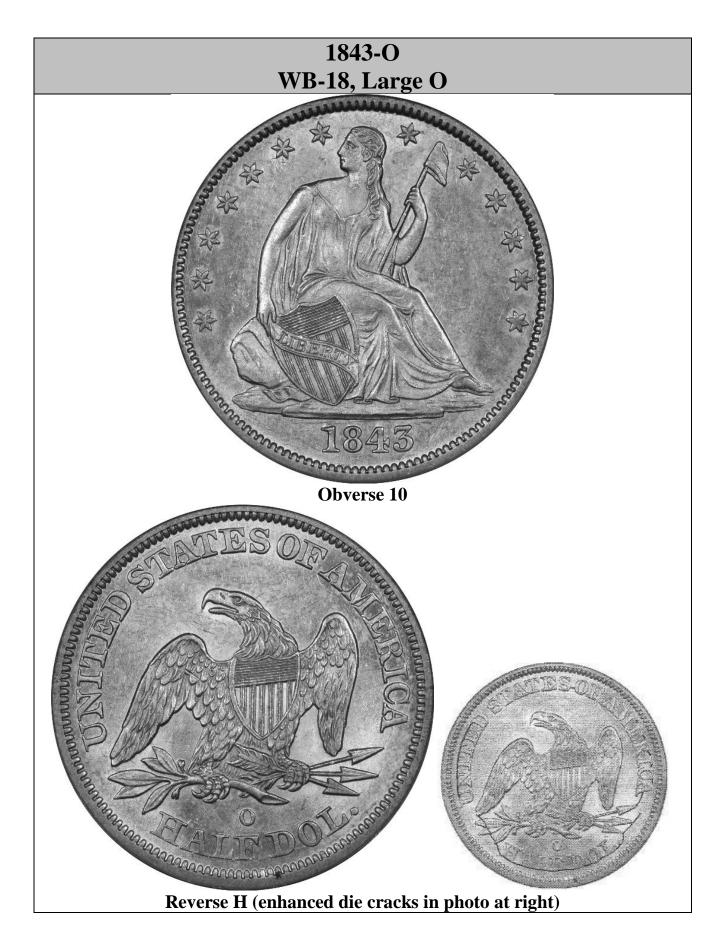






Cross reference: WB-103.

Version 4.68



**Bill Bugert** 

# **1844-O**

With slightly over two million 1844-O half dollars minted, this date has plenty of interesting varieties to attract the dedicated collector. Included are repunched dates including the popular dramatically doubled date, four different reed counts, heavily cracked dies, a center obverse "dot," two mintmark sizes, reengraved foot supports, and various die lines and gouges. All dies can be easily distinguished using the notes and photographs contained in the following pages.

Twenty-two die marriages are known as depicted in the tables below.

Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of Die Marriages	Obverse Dies	Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested		-	-	4
2,005,000	Shipped	-	12	12	(146, 147,
	Known	22	10	14	148, 149)

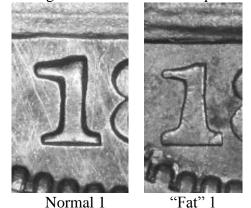
An additional five unused reverse dies were on hand from 1843.

**Dished date**. Most dates have what is called a "dished 8," where the center cross section of the date is weak. Most likely this effect was caused by a defective date punch, whether the center of the date punch was unevenly prepared or the digits on the working dies were clogged with grease or minting residue. In any case, this "dished 8" effect is commonly seen on most dates in 1844.



**"Fat" 1 in date**. One obverse die (#5) for die marriages WB-11, 12, 13, 14 has a date with a "fat" lower upright on the 1. (Compare the photos below) This is no doubt a characteristic of the date logo punch used to impress the date into the working die. The "fat 1" description was first coined by Dick Osburn.

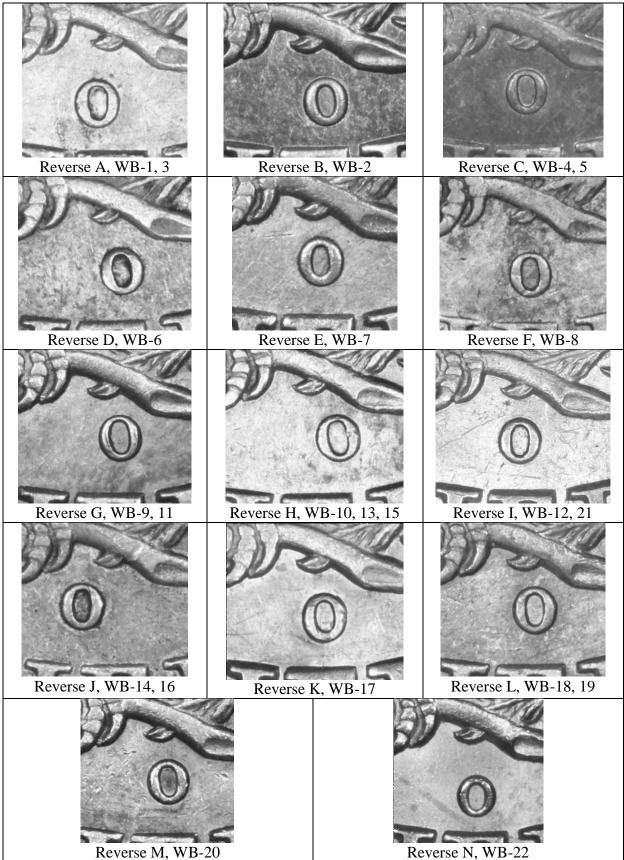
**Defective obverse dies**. In a letter dated November 2, 1844 from the Mint in Philadelphia to the New Orleans Branch Mint, R.M. Patterson said to J.M. Kennedy: "…*The Half Dollar dies are in progress. They have been somewhat delayed by an accident in impressing the dates, with the punches.*" Furthermore, three 1844 dated obverse dies were shipped to New Orleans, one each on November 5<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup>, and 7<sup>th</sup>. Perhaps the "accident" referred to in the letter of November 2<sup>nd</sup> were the dies shipped a few days later and are now what we call the repunched dates including the dramatically doubled date.



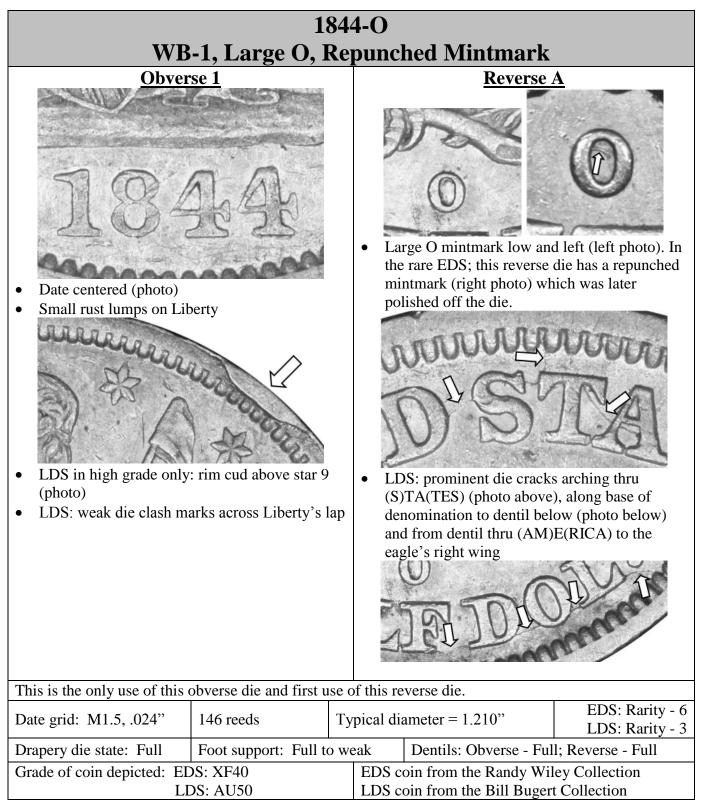
Obverse die date grid	Die Marriage
L5.5, .016"	WB-12
L5.5, .016"	WB-11
L5.5, .019"	WB-13
L5.5, .020"	WB-14
M1.5, .019"	WB-19
M1.5, .019"	WB-20
M1.5, .024"	WB-1
M1.5, .025"	WB-5
M2.5, .012"	WB-17
M2.5, .012"	WB-18
M2.5, .014"	WB-22
M2.5, .018"	WB-21
M2.5, .019"	WB-6
M2.5, .020"	WB-15
M2.5, .020"	WB-16
M2.5, .021"	WB-8
M2.5, .022"	WB-7
M2.5, .022"	WB-9
M2.5, .022"	WB-10
M3 , .016"	WB-3
M3 , .018"	WB-4
M3.5, .016"	WB-2

# 1844-O date grid quick reference table

#### **1844-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**

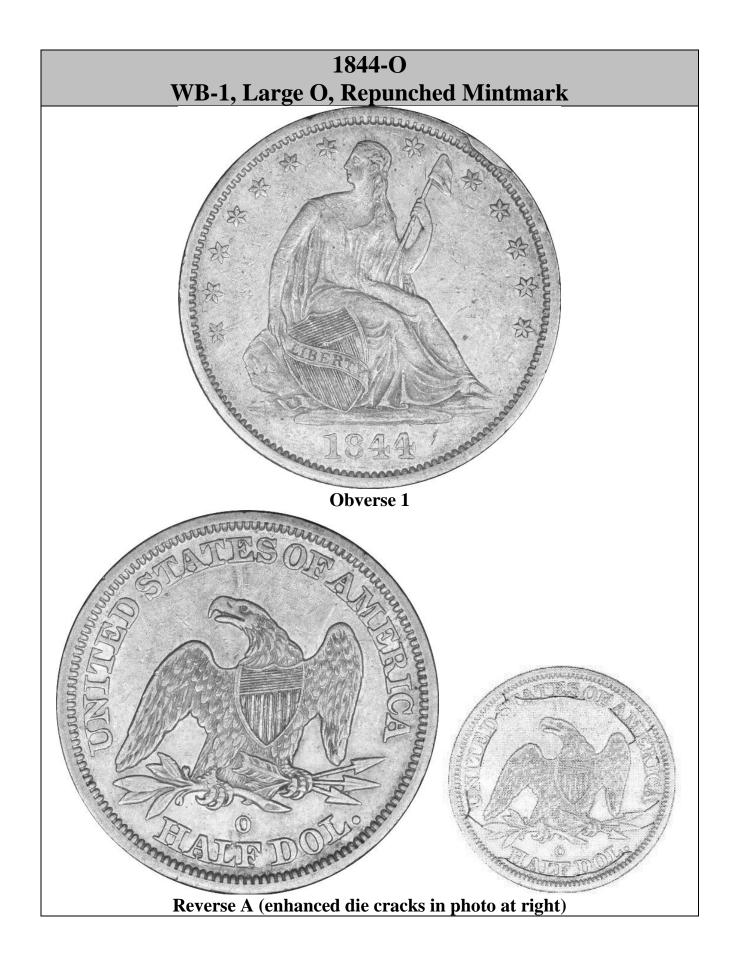


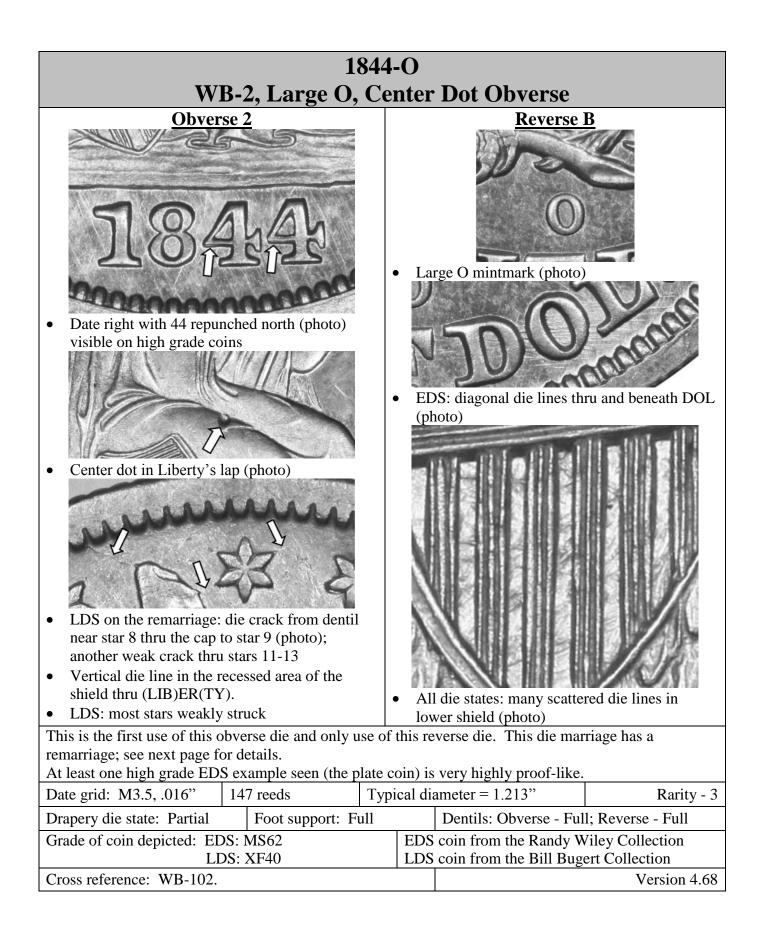
1844-O Obverse an Reverse di identificatio keys	ıd e	Repunched mintmarkVdie crack arching thru(S)TA(TES)	Scatte	B beautiful unit and	Vertical die gouge from		Derallel die lines thru STATES OF		Die crack from OF to the dentils above A(MERICA)	Top of vertical shield line B2 connects with B3	ට Die lines thru AM(ERICA)	H Mintmark at right and tilting to the left
Small rust lumps on Liberty	1	WB-1		D			D			r		
Center dot	2	<b>WB-3</b>	W	/ <b>B-2</b>	WB	-4						
Die crack from dentil at K-7 to rock	3				WB	-5						
Die line from dentil to rock support	4						WB-0	6	WB-7	WB-8	WB-9	WB-10
Reengraved foot support	5										WB-11	WB-13
<b>1844-C</b> Obverse an Reverse d identificati keys	nd ie	Mij	tulting to the left	Parallel die lines thru	(A)MER(ICA)		Mintmark to far right	Mintmark with vertical	die crack thru the mintmark	File line from the dentil above (STA)T(ES)	Cracked die prominently thru UNITED STATES	Medium O mintmark
		Н		]	[		J		K	L	Μ	Ν
Reengraved foot support	5	WB-	13	WB	3-12	W	<b>B-14</b>					
Repunched second 4	6	WB-	15			W	B-16					
Die lines on Liberty's calf	7							V	VB-17	WB-18		
Small lump on the drapery	8									WB-19	WB-20	
Die line from dentils to star 10	9			WB	3-21							
Dramatically doubled date	10	)										WB-22



Cross reference: WB-106.

Version 4.68





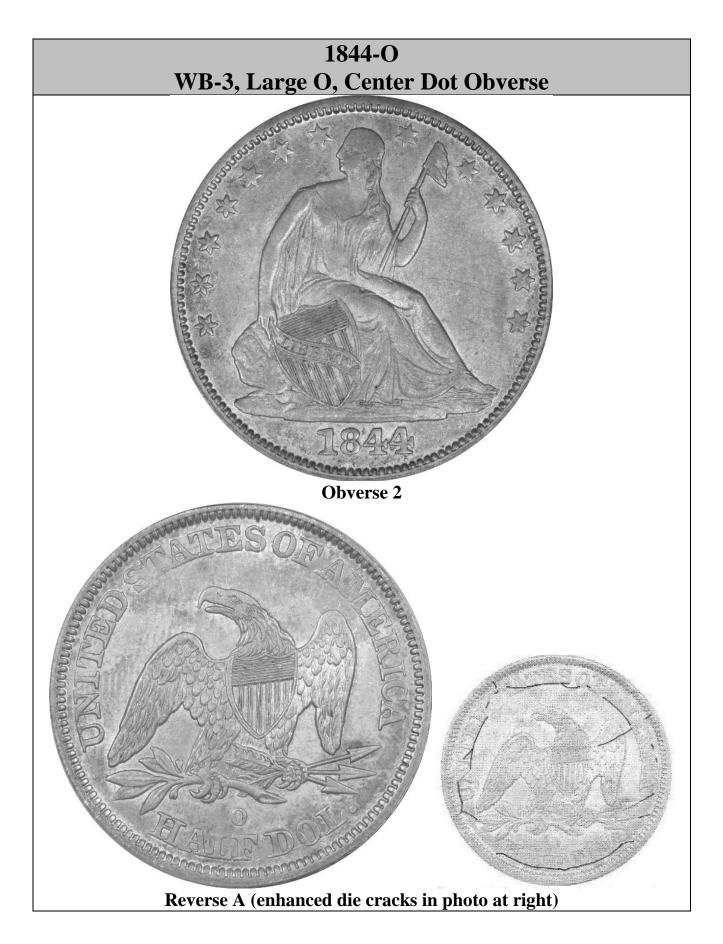
# 1844-O WB-2 and WB-2R Remarriage Large O, Center Dot Obverse

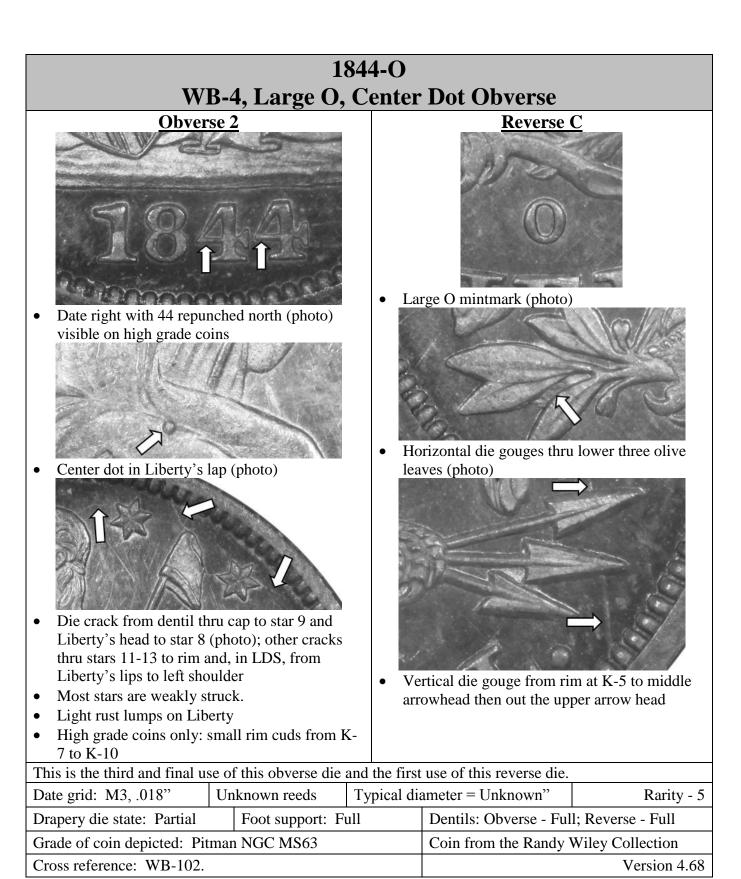
Based on analysis of multiple WB-2 coins, it is obvious that this die marriage has a remarriage of the obverse 2 and reverse B dies. Die marriage WB-3 (obverse 2, reverse A) was struck between the WB-2 first marriage and the WB-2R remarriage. The key identifier for the remarriage is the die crack from the dentil near star 8 thru the cap to star 9 to dentil. In the first marriage of WB-2, this obverse die is uncracked; on WB-3 with the same obverse, this die is faintly cracked thru stars 12-13. This last die crack is advanced to stars 11-13 on WB-3 and, furthermore, has the additional die crack thru the cap on WB-2R.



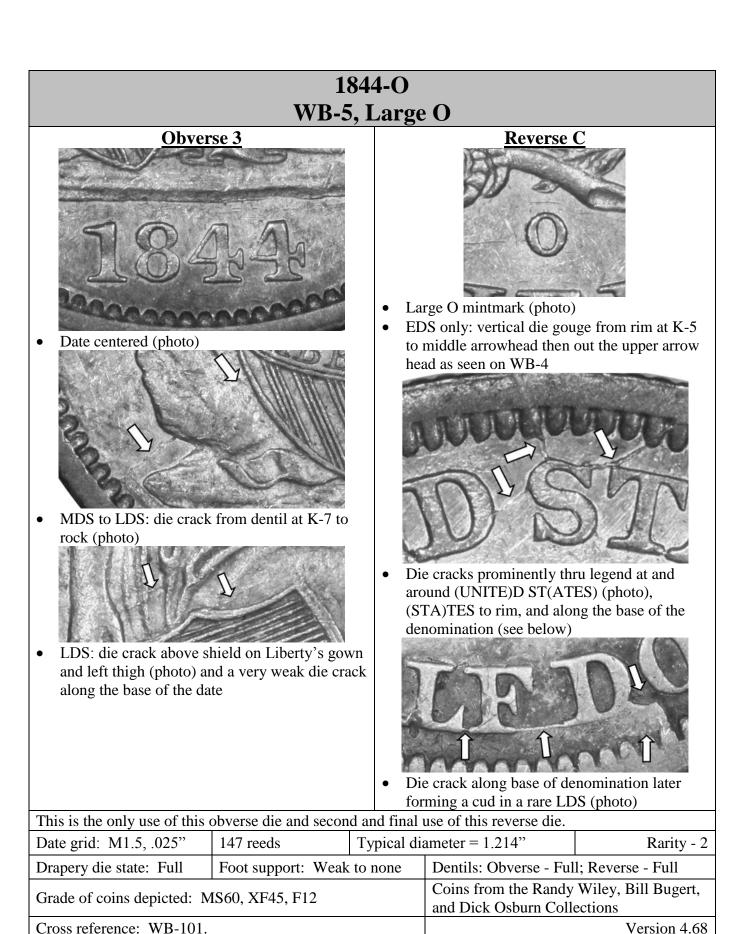


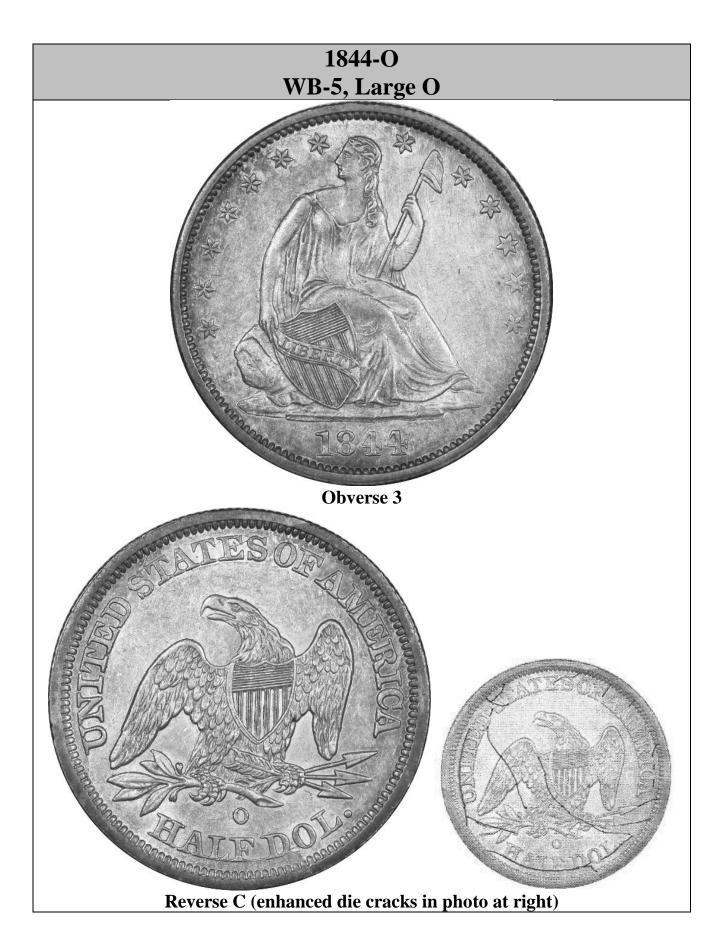
<b>1844-O</b>								
WB-3, Large O, Center Dot Obverse								
Obverse 2 Obverse 2	punched north	Lat     Ad     (ph     der     (Al     the     )     (Cla	Reverse A	a left (photo) a left (photo) b left (photo) c left (photo)				
	reeds		ameter = $1.210$ "	Rarity - 4				
	Foot support: Fu	21	Dentils: Obverse - Ful					
Grade of coin depicted: PCGS A			Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection					
Cross reference: WB-102.		Version 4.68						







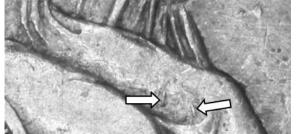




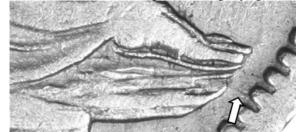
# 1844-O WB-6, Large O



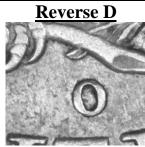
• Date centered (photo). The top of the second 4 shows very slightly repunching.



• Die lines on Liberty's right knee that are extensions of the reengraved drapery (photo)



- Die line from dentil to rock support below the foot (photo). Note the reengraved foot support below Liberty's foot.
- Vertical file lines between stars 10 and the adjacent dentils.



• Large O mintmark tilting left (photo)



• Parallel die lines thru STATES OF (photo above) and (A)MER(ICA); LDS: rare cud above (STAT)ES (photo below)



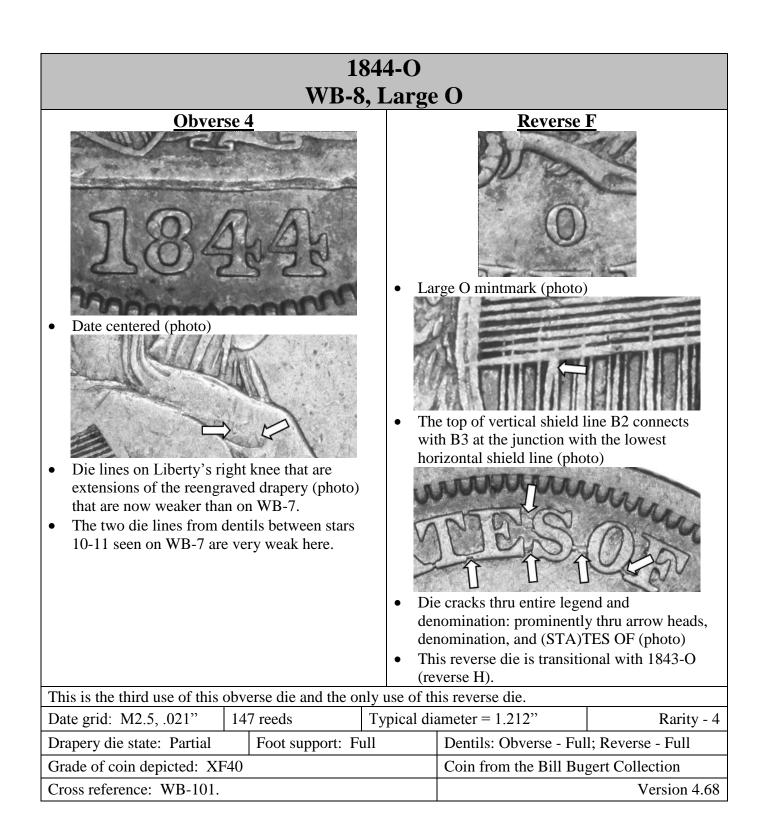
- All die states: heavy die line from dentil to (AMERI)C(A) (photo)
- LDS: die cracks around the entire legend and denomination

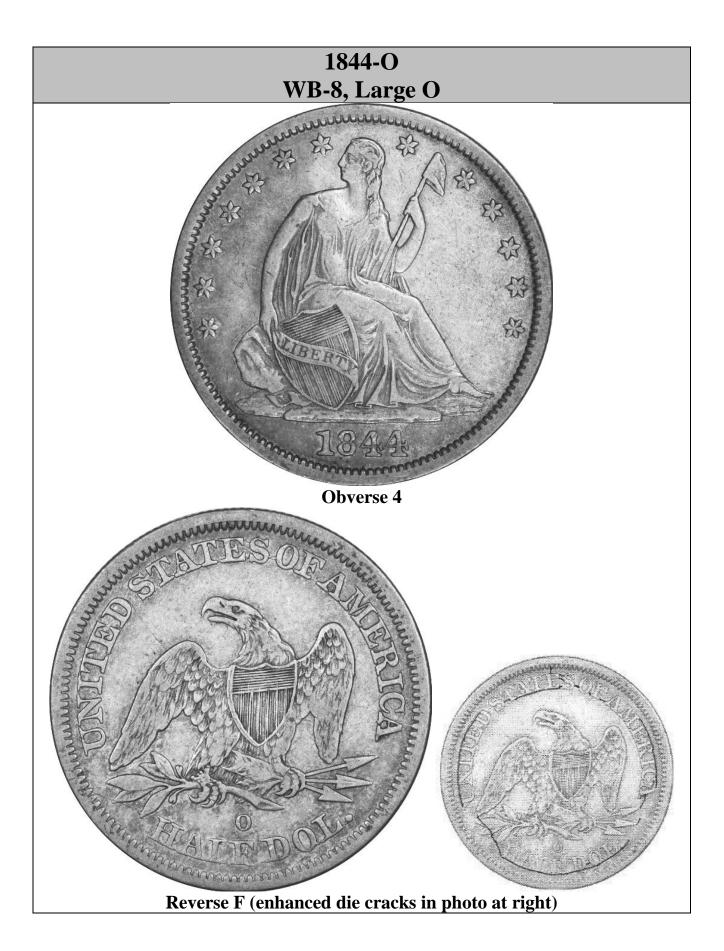
This is the first use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: M2.5, .019"	14	6 reeds	ameter = 1.210" Rarity - 3			
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full				Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: ED	DS: 2	XF45, LDS: XF40	Coins from the Bill Bugert Collection			
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68		

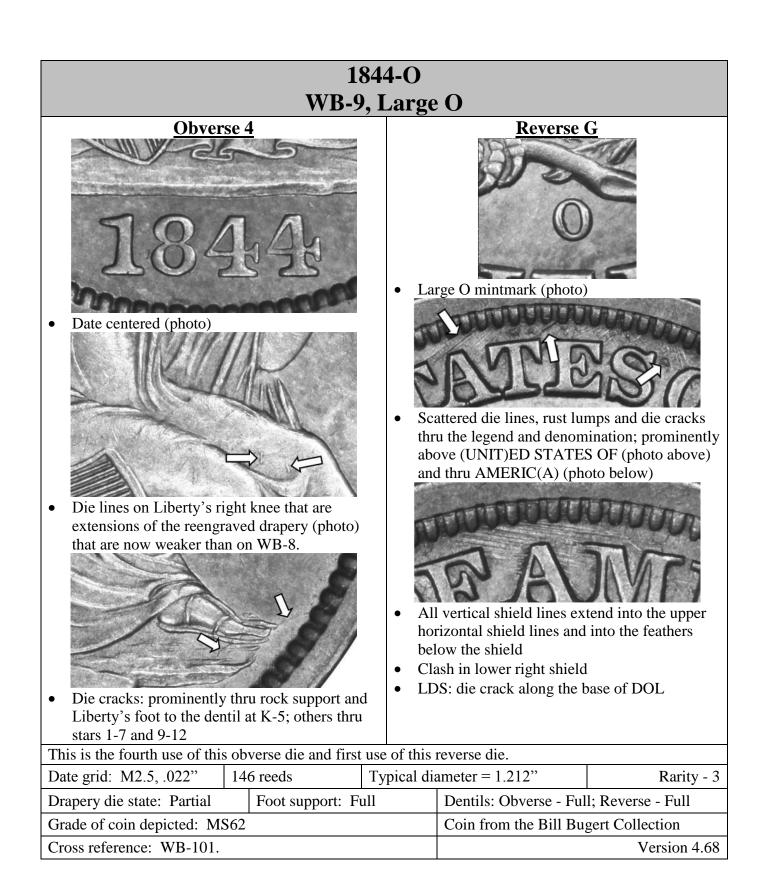




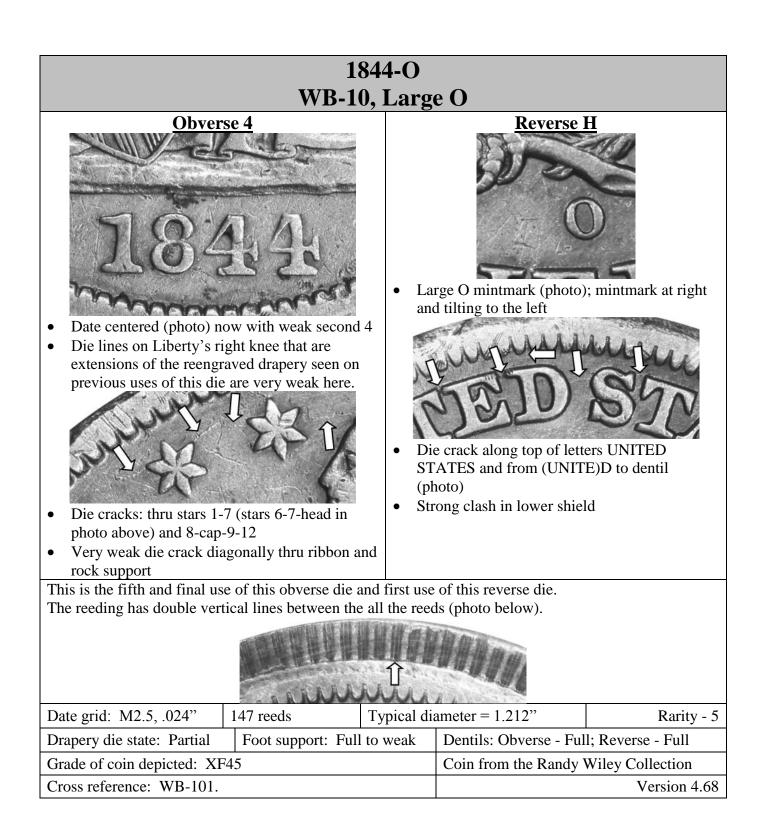








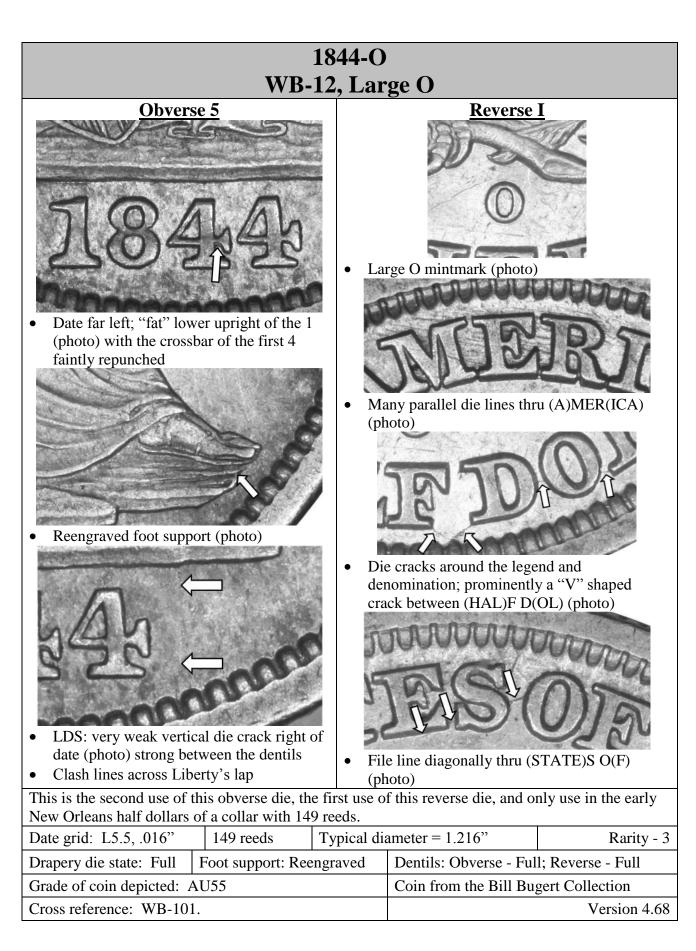




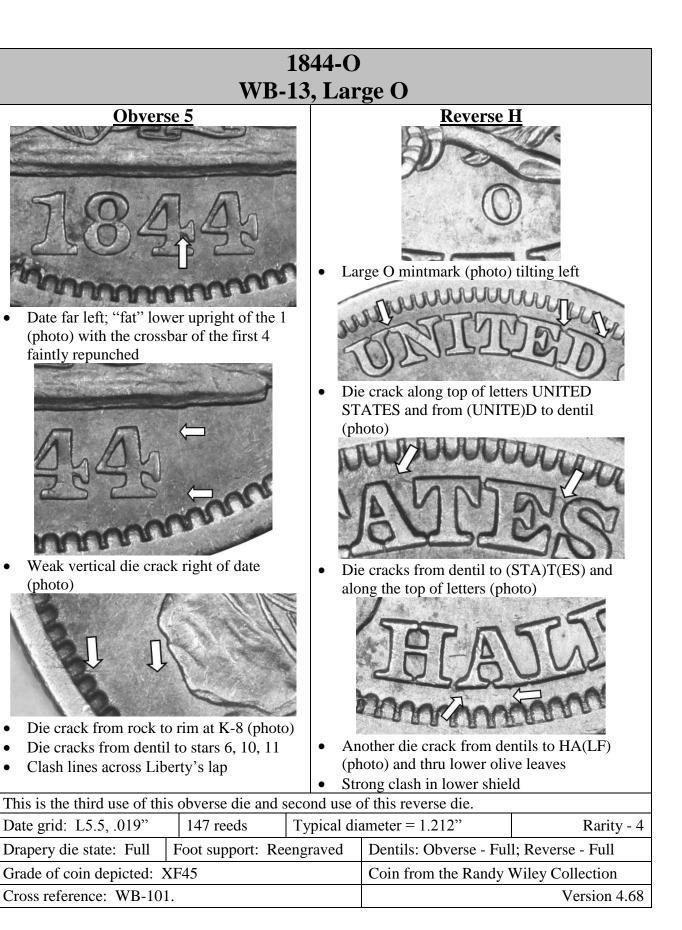


1844-O						
WB-11, Large O						
<image/>	<ul> <li>Sc: thr about</li> <li>Diadout</li> <li>Diadout</li> <li>Diadout</li> <li>Diadout</li> <li>Diadout</li> <li>Diadout</li> <li>Diadout</li> <li>Control (Control (Contro) (Control (Control (Contro) (Control (Control (Control (Contr</li></ul>	Reverse of The second	The legend and y diagonally thru the ves and along the vestor a LDS in (HAL)F D(OL)			
	This is the first use of this obverse die and second and final use of this reverse die. The reeding has double vertical lines between the all the reeds as on WB-10 (see photo on WB-10).					
Date grid: L5.5, .016" 147 reeds Ty	ameter = 1.212"	Rarity - 4				
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Reengra	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full					
Grade of coin depicted: XF45	Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection					
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68			

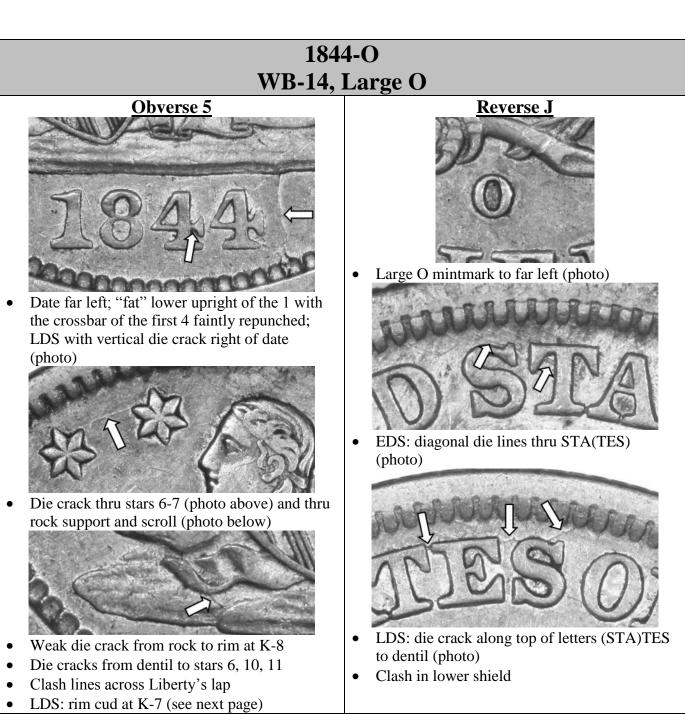












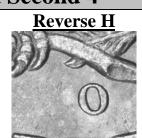
This is the fourth and final use of this obverse die and the first use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: L5.5, .020"	147 reeds	Typical dia	ameter = 1.212"	Rarity - 3		
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: Reengraved		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: XF45, LDS: XF45			Coins from the Randy	Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68		



#### 1844-O WB-15, Large O, Repunched Second 4



- Date centered with the second 4 repunched south (photo)
- LDS: weak die crack from Liberty's big toe to the dentil below star 13; another thru stars 3-7, Liberty's head and star 8.
- Die clash lines across Liberty's lap and above Liberty's leg on both sides of the pole



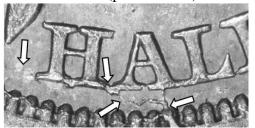
• Large O mintmark (photo)



• Die crack along top of letters UNITED STATES and from (UNITE)D to dentil (photo)



• Many die cracks: prominently from dentil to (ST)AT(ES) and along the top of letters (photo above) and from dentils to HA(LF) and thru lower olive leaves (photo below)



Strong clash in lower shield

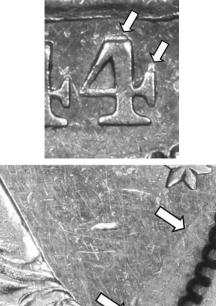
This is the first use of this obverse die and third and final use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: M2.5, .020"	148 reedsTypical diameter = 1.212"			Rarity - 3		
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: Full	to weak	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full			
			EDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection LDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection			
Cross reference: WB-104.				Version 4.68		



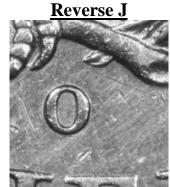
### 1844-O WB-16, Large O, Repunched Second 4



• Date centered with the second 4 repunched south (photos above and below) and weak centered of 8 (incomplete 8)



- All die states seen: die crack from Liberty's big toe to the dentil below star 13; another thru stars 3-7, Liberty's head, and star 8.
- Weak die clash lines across Liberty's lap
- Rim cud at K-7 (see next page)



• Large O mintmark to far left (photo)



• All die states: die crack along top of letters (STA)TES to dentil; LDS with \$-like die crack thru (STATE)S (photo). Other die cracks thru most of the legend and denomination (see next page) including heavy cracks below DO(L) (photo below)

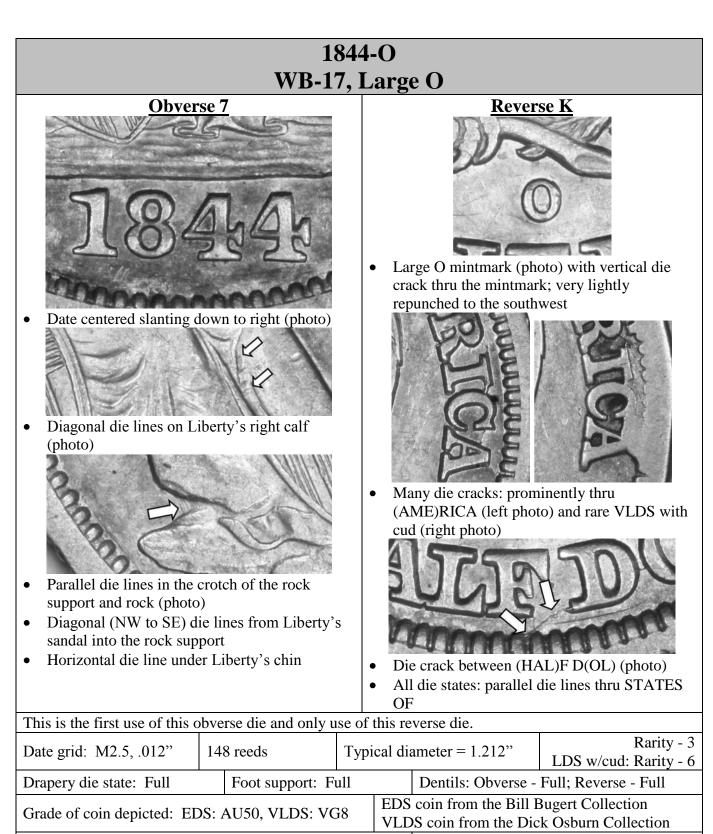


Weak clash in lower shield

Tunn eua at II / (bee nei	n p	*5°)					
This is the second and final use of this obverse die and second and final use of this reverse die.							
Date grid: M2.5, .020"	14	148 reeds Typic			pical diameter = 1.210" Rar		
Drapery die state: Full		Foot support: None			Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: AU50 C				Coin	from the Randy Wiley	Collection	
Cross reference: WB-104.						Version 4.68	

•

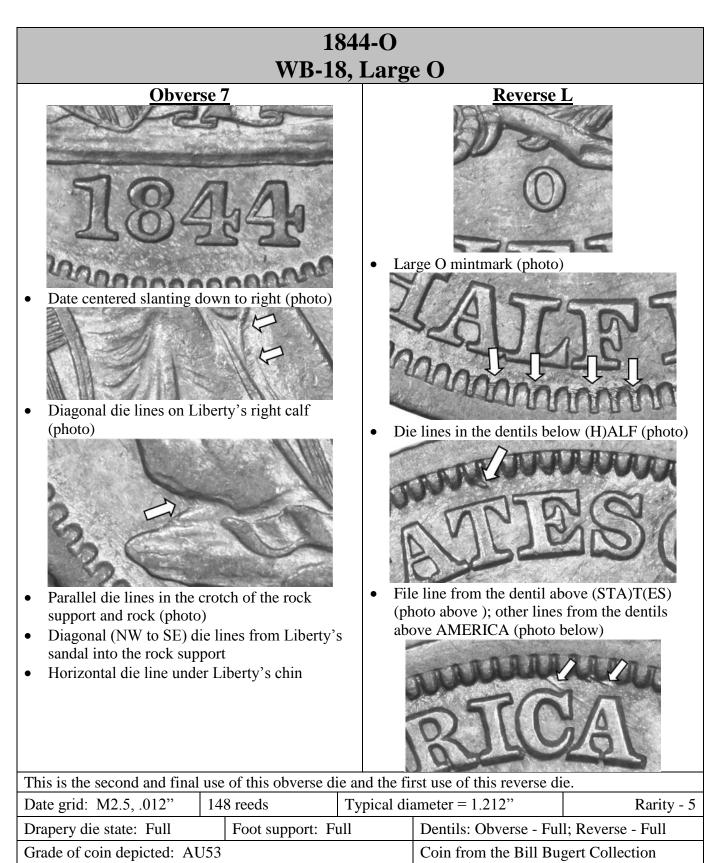




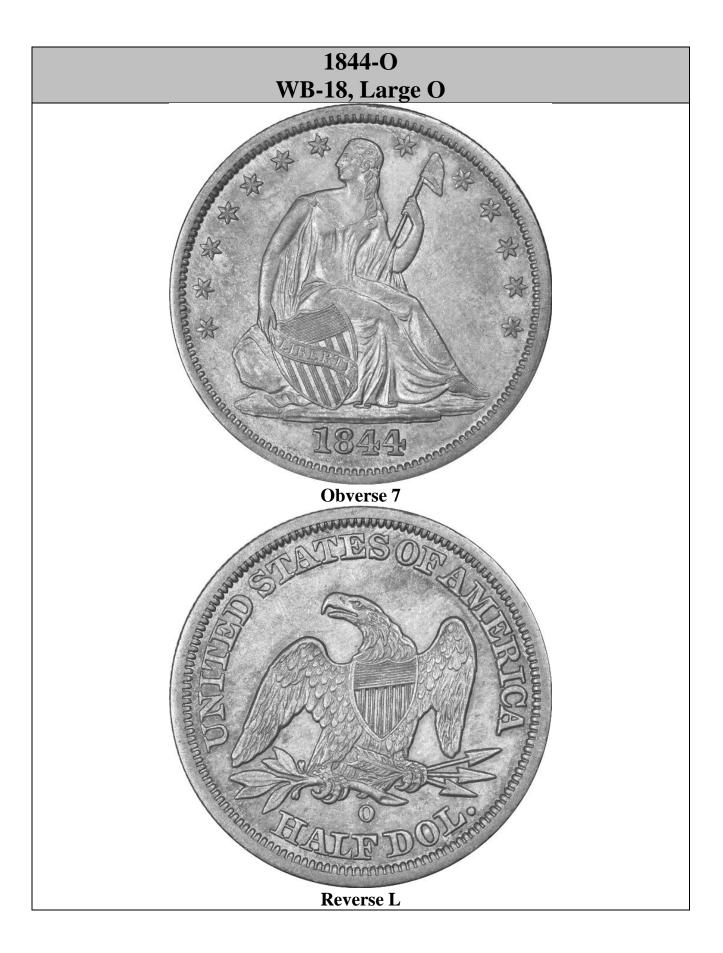
Cross reference: WB-101.

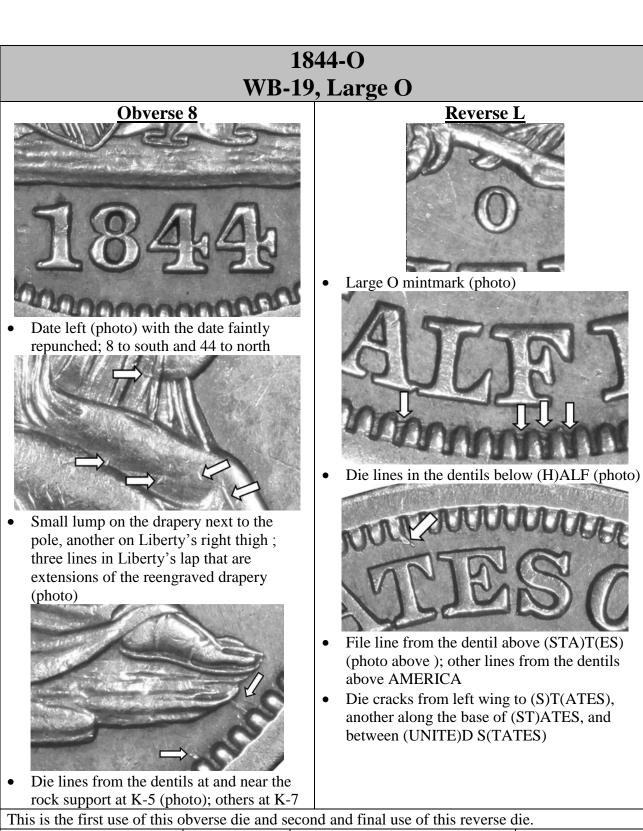
Version 4.68





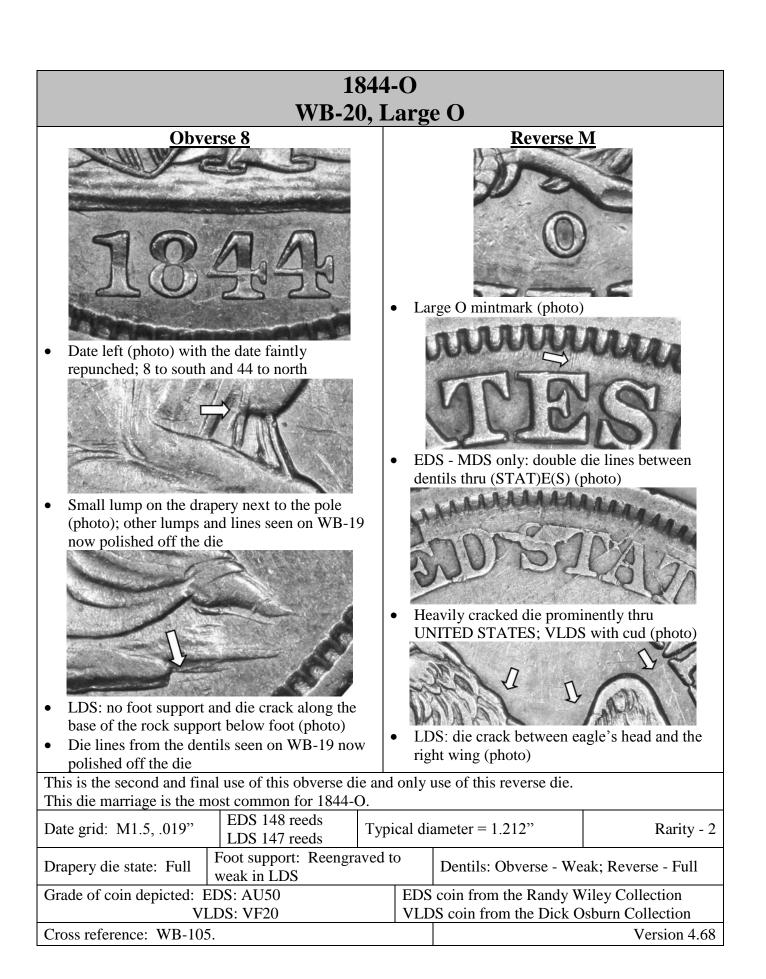
Version 4.68





This is the first use of this obverse die and second and final use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: M1.5, .019"	148 reeds	Typical diameter = 1.212"		Rarity - 5		
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: Re	engraved	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: AU50			Coin from the Randy	Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-105.				Version 4.68		







1844	4-0						
WB-21, Large O							
Obverse 9 <b>Date right (photo) with the date very slightly repunched</b> Date right (photo) with the date very slightly repunched <b>Die line from dentils to star 10 (photo)</b> Strong halo on most stars Reengraved foot support below Liberty's foot This is the only use of this obverse die and second ar	Reverse I Provide the serverse die. Reverse I Provide the serverse die. Reverse I Reverse I R						
	rpical diameter = 1.210" Rarity - 3						
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Reengraved							
Grade of coin depicted: AU58	Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection						
Cross reference: Similar to but not WB-105.	Version 4.68						



#### 1844-O WB-22, Medium O, Dramatically Doubled Date

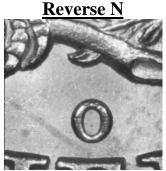
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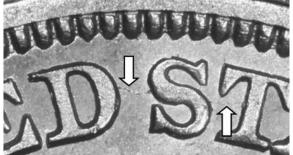
• Date centered and dramatically doubled with the first punching of the date in the rock support (photo)



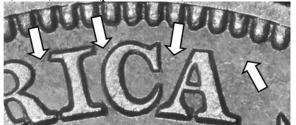
• Weak double die evident on the upper edge of vertical shield lines A1-3 and B1-3 and outside shield edge (photo). This doubling can be seen on EDS coins.



Medium O mintmark (photo), the only use of a medium mintmark in 1844



• LDS: weak die cracks thru UNITE(D) ST(ATES) (photo above) and thru (AME)RICA (photo below)



- Repaired center dot (hole) in the top of vertical shield lines A1-3; only die as such seen in 1844-O
- This reverse die is transitional with 1845-O (Reverse B).

This is the only use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die in 1844-O.						
Date grid: M2.5, .014"	147 reeds	Typical dia	ameter = 1.213"	Rarity - 4		
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Reengraved			d Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: XF45			EDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection			
LDS: MS64			LDS Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection			
Cross reference: WB-103.				Version 4.68		



# 1845-0

With a high mintage, there are plenty of 1845-O half dollars available. However, there are a large number of die marriages and many interesting die varieties to keep collecting interesting including double dates, repunched dates, a triple date, over mintmarks, multiple reed counts, lots of cracked dies, two mintmark sizes, and even a footless 1.

Twenty die marriages are known as depicted in the tables below.

Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of Die Marriages	Obverse Dies	Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested		-	-	2
2,094,000	Shipped	-	14	12	(147, 148)
	Known	20	13	11	(147, 146)

**No drapery die state**. Many 1845-O half dollars can be found without drapery below Liberty's elbow (photo below left). This no drapery die state resulted from excessive die polishing, is not a design change (as with the 1839 No drapery hub), and should not command a premium price. Nearly every date in the Liberty Seated half dollar series can be found with at least one obverse die in a late die state without drapery; 1845-O no drapery half dollars are neither rare nor even scarce and do not merit the attention they often receive.



No drapery below Liberty's elbow

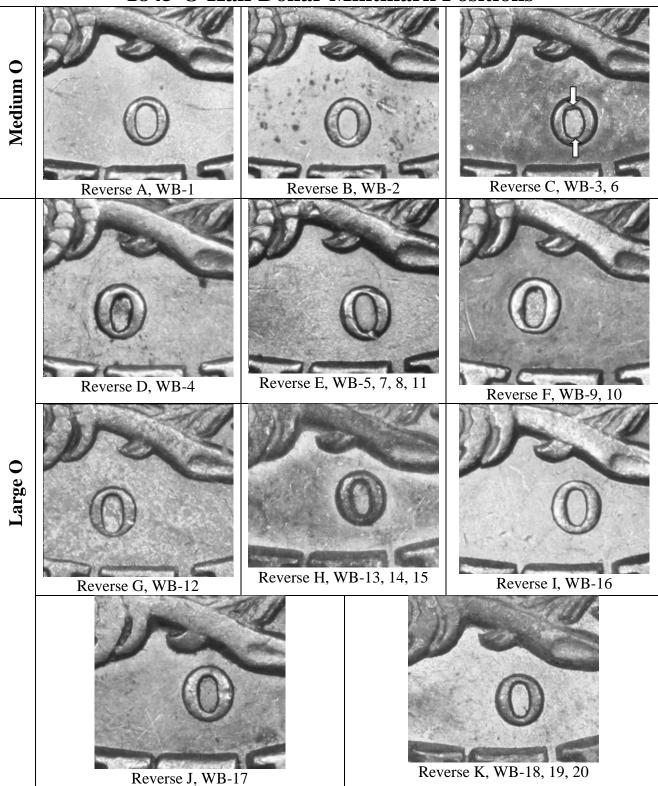


Normal drapery

Obverse die date grid	Die Marriage
L4.5, .026"	WB-19
M1.5, .015"	WB-4
M1.5, .015"	WB-5
M1.5, .022"	WB-8
M1.5, .024"	WB-9
M2 ,.016"	WB-1
M2 ,.018"	WB-2
M2 ,.018"	WB-3
M2 ,.032"	WB-15
M2 ,.033"	WB-16
M2.5, .015"	WB-18
M2.5, .016"	WB-6
M2.5, .018"	WB-7
M2.5, .018"	WB-20
M3 , .022"	WB-17
M3.5, .022"	WB-13
M3.5, .031"	WB-14
M3.5, .034"	WB-12
M4 , .018"	WB-11
M4 , .020"	WB-10

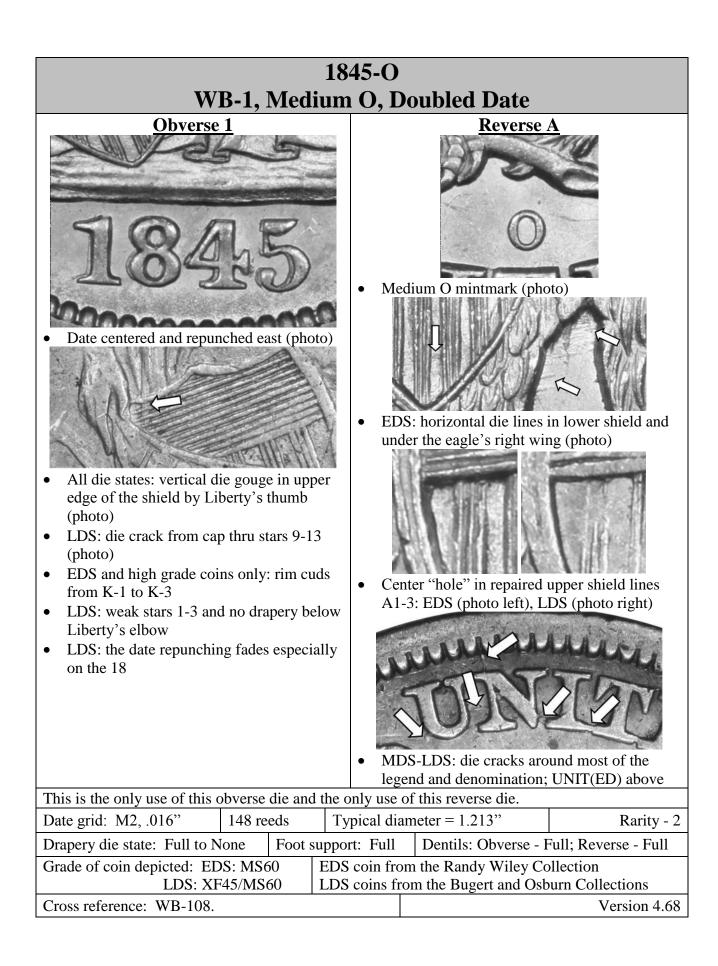
## 184<u>5-O date grid quick reference table</u>

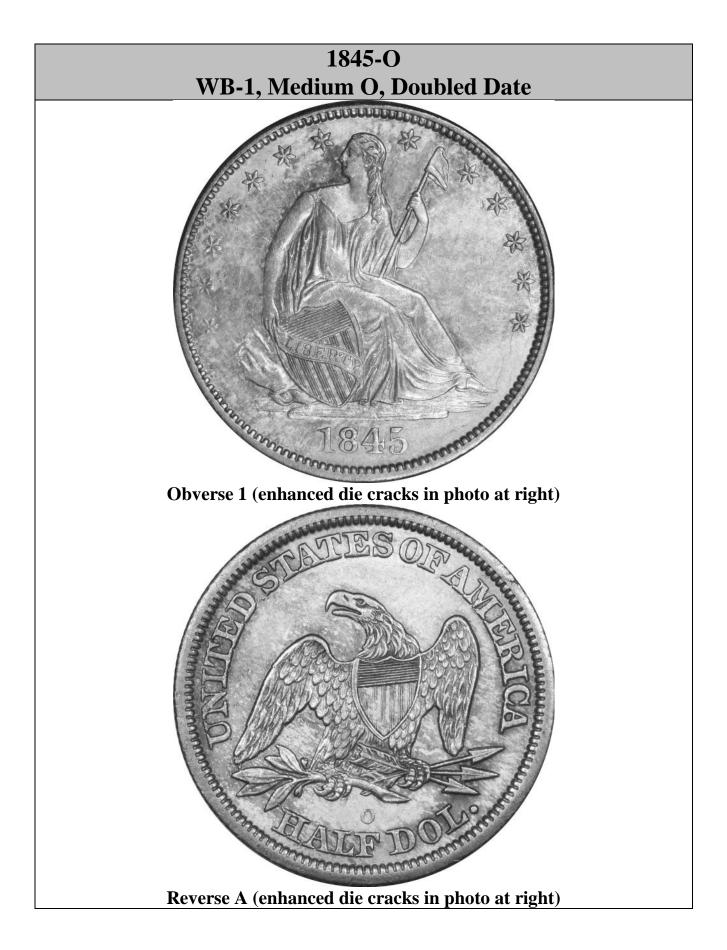
## **1845-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**



Doubled date1Repunched 8452	Α	В	С	Horizontal die lines the lower shield and the fields	E Scattered die lines in the lower shield	Herrowhead "Crud" lumps under middle arrowhead	ට Mintmark low and left
	A WB-1	D	C	D	L	Г	G
Repunched 845 2	VV D-1	WD A	WD 3				
		<b>WB-2</b>	WB-3				
Footless 1 3				<b>WB-4</b>	WB-5		
Horizontal die lines across shield 4 and Liberty's legs			WB-6		WB-7		
Rust lumps in lower left shield5					<b>WB-8</b>	WB-9	
Date slants down to right 6					WB-11	WB-10	WB-12

1845-O Obverse and Reverse die identification keys		H Twin die lines above (AM)E(RICA)	I Die crack from (AME)RI(CA) to rim	L Horizontal die lines in the lower shield	Die lines between theHentils and the letters(STA)TES O(F)
Die crack past star 9 into obverse field	7	WB-13			
Date slants down to right	8	WB-14			
Date repunched far left	9	WB-15	WB-16		
84 repunched west	10			<b>WB-17</b>	
Triple date	11				<b>WB-18</b>
18 repunched north	12				WB-19
Die lines in Liberty's gown	13				WB-20





1845							
WB-2, Medium O, Repunched 845							
Obverse 2         Image: Constraint of the second state of the second state	Reverse B         Image: Constraint of the second state of the second	.0					
This is the first use of this obverse die and only use of the pate with M2 018"							
	$\begin{array}{c c} pical diameter = 1.219" \\ \hline \\ Full \\ \hline \\ Dartile: Obvious \\ \hline \\ Full \\ \hline \\ \\ Paulo \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	- 4					
Drapery die state: Full to Partial Foot support:							
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: MS60 LDS: PCGS XF40	EDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection LDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection						
Cross reference: WB-102.	Version 4.	.68					



### 1845-O WB-3, Medium O over horizontal O



• Date centered (photo) with the repunching on the 845 seen on WB-2 now polished away; weak date



• LDS: die crack from dentil between stars 2-3 into the left obverse field (photo)

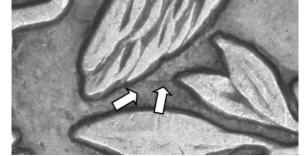


• LDS: die crack from dentil below star 13 into right obverse field (photo); another die crack between stars 12-13

**Reverse** C



• Medium O mintmark (photo) with the mintmark repunched over a horizontal O

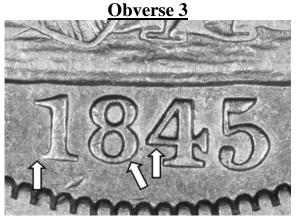


- Scattered die lines between the olive leaves and the eagle's left wing (photo)
- Vertical die lines from the eagle's lower wing tip thru the top arrow shaft
- LDS: clash in shield's lower right

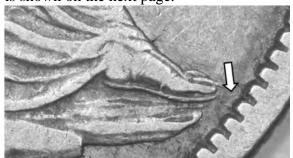
This is the second use of this obverse die and the first use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: M2, .018"	18" 148 reeds			Typical diameter = 1.210"		Rarity - 3
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support:		: Fi	ull	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: AU50			Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection			
-			Mintmark close-up coin from the Randy Wiley Collection			dy Wiley Collection
Cross reference: WB-103.				Version 4.68		



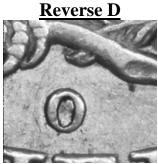
## 1845-O WB-4, Large O, Footless 1



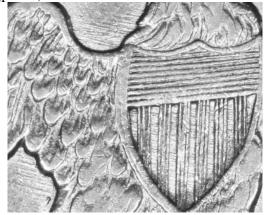
• Date high with the lower left base of the 1 as a "footless 1" (photo); EDS: repunched 84 (photo above). LDS with the left foot of the 1 missing is shown on the next page.



- LDS: die crack from Liberty's toes to K-4 (photo)
- LDS: clash lines in Liberty's drapery below the elbow



• Large O mintmark, low, left, and tilting right (photo)



• Horizontal die lines in the lower shield and in the fields above and below the eagle's left wing (photo)

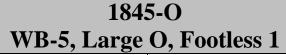


Die cracks prominently thru UNIT(ED) (photo), others thru and above (STAT)ES OF, and thru olive leaves

This is the first use of this obverse die and the only use of this reverse die.							
Date grid: M1.5, .015"	147 reeds		Typical diameter = $1.212$ "		ameter = 1.212"	Rarity - 4	
Drapery die state: Partial	Foot support: Full				Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: VF30				EDS	EDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
LDS: XF40				LDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection			
Cross reference: WB-109.					Version 4.68		

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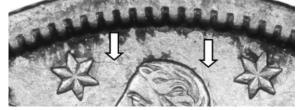
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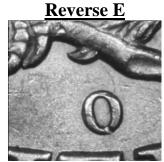


• Date high with the lower left base of the 1 as a "footless 1" (photo); now with the lower half of the 1 almost gone and a die crack thru the 184 and from the dentil below the 18 diagonally thru the 1 into the field



• Die crack from Liberty's toes to K-4 (photo above); another from star 7 thru Liberty's head to star 8 (photo below) and between stars 2-5





Large O mintmark, low, right, and tilting left (photo)



• EDS: scattered die lines (mostly diagonal) in the lower shield (photo); note "hole" in top of vertical shield lines A1-3 that is, unlike the other 1845-O reverse dies, unrepaired.



- Die cracks from upper right wing into field; another from (A)M(ERICA) to dentil (photo). Others thru legend
- Unfinished under olive leaves

This is the second and final use of this obverse die and the first use of this reverse die.								
Date grid: M1.5, .015"	148 reeds Typical dia		ameter = 1.211"	Rarity - 4				
Drapery die state: Partial	Foot support: Full to weak		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full					
Grade of coin depicted: AU	J55	Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection						
Cross reference: WB-109.			Version 4.68					



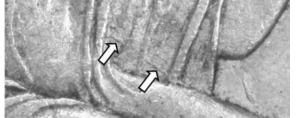
#### 1845-O WB-6, Medium O over horizontal O



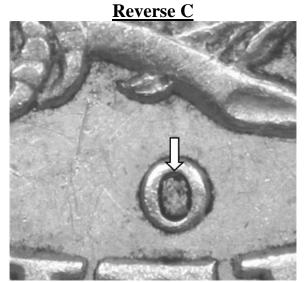
• Date centered (photo) with very lightly repunched 18 seen on high grade coins



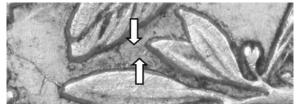
• Heavy horizontal die lines across the lower shield and Liberty's legs (photo above): these are die defects and not clash lines as sometimes mistakenly called; another diagonally (NW to SE) in the Liberty's gown to the left of the base of the pole (photo below)



- Weak star 8
- Two lumps in the rock support below the ribbon



 Medium O mintmark (photo) with the mintmark repunched over a horizontal O; repunching now only shows inside the top of mintmark



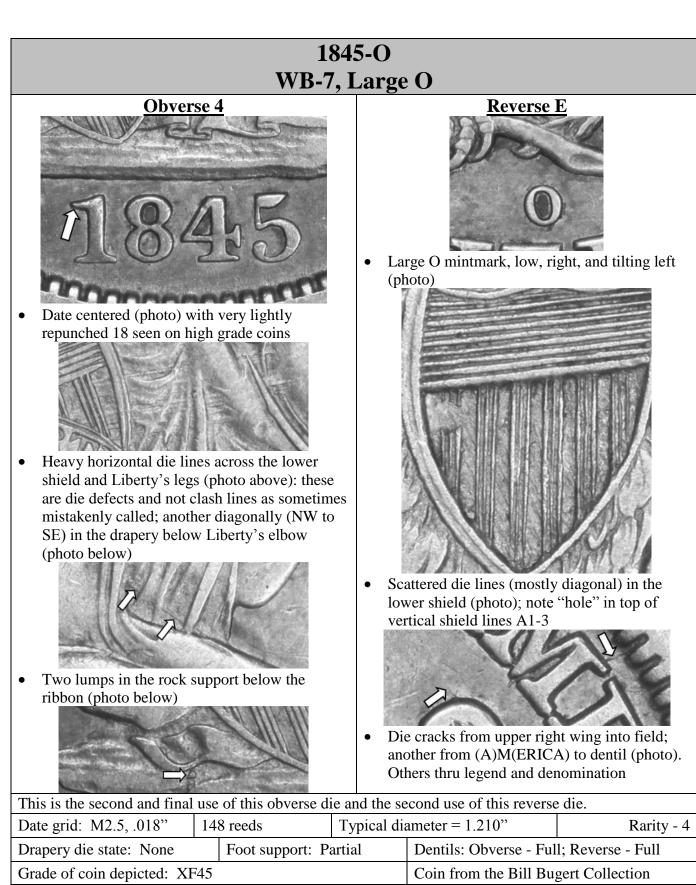
• Scattered die lines between the olive leaves and the eagle's left wing (photo)



- Die cracks prominently thru the olive leaves and along the top of the letters UNIT(ED) (photo); others from the arrowheads to the dentils
  - Clash in shield's lower right

This is the first use of this obverse die and the second and final use of this reverse die.					e.
Date grid: M2.5, .016" 148 reeds Typical of		Typical diameter = 1.214" Rarity -		Rarity - 3	
Drapery die state: Partial		Foot support: Full		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full	
Grade of coin depicted: NGC AU53			Coin from the Bill Bu	gert Collection	
Cross reference: WB-103.				Version 4.68	

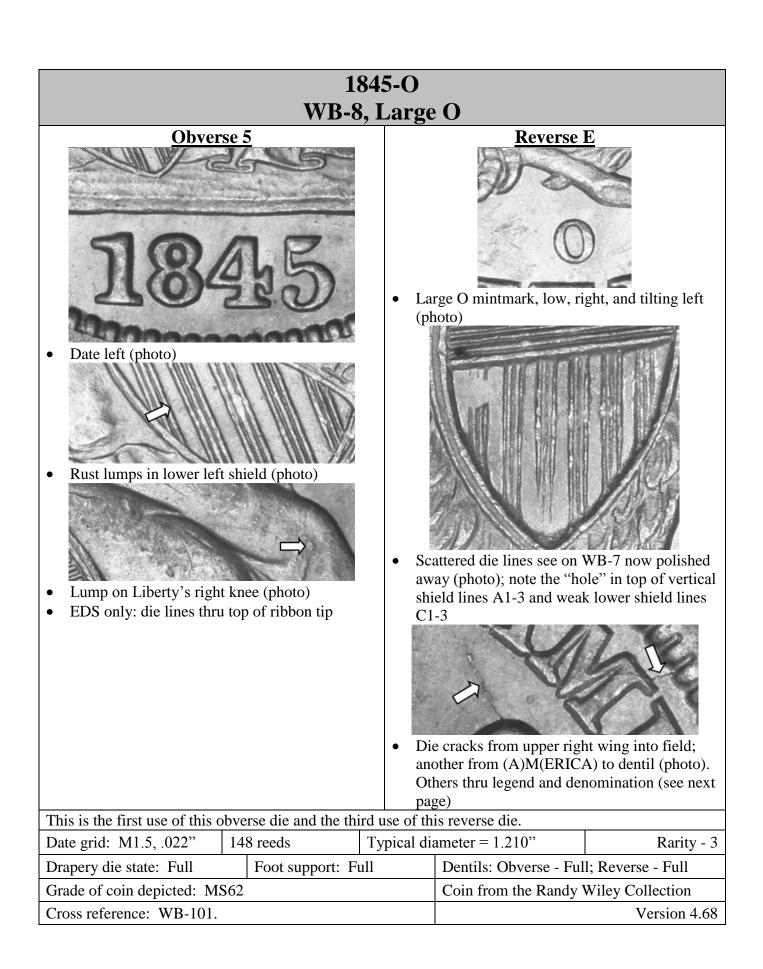




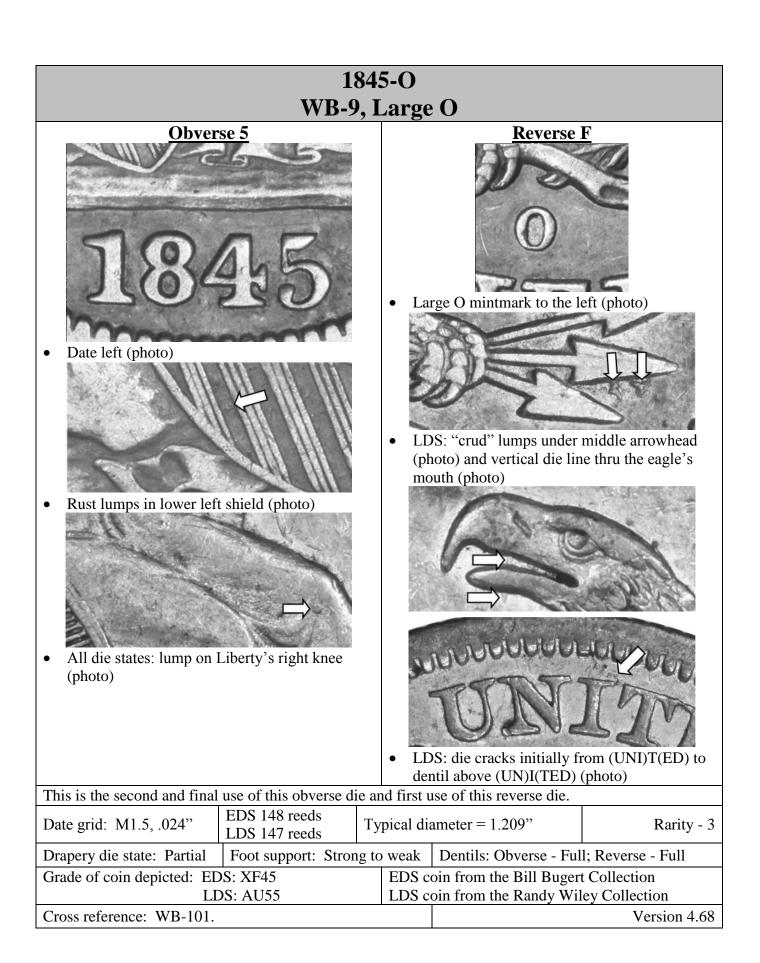
Cross reference: WB-101.

Version 4.68











1845	<b>1845-O</b>					
WB-10, Large O						
Obverse 6         Image: Constraint of the second	Reverse F         Image: Construction of the left (photo)         Image: Construction of the left (photo)					
This is the first use of this obverse die and the secondDate grid: M4, .020"147 reedsType	ypical diameter = $1.208$ " Rarity - 4					
Drapery die state: Full to Partial Foot support:						
Grade of coin depicted: XF45Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection						
Cross reference: WB-101. Version 4.6						



1845-O					
WB-11, Large O					
• Small lump in Liberty's gown behind her heel (photo); the die lines below Liberty's sandal seen on WB-10 are now polished away.	<ul> <li>(pf)</li> <li>"H we</li> <li>Did</li> <li>Did</li> <li>bel</li> <li>(A)</li> <li>(A)<th>Reverse I Find the second sec</th><th>ght, and tilting left nield lines A1-3 and 1-3 wing into field are from hoto). TATEJS O(F) elegend and</th></li></ul>	Reverse I Find the second sec	ght, and tilting left nield lines A1-3 and 1-3 wing into field are from hoto). TATEJS O(F) elegend and		
	This is the second use of this obverse die and the fourth and the Date grid: M4, .018"147 reedsTypical dia				
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Full	iour un	Dentils: Obverse - Ful	Rarity - 4 1; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: XF45		Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection			
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68		



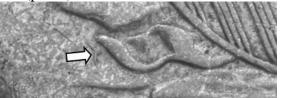
## 1845-O WB-12, Large O



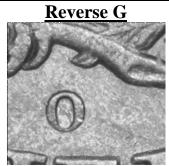
• Date right that slants down to right (photo). Note weak and missing rock support above the date.



• LDS with 148 reeds: stars 1-4 polished off the die giving a cameo-like appearance in the left field (photo)



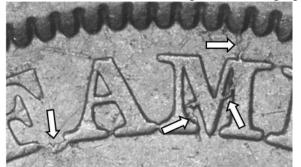
• LDS: weak die crack in the rock support to the left of the scroll



• Large O mintmark low, left, and upright (photo)



• EDS only with 147 reeds: die lines between letters AME(RICA) and dentils (photo); others below letters (HA)LF; scattered die lines between olive leaves and eagle's left wing tip

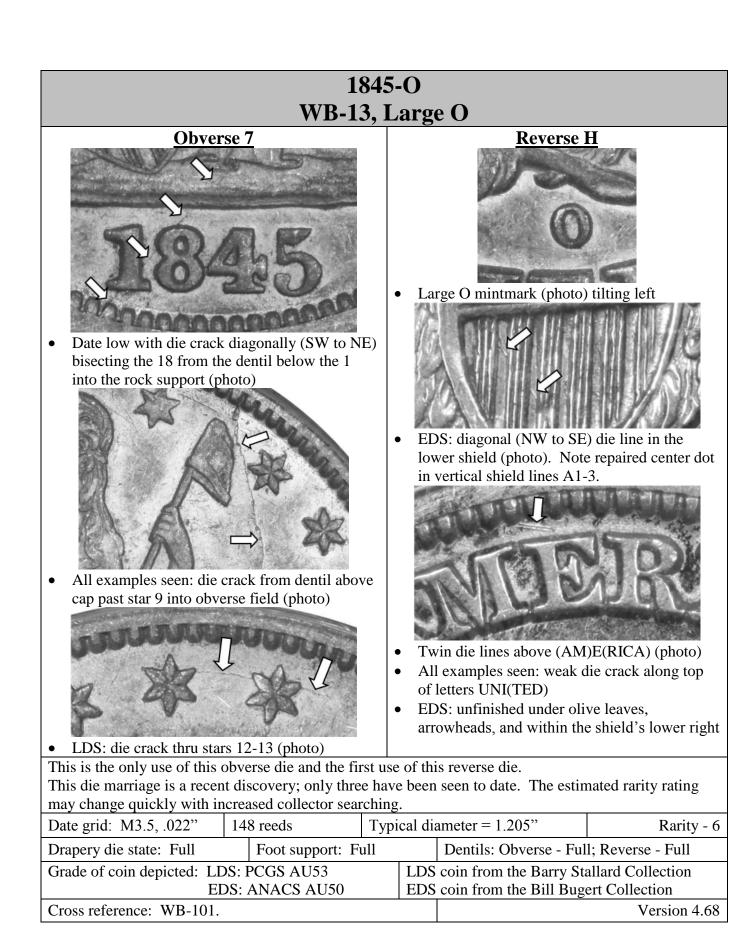


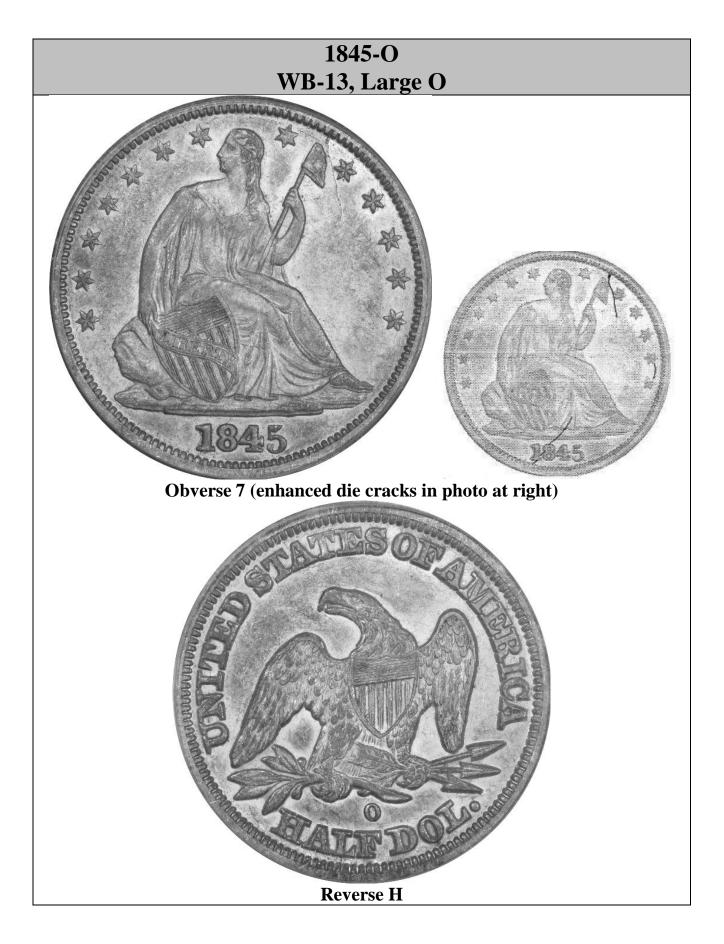
LDS only with 148 reeds: die crack initially diagonally thru (A)M(ERICA) (photo)

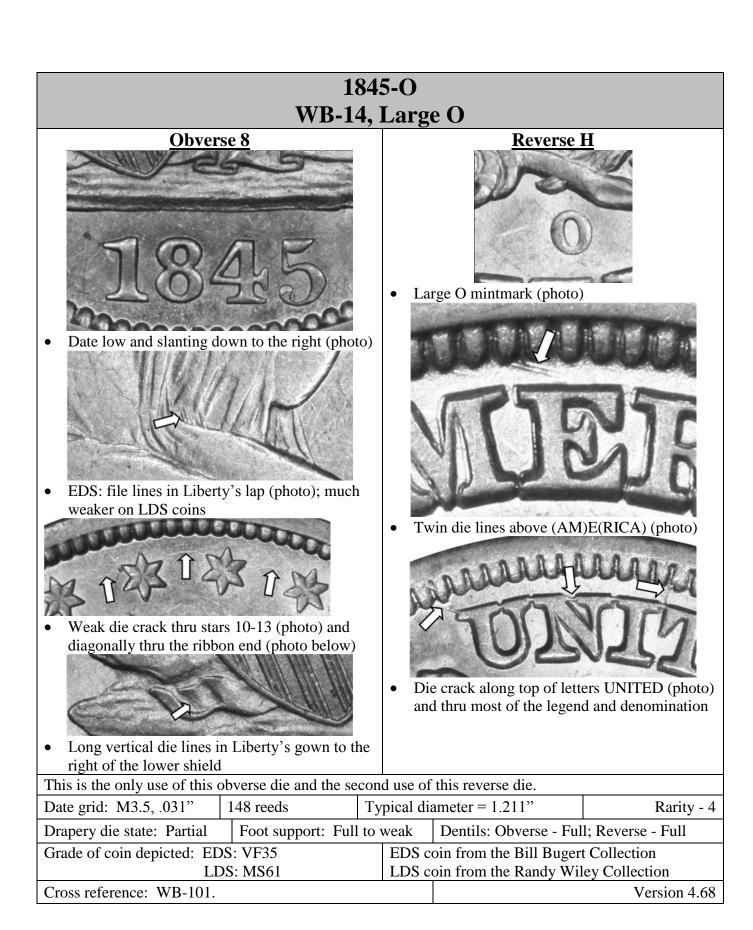
This is the third and final use of this obverse die and the only use of this reverse die.					
Date grid: M3.5, .034" EDS: 147 reeds LDS: 148 reeds Typic		Typical di	Typical diameter = 1.207" Ra		
Drapery die state: None Foot support: Weak t			e Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: XF45			oin from the Bill Buger	t Collection	
LDS: XF45 LDS			LDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68	

•









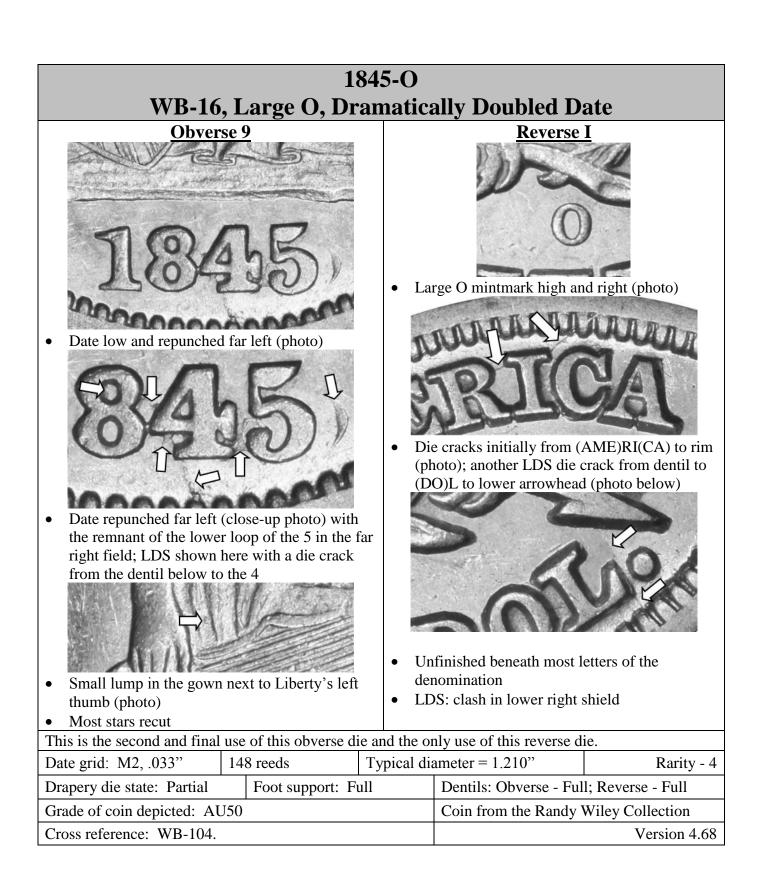


1845-0							
WB-15,	WB-15, Large O, Dramatically Doubled Date						
• Date low and repunched	<u>se 9</u>	Reverse H         Image: Carry Doubled Date         Reverse H         Image: Carry Correction         Image: Carr					
<ul> <li>Date repunched far left ( the remnant of the lower right field</li> <li>Small lump in the gown thumb (photo)</li> <li>Most stars recut</li> </ul>	r loop of the 5 in the f	ar Die crack along top of letters UNITED; LDS: with cud (photo) and thru much of the legend and denomination					
This is the first use of this o	bverse die and the thi	rd and final use of this reverse die.					
Date grid: M2, .032"	148 reeds	Typical diameter = 1.210" Rarity - 5					
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: Fu						
Grade of coin depicted: ED	S: XF45 S: VF30	EDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection LDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection					

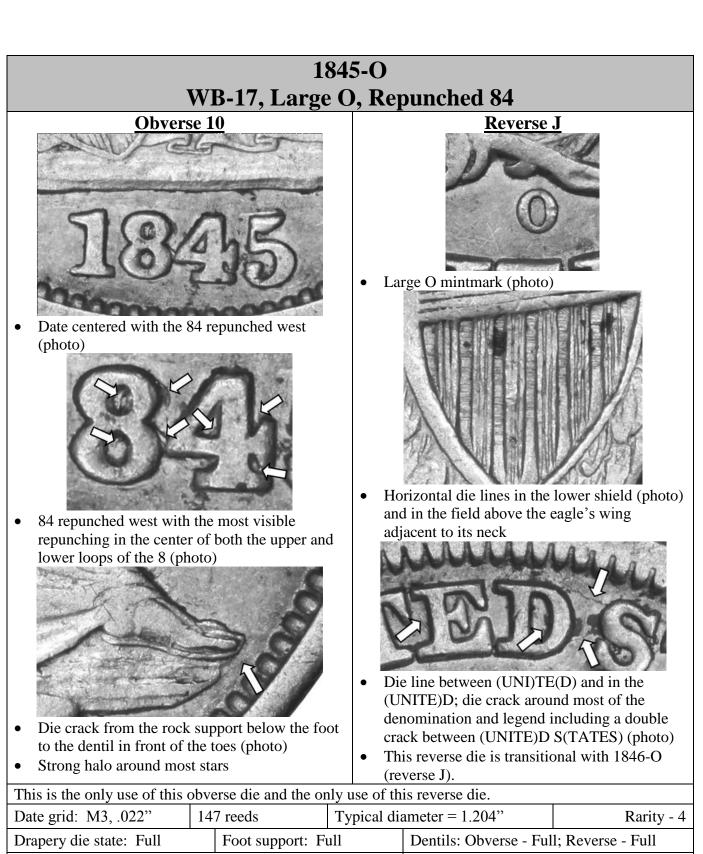
Version 4.68

Cross reference: WB-104.









Grade of coin depicted: XF45	Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection	
Cross reference: WB-105.	Version 4.68	

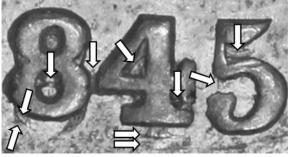


### 1845-O WB-18, Large O, Tripled Date

•



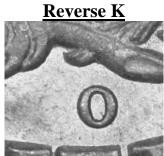
• Date high with the digits 845 triple punched with weak lower edge of the rock support above the date (photo)



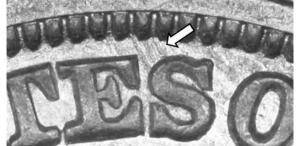
• The 845 of the date is triple punched north (photo)



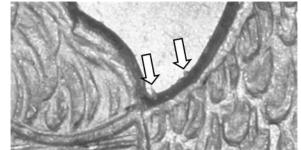
- Diagonal (NE to SW) die line in the rock support from Liberty's foot (photo)
- Strong halo around most stars



Large O mintmark (photo)



- Die lines between the dentils and the letters (STAT)ES (photo) and above (AME)RIC(A)
- Unfinished under the olive leaves and the arrowheads



- Tines on the edge of the eagle's upper right wing (photo)
- This reverse die is transitional with 1846-O (reverse K).

This is the only use of this obverse die and the first use of this reverse die.					
Date grid: M2.5, .015"	14	7 reeds	Typical dia	ameter = 1.205" Rarity - 4	
Drapery die state: Full		Foot support: Full		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full	
Grade of coin depicted: AU58			Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-106.					Version 4.68



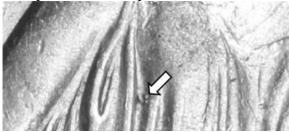
#### 1845-O WB-19, Large O, Repunched 18



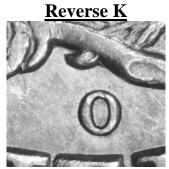
• Date far left with the 18 repunched north (photo)



• 18 repunched north (photo)



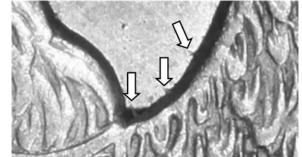
- Lumps in Liberty's upper left gown (photo); other lumps above the shield
- Most stars repunched



• Large O mintmark (photo); LDS as above with a die crack along the left side of the mintmark



- Die lines between the dentils and the letters (STAT)ES (photo) and above (AME)RIC(A)
- Unfinished under the olive leaves and the arrowheads



- Tines on the edge of the eagle's upper right wing (photo)
- This reverse die is transitional with 1846-O (reverse K).

This is the only use of this obverse die and the second use of this reverse die.					
Date grid: L4.5, .026"	147 reeds Typical dia		iameter = 1.206" Rarity		
Drapery die state: Full		Foot support: Full		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full	
Grade of coin depicted: AU50			Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection		
Cross reference: WB-107.				Version 4.68	



184	1845-0					
WB-20,	WB-20, Large O					
Obverse 13         Image: Construction of the second construction of the	<ul> <li>left</li> <li>Dia</li> <li>Oia</li> <li>Oia</li></ul>	Reverse I Figure O mintmark with a of the mintmark () Figure O mintmark with a of the mintmark of Figure O mintmark with a of Figure O mintmark of Figure O	die crack along the photo: die crack along the photo: Events and the letters over (AME)RIC(A), along and the letters and the letters over (AME)RIC(A), along and the letters and the letters and the letters over (AME)RIC(A), along and the letters and the letters and the letters over (AME)RIC(A), along and the letters over (AME)RIC(A).			
		ameter = $1.207$ "	Rarity - 3			
Drapery die state: Full to partial Foot support: F	Full	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full				
Grade of coin depicted: AU50		Coin from the Randy	Wiley Collection			
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68			



# **1846-0**

This date is amazing; with a fairly high mintage, it has a lot to offer the die marriage collector. The number of reverse dies used is over twice that of the obverse dies, yet the obverse dies pretty much remained intact while the reverses cracked extensively. This is most likely the result of the differences in use between the hammer (obverse) and anvil (reverse) dies and the resultant die cracks and cuds add much interest to this date. Additionally, there are two date sizes, repunched dates, rare and scarce die marriages and die states, multiple reed counts, and different mintmark positions.

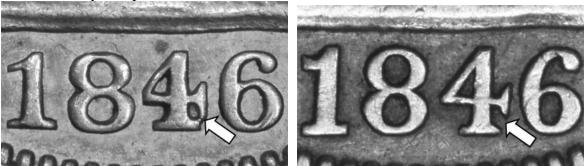
Twenty-seven die marriages are known as depicted in the tables below.

Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of Die Marriages	Obverse Dies	Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested	-	-	-	2
2,304,000	Shipped	-	10	10	5 (145, 147, 148)
	Known	27	9	20*	(143, 147, 146)

\* Includes five transitional use dies (two from 1845-O and three to 1847-O).

**Terminology: Tall and Large dates.** Both terms are interchangeable when describing the size of the larger date size for 1846-O. Tall date seems to be the accepted standard but Randy Wiley and I prefer the term "Large."

**Medium versus Large (Tall) date differences.** Much confusion still exists over identifying the difference between the medium and large (tall) date varieties for this year. Considering the premium price of the large date, it is important to correctly differentiate these. Besides the dramatic difference between the size of the dates (when compared side by side as below), a quick and reliable check can be performed by studying the 4. The medium 4 is connected between the lower serif on the crossbar and the base. The large 4 has noticeable separation. Less noticeable differences exist on the upper left serifs on the 1. (See side by side photos below).



Medium date with 4 connected

Large (Tall) date with 4 separated

**No drapery die state.** Many, and I might stretch that to say that most, 1846-O half dollars can be found with either weak drapery or without any drapery below Liberty's elbow (see photos on next page). The no drapery die state resulted from excessive die polishing and is not a design change (as with the 1839 No drapery hub). Amazingly, coins of the 1845-O no drapery die state command an unwarranted premium price, while the 1846-O with similar characteristics do not. Nearly every date in the Liberty Seated half dollar series can be found with at least one obverse die in a late die state without drapery; 1846-O no drapery half dollars are neither rare nor even scarce and do not merit any special attention.



1846-O No drapery below elbow



1846-O With partial drapery below elbow

-O date grid quicl	
Obverse die date grid	
L4.5, .021"	WB-19
L4.5, .022"	WB-7
L4.5, .022"	WB-20
L5 , .020"	WB-6
L5 , .020"	WB-16
L5 , .022"	WB-17
L5 ,.022"	WB-18
L5.5, .016"	WB-9
L5.5, .018"	WB-4
L5.5, .018"	WB-10
L5.5, .019"	WB-5
L5.5, .021"	WB-21
L5.5, .022"	WB-11
M1 , .014"	WB-8
M1 , .017"	WB-12
M1 , .018"	WB-13
M1 ,.019"	WB-14
M1 , .020"	WB-1
M1 , .020"	WB-15
M1 , .024"	WB-2
M1 , .026"	WB-3
M2.5, .016"	WB-24
M2.5, .017"	WB-25
M2.5, .018"	WB-26
M2.5, .018"	WB-27
M3 , .016"	WB-22
M3 ,.018"	WB-23

#### 184 ble

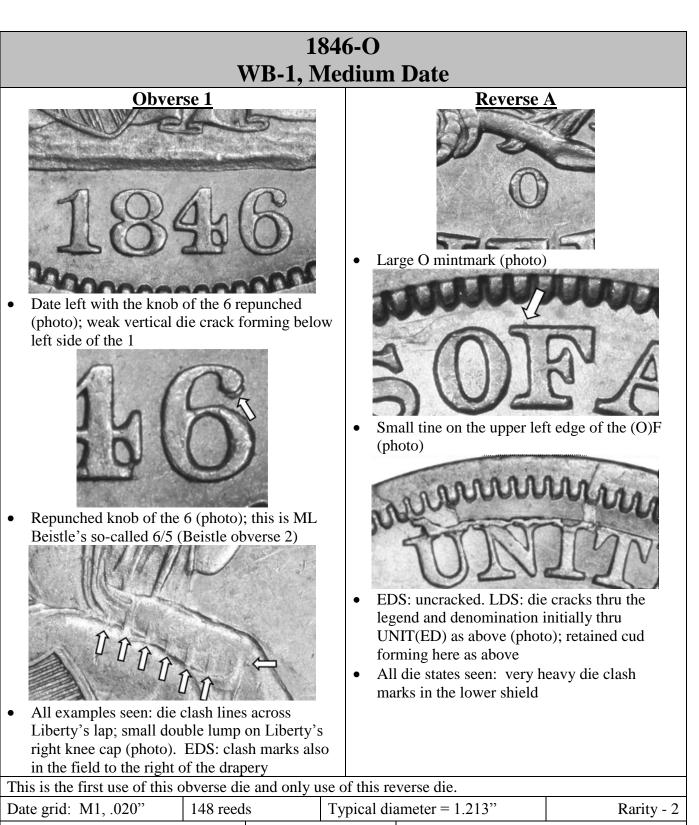
# **1846-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**

De la	Jose Contraction	
Reverse A, WB-1	Reverse B, WB-2	Reverse C, WB-3
	0	
Reverse D, WB-4	Reverse E, WB-5	Reverse F, WB-6
Jac -		Jon Contraction
Reverse G, WB-7, 8	Reverse H, WB-9	Reverse I, WB-10
Reverse G, WB-7, 8	Keverse II, w B-9	Keverse I, WD-10
Reverse J, WB-11,12	Reverse K, WB-13, 19, 25	Reverse L, WB-14
	Reverse K, WD-15, 19, 20	
	0	
Reverse M, WB-15, 16	Reverse N, WB-17	Reverse O, WB-18
Reverse P, WB-20, 21, 22	Reverse Q, WB-23	Reverse R, WB-24
Reverse S, WB-2	6	Reverse T, WB-27

1846-O Obverse and Reverse die identification keys		Small tine on the upper left edge of the (O)F	Crisscrossed die lines thru UNITED	Tine on the dentil below the (HA)L(F)	Die damage under and on the lower olive leaves	Small tine on upper edge of the eagle's left wing	Die lines below the eagle's right wing	Horizontal die lines in the lower shield
		Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G
Clash lines across Liberty's lap	1	WB-1	WB-2	WB-3				
18 repunched north	2				WB-4	WB-5		
1 and 6 repunched south	3						WB-6	WB-7

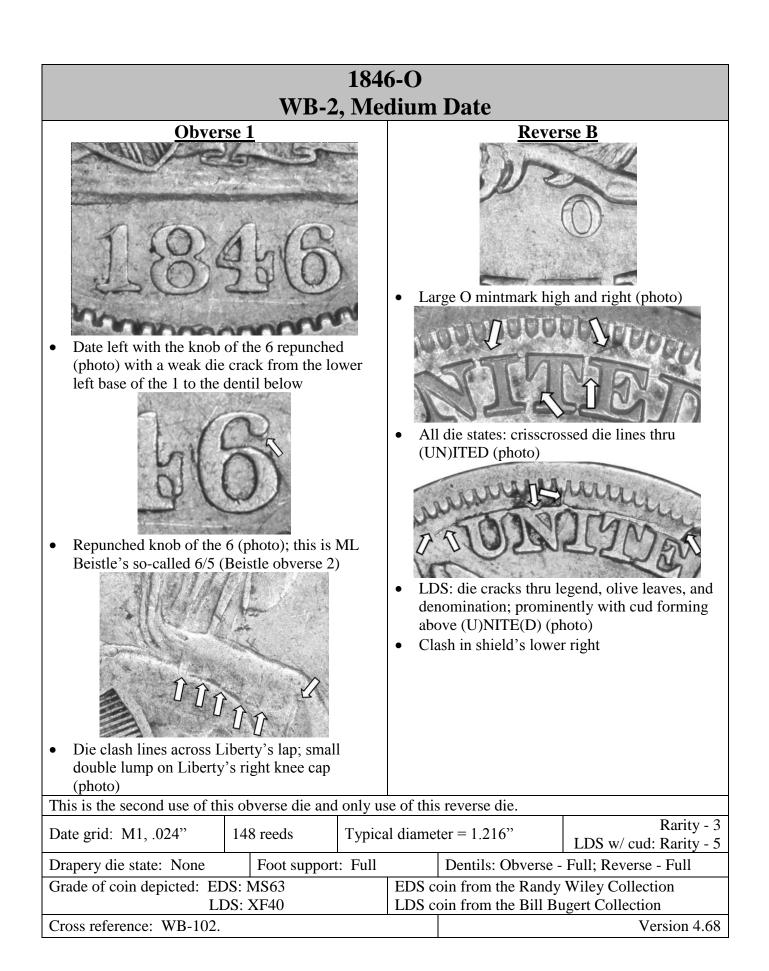
1846-O Obverse and Reverse die identification keys		Horizontal die lines in the lower shield	Unfinished under olive leaves	Lower edge of the mintmark weak	Horizontal die lines in the lower shield	Die lines above (STA)TES	Die crack from the eagle's head to the O(F)	Small lump on the olive branch's recessed area
		G	Н	Ι	J	K	L	Μ
Date left	4	<b>WB-8</b>	WB-9	WB-10	WB-11			
6 repunched	5				<b>WB-12</b>	WB-13	<b>WB-14</b>	WB-15
Weak doubled die	6					WB-19		WB-16
Large date	9					WB-25		

<b>1846-O</b> Obverse and Reverse die identification keys		Z Mintmark at far right and tilting to the left	Heavy die line from U(NITED)	Diagonal die line thru the (STAT)ES	Die lines between the upper olive leaves and the eagle's left wing	Tine from dentil above S(TATES)	Unfinished under olive leaves	Vertical shield line B2 faintly doubled
			Ο	Р	Q	R	S	Т
Weak doubled die	6	WB-17	WB-18	WB-20				
Rust lump on Liberty's gown	7			WB-21				
Large date Tine from dentil near star 7	8			WB-22	WB-23			
Large date	9					WB-24	WB-26	WB-27



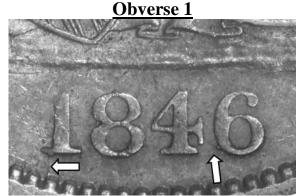
Date grid: M1, .020"	148 reeds		Typical dia	ameter $= 1.213"$	Rarity - 2
Drapery die state: Partial to none Foot supp		ort: Full	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: AU58				Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection	
Cross reference: WB-102.				Version 4.68	







### 1846-O WB-3, Medium Date



• Date left with a die crack from the lower left base of the 1 to the dentil below and another die crack along the base of the date into the field right of the 6; note the weak upper left serif of the 1 and the weak lower edge of the rock support above the date (photo); the repunched knob of the 6 seen in earlier uses of this die (WB-1 and WB-2) is only faintly visible in early die states of this die marriage.



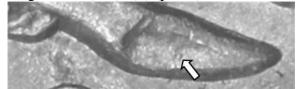
- Die clash lines across Liberty's lap; small lump on Liberty's right knee cap (photo)
- Die crack thru stars 2-7 and from dentil thru star 7 across Liberty's head to star 8; another from foot support to dentil at K-4

# Reverse C

• Large O mintmark (photo)



• Small tine on the dentil below the lower right edge of the (HA)L(F) (photo)



• Small lump on the olive branch's recessed area (photo)



• LDS: die cracks thru most of the legend; VLDS with a retained cud above the UNITE(D) as above (photo)

This is the third and final use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: M1, .026"	14	148 reeds Typica		ameter = 1.211" Rarity		
Drapery die state: None		Foot support: Weak		Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: PCGS AU55			Coin from the Dick Os	sburn Collection		
Cross reference: WB-102.					Version 4.68	



## 1846-O WB-4, Medium date, 18 repunched north



• Date left with the 18 repunched north and die crack from the lower left serif of the 4 to the dentil below the right side of the 6 (photo)



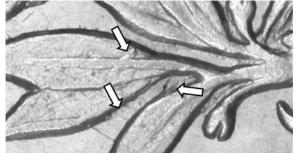
- 18 repunched north; prominently below the base of the 1 (photo), much weaker on the 8
- Lump in the gown on Liberty's left leg (photo)
- LDS: weak die cracks thru stars 1-4, 11-13, and from Liberty's toe to the dentil at K-4

Reverse D

• Large O mintmark (left photo); LDS: with die crack from the dentil below D(OL) along the right side of the mintmark thru the olive branch (right photo) into the eagle



• LDS: die cracks thru most of the legend, olive leaves, and denomination; initially, along the top of letters (UNI)TED STAT(ES) (photo). EDS: uncracked



• Die damage (?) under and on the lower olive leaves (photo)

This is the first use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.

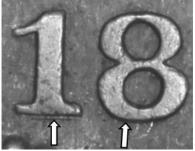
Date grid: L5.5, .018"	148 reeds		Typical dia	ameter = 1.216"	Rarity - 3		
Drapery die state: Partial Foot suppo		ort: Full	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full				
Grade of coin depicted: AU50				Coin from the Randy	Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-103.				Version 4.68			



## 1846-O WB-5, Medium Date, 18 repunched north



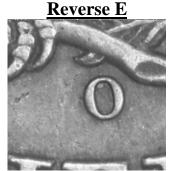
• Date left with the 18 repunched north and die crack from the lower left serif of the 4 to the dentil below the right side of the 6 (photo)



• 18 repunched north; prominently below the base of the 1 (photo), much weaker on the 8



- Lump on Liberty's left leg (photo)
- Die cracks thru stars 1-7, 11-13, and from Liberty's toe to the dentil at K-4



• Large O mintmark high and tilting slightly left (photo)



• Small tine on upper edge of the eagle's left wing near the shield (photo)



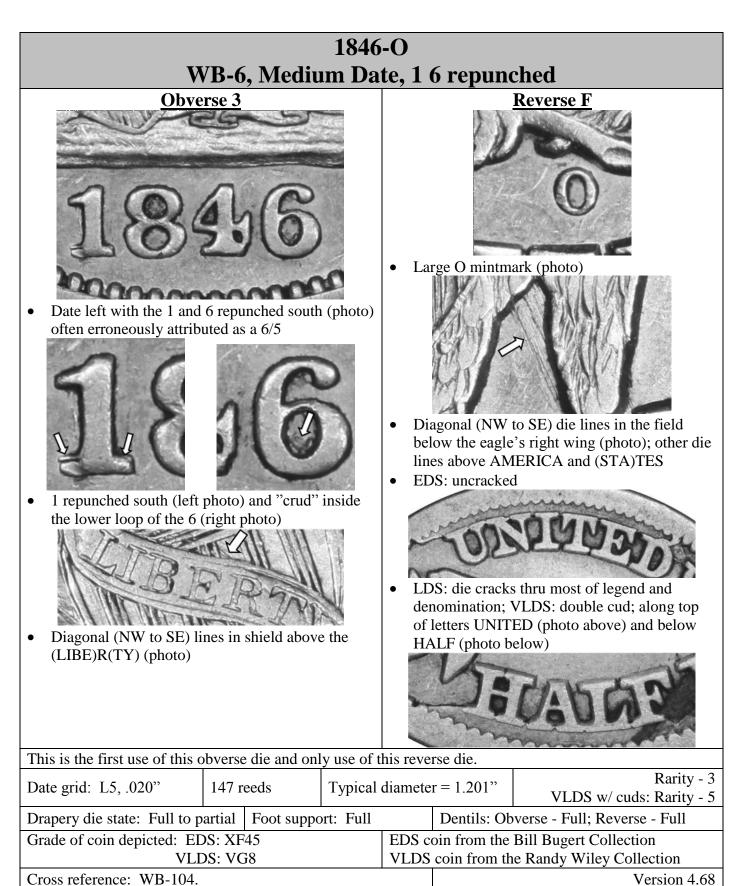
• LDS: die cracks along the top of letters UNITED (photo above with cud) and the olive leaves (photo below)



- Clash in lower right shield
- This reverse die is transitional with 1847-O (reverse C).

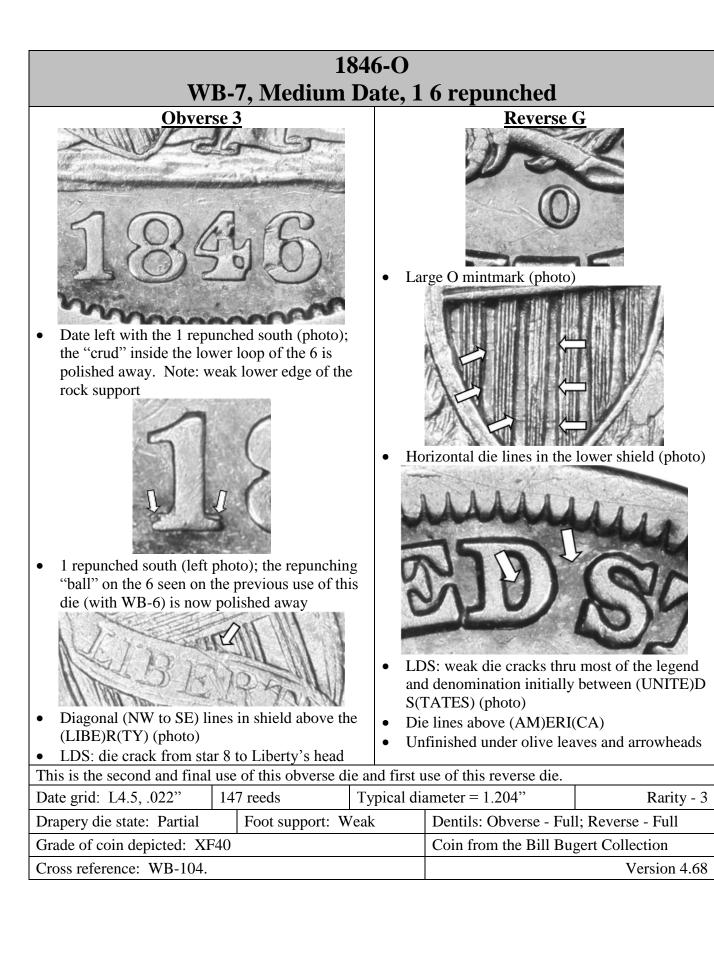
This is the second and final use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.							
Date grid: L5.5, .019"	L5.5, .019" 148 reeds Ty		Typical diameter = 1.216"		Rarity - 4 LDS w/ cud: Rarity - 5		
Drapery die state: Partial to none Foot support: Full			ort: Full	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: XF45				Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection			
Cross reference: WB-103.					Version 4.68		





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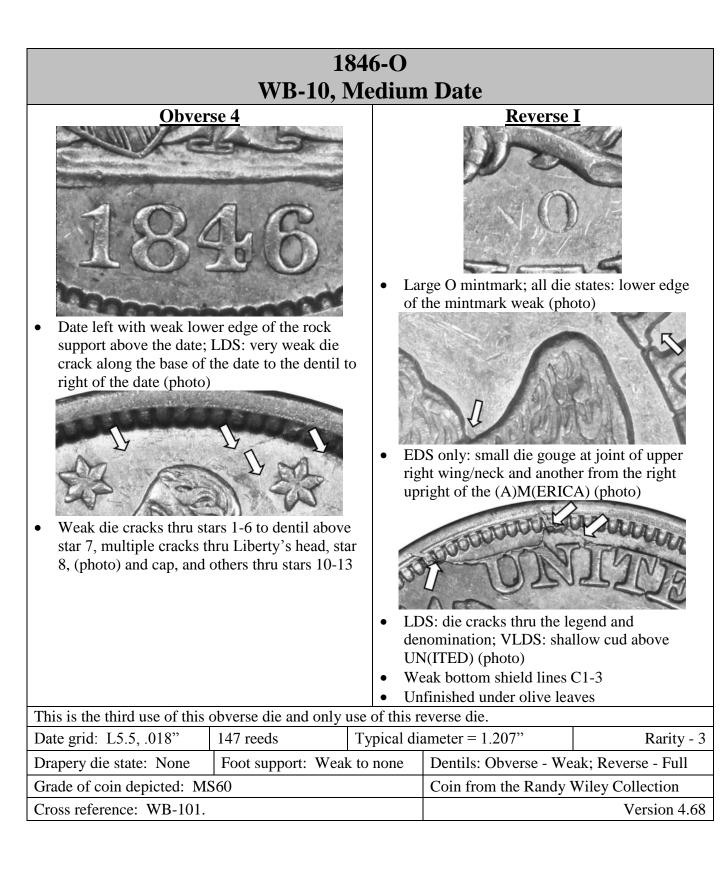


1846-O WB-8, Medium Date							
Obverse 4         Image: Obverse 4	Reverse G With the shore (AM)ERI(CA) lash in lower right shield Infinished under olive leaves and arrowheads						
This is the first use of this obverse die and second and finalDate grid: M1, .014"147 reedsTypical die	liameter = $1.203$ " Rarity - 4						
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Full	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full						
Grade of coin depicted: AU53	Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection						
Cross reference: WB-101.	Version 4.68						



	<b>1846-O</b>								
	WB-9, Medium Date								
<ul> <li>Obvers</li> <li>Date left with weak lower support above the date (p)</li> <li>No drapery (see photo of second se</li></ul>	the redge of the rock bhoto)	Die bet oth lea	Reverse H Weight of the second secon	hoto below);					
This is the second use of this Data arith $15.5 - 01(2)$				Devit 4					
Date grid:   L5.5, .016"   147 reeds   Typical diameter = 1.203"   Rarity									
Drapery die state: None	Foot support: Wea	K	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Rever						
Grade of coin depicted: XF4 Cross reference: WB-101.	+3		Coin from the Bill Bugert Col						
Cross reference: wB-101.				Version 4.68					

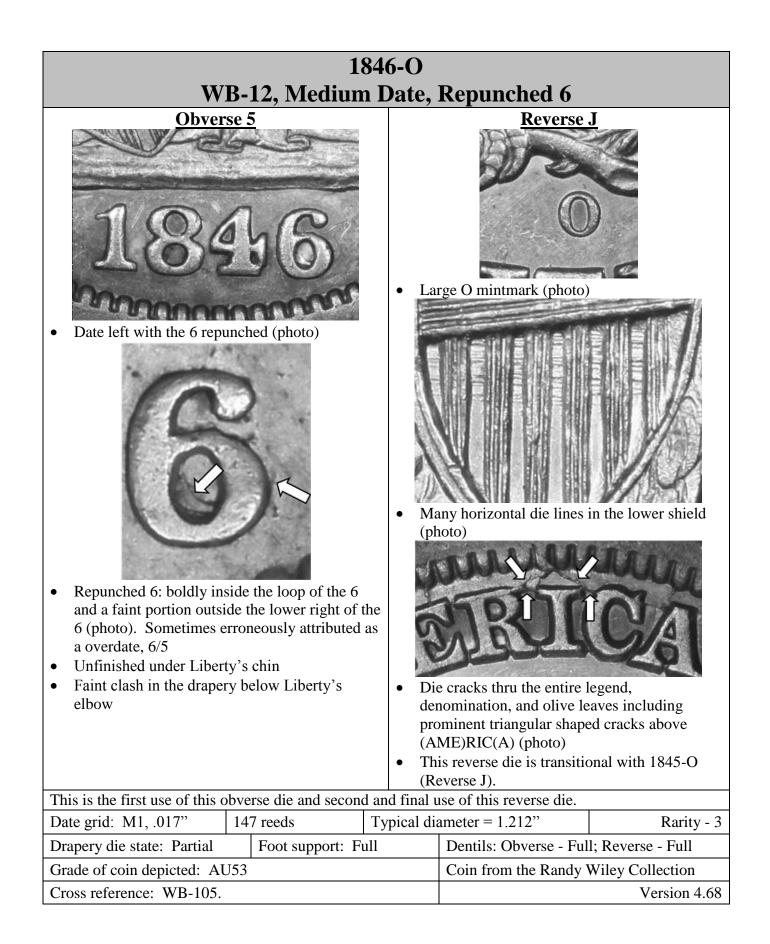






1846-O								
WB-11, Me	ediun	n Date						
Obverse 4 <b>Obverse 4</b> <b>Obverse 4</b> <b>Obvers</b>	<ul> <li>Ma (pt)</li> <li>LD der pro (A)</li> <li>Th (Re</li> </ul>	Reverse a Reverse die in rge O mintmark (photo) rge O mintmark (photo) The optimization of the second reverse of the second of the second reverse of the second of the sec	in the lower shield with 1845-O					
This is the fourth and final use of this obverse die an	id first us		10-0.					
		ameter = $1.204$ "	Rarity - 3					
	ypical dia		Rarity - 3					
Date grid: L5.5, .022" 147 reeds Ty	ypical dia	ameter = 1.204"	Rarity - 3 ak; Reverse - Full					







# 1846-O WB-13, Medium date, Repunched 6



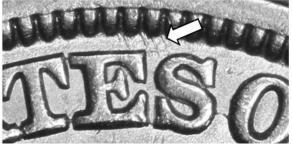
• Date left with the 6 repunched (photo)



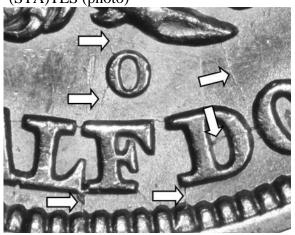
- Repunched 6: boldly inside the loop of the 6; EDS: faint repunching outside the lower right of the 6 (photo); LDS: this outside repunching is polished away. Sometimes erroneously attributed as a overdate, 6/5
- Unfinished under Liberty's chin
- Faint clash in the drapery below Liberty's elbow



• Large O mintmark (photo); die crack along the left side of the mintmark



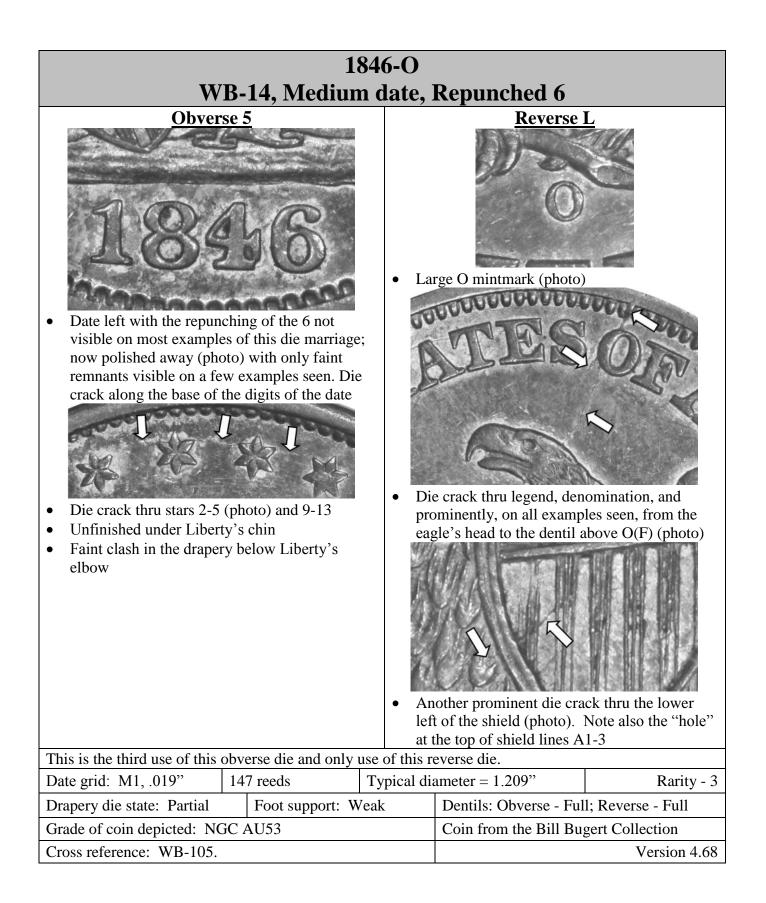
• All die states: parallel die lines above (STA)TES (photo)



- Die cracks thru legend, denomination, and thru the left side of the mintmark (photo)
- This reverse die is transitional with 1845-O (Reverse K).

This is the second use of this obverse die and first use of this reverse die.							
Date grid: M1, .018"	14′	147 reeds T		$\Gamma ypical diameter = 1.210"$		Rarity - 3	
Drapery die state: Partial	Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Weal		Veak		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: AU55					coin from the Bill Bugert Collection coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-105.						Version 4.68	



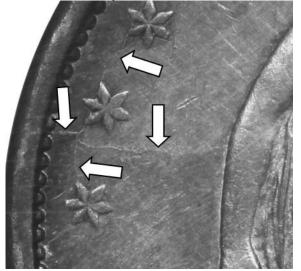




## 1846-O WB-15, Medium date, Repunched 6



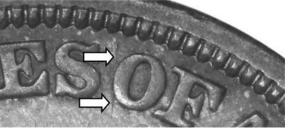
• Date left with the repunching of the 6 not visible on this die marriage; now polished away (photo). Die crack along the base of the digits of the date barely visible



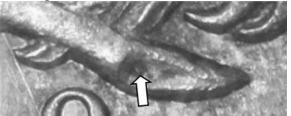
- Die crack from rock thru stars 1-5, from rim between stars 2-3 to Liberty's left elbow (photo) and from star 8 thru cap thru stars 9-13; another from rock support below foot to dentils at K-4
- Clash in the drapery below Liberty's elbow



• Large O mintmark with diagonal die line along the left side of the mintmark (photo)

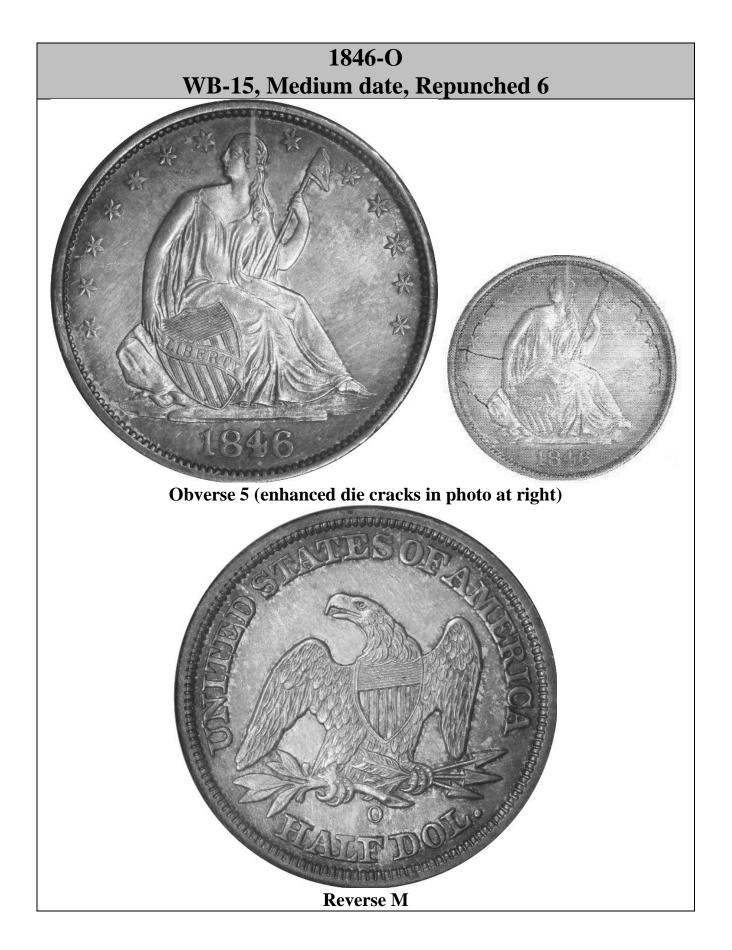


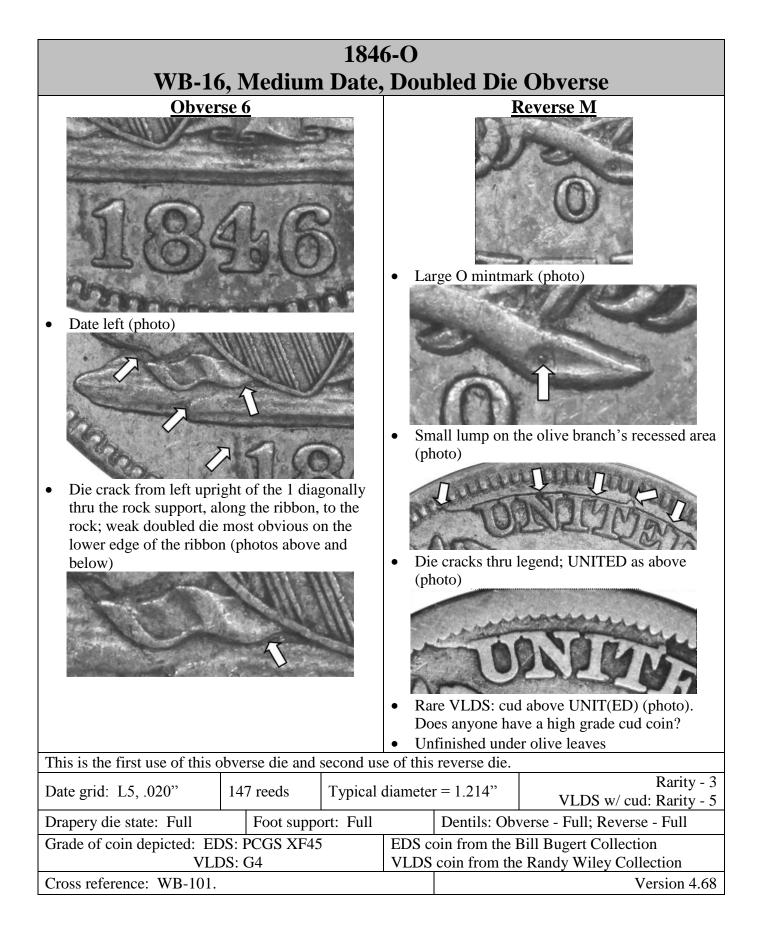
• Vertical die line along the left side of the letter O(F) (photo)



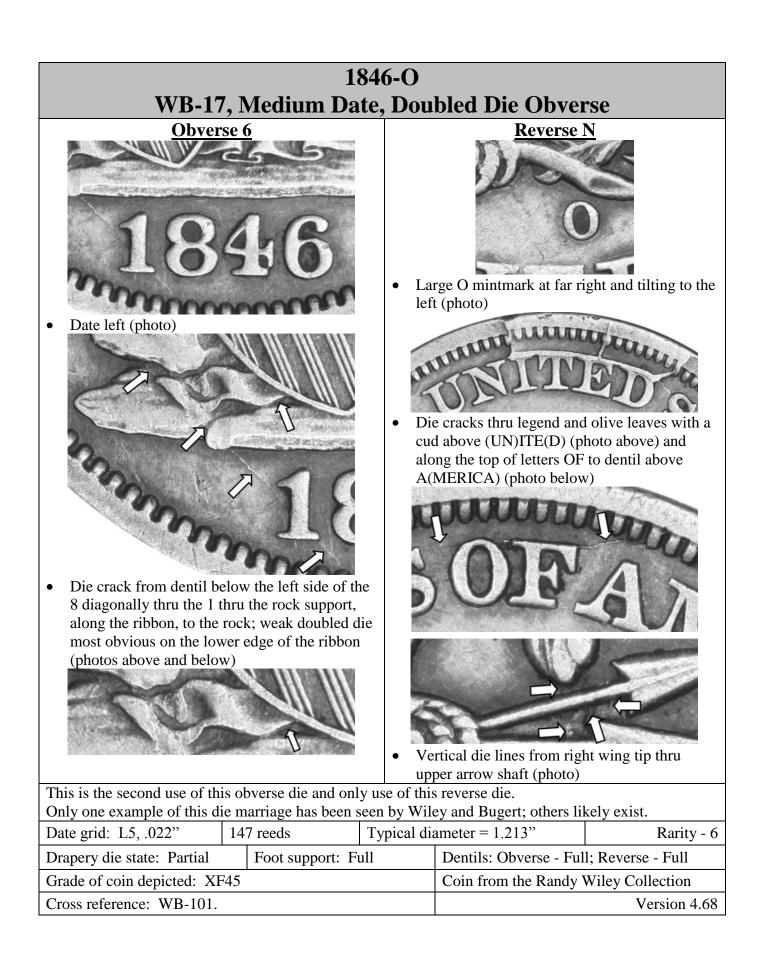
- Small lump on the olive branch's recessed area (photo)
- Unfinished under olive leaves

- Chush in the drupery below Elberty's cloow							
This is the fourth use of this obverse die and first use of this reverse die.							
Date grid: M1, .020" 147 reeds Typical di			ameter = 1.210"	Rarity - 6			
Drapery die state: Partial		Foot support: Weak		Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: NGC MS61				Coin from the Randy	Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-105.					Version 4.68		

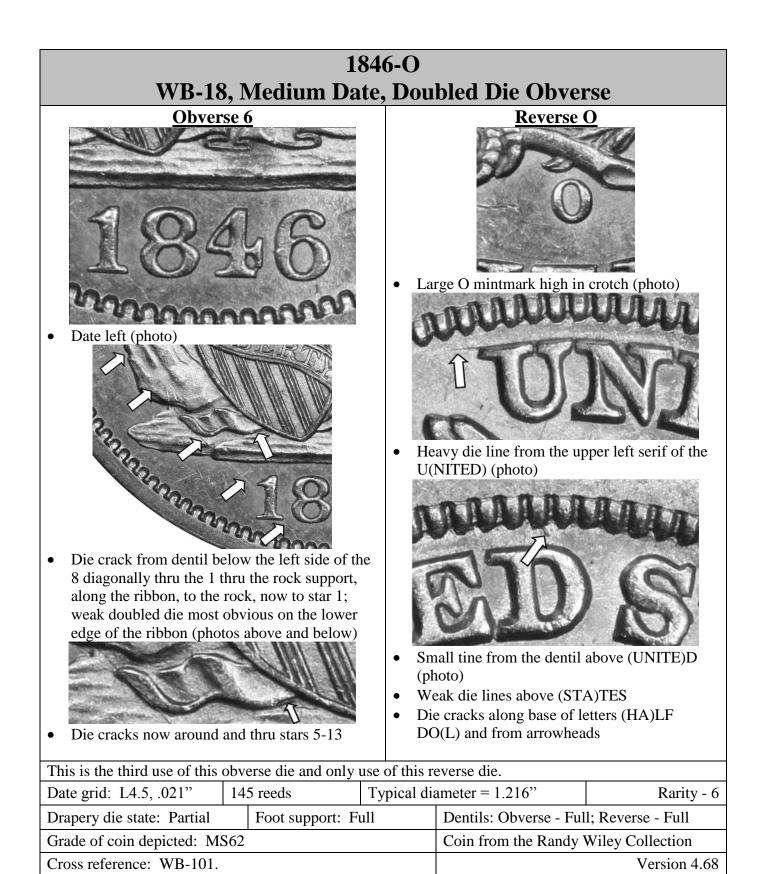




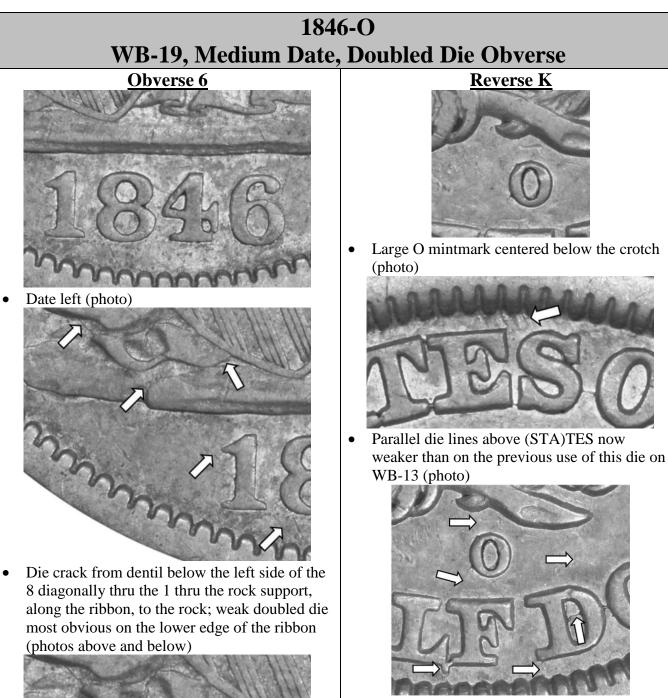








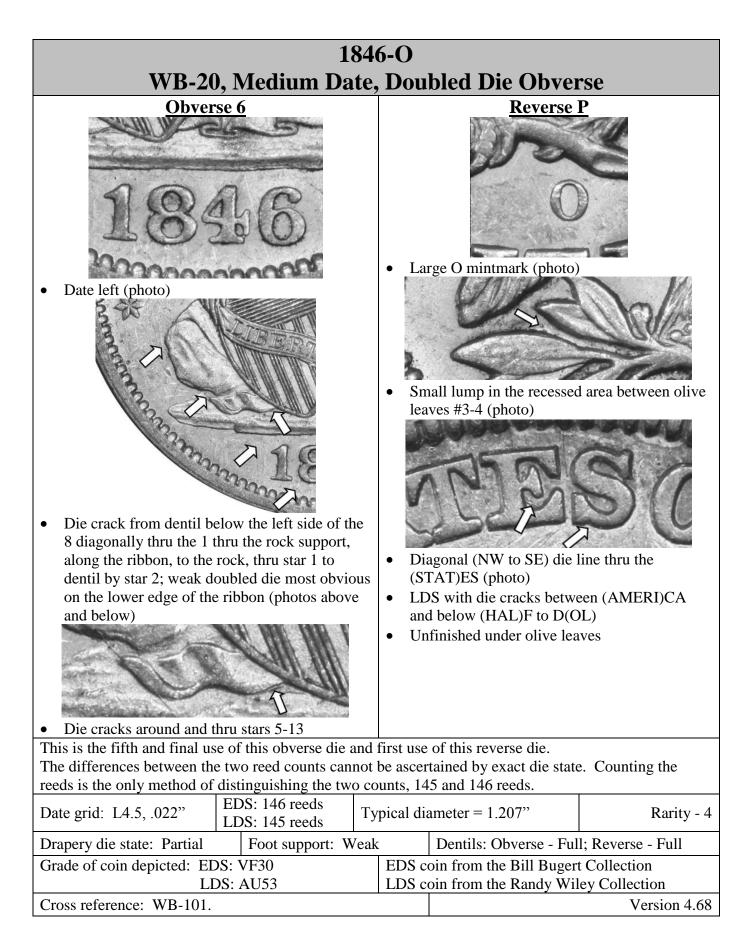




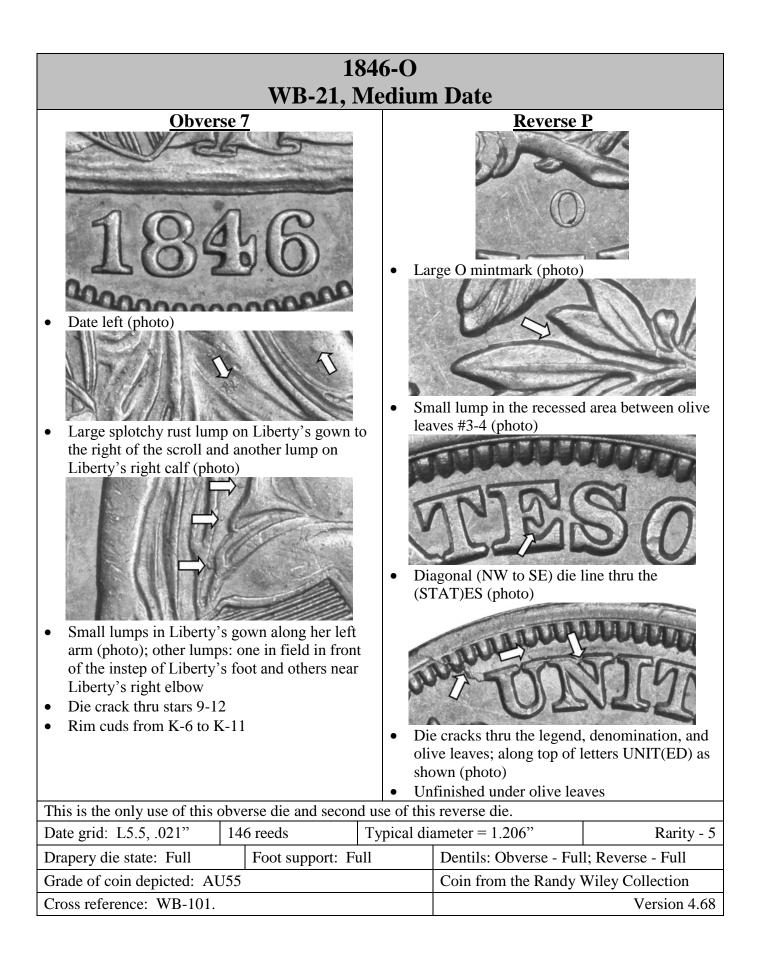
- Die cracks thru legend, denomination, and thru the left side of the mintmark (photo)
- This reverse die is transitional with 1845-O (Reverse K).

This is the fourth use of this obverse die and second use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: L5, .022"	14	5 reeds	Typical dia	ameter = 1.212" Rarity		
Drapery die state: Partial	Foot support: Weak		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: XF40			Coin from the Bill Bug	gert Collection		
Cross reference: WB-101.					Version 4.68	











184	6-0		
WB-22, L	arge	Date	
Obverse 8 Obverse 8 Obverse 8 Obverse 8 Obverse 9 Control (photo): slightly higher and more to the right (photo): slightly higher and more to the right than obverse 9 Obverse 9 Obv	<ul> <li>La</li> <li>Srr lea</li> <li>Dia (S<sup>2</sup>)</li> <li>Dia (S<sup>2</sup>)</li> <li>Dia (S<sup>2</sup>)</li> <li>Un</li> </ul>	Reverse I Reverse I Reverse I Reverse I Reverse I rge O mintmark (photo) rge O mintmark (photo) all lump in the recessed ves #3-4 (photo) Reverse I rational (NW to SE) die I rAT)ES (photo) rational (NW to SE) die I rAT)ES (photo) recracks thru the legend, ve leaves; along top of I th cud forming (photo) finished under olive lea	Image: Second state sta
		ameter = $1.217$ "	Domitry 1
	ypical ul		Rarity - 4
Drapery die state:PartialFoot support:FullGrade of coin depicted:XF45		Dentils: Obverse - Ful Coin from the Bill Bug	
		та ото пото ine вин вис	



	1046.0		
TT/1	1846-O	Dete	
	B-23, Large		0
Obverse 8 18846 188466 188466 188666 188666 188666 188666 188666 18866	ner and oto) • Di (S • Sc lea	Reverse Rev	The upper olive wing (photo) from the eagle's left
This is the second and final use of this ob			Douiter 4
Date grid:M3, .018"147 reedsDrapery die state:PartialFoot sup	port: Full	ameter = 1.218" Dentils: Obverse - Ful	Rarity - 4
Grade of coin depicted: XF40		Coin from the Randy	,
Cross reference: WB-106.			Version 4.68
Cross reference. w B 100.			v 0151011 7.00



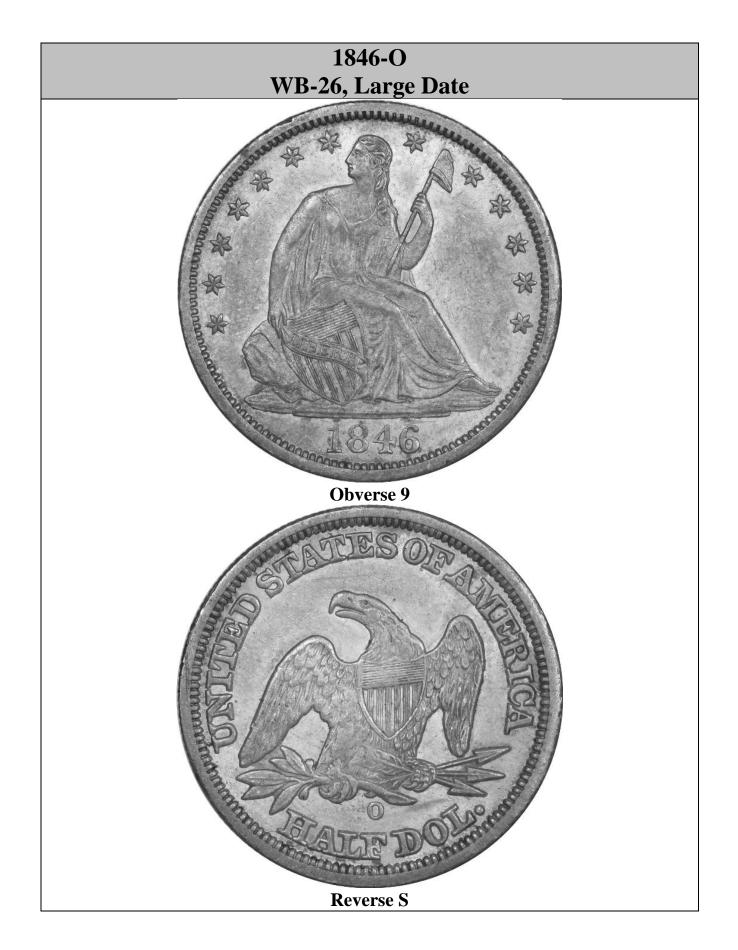
1846-O WB-24, Large Date							
Obverse 9 Obverse 9	<ul> <li>La</li> <li>Sn (pl (pl (pl</li> </ul>	Reverse J Reverse J Reverse J Reverse die is transitio everse J).	Solution of the second				
This is the first use of this obverse die and only use ofDate grid: M2.5, .016"147 reedsType		everse die. ameter = $1.215$ "	Rarity - 5				
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Full	pical di	Dentils: Obverse - Ful	-				
			-				
Grade of coin depicted: XF45		Coin from the Randy V	-				
Cross reference: WB-106.			Version 4.68				



10	4( )		
	46- <b>0</b>	Data	
WB-25, ]			V
Obverse 9 <b>Obverse 9</b> <b>Development of the left than obverse 8</b> <b>Rusty die</b> <b>Faint die crack thru stars 4-7</b>	r • Par • Par • He and • Th	Reverse 1 Reverse 1	TA)TES (photo)
This is the second use of this obverse die and third			
		ameter = 1.220"	Rarity - 6
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Ful	1	Dentils: Obverse - Ful	,
Grade of coin depicted: VF25		Coin from the Randy	-
Cross reference: WB-106.			Version 4.68



18	<b>846-0</b>		
WB-26,	Large	Date	
Obverse 9 Obverse 9 Earge date centered (photo); date slightly low and more to the left than obverse 8 Rusty die Faint die crack thru stars 4-7 to Liberty's head another thru stars 10-11	er l; • Lar • Lar • Un fro oli • Un fro oli • Sm and	Reverse for the set of	wes and die crack K-7 off the tip of
This is the third use of this obverse die and only u			
Date grid: M2.5, .018" 147 reeds		ameter = $1.216$ "	Rarity - 4
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Fu	111	Dentils: Obverse - Ful	,
Grade of coin depicted: MS63		Coin from the Randy V	-
Cross reference: WB-106.			Version 4.68



1846-O	Dete
<ul> <li>Large date centered (photo) with a die crack along the base of the digits; date slightly lower and more to the left than obverse 8</li> <li>Rusty die</li> <li>Faint die crack thru stars 2-7 to Liberty's head to star 8; another thru stars 10-11</li> <li>L D</li> <li>L D</li></ul>	Reverse T         Image P mintmark (photo)         ertical shield line B2 faintly doubled         Image P mintmark (photo)         ertical shield line B2 faintly doubled         Image P mintmark (photo)         ertical shield line B2 faintly doubled         Image P mintmark (photo)         ertical shield line B2 faintly doubled         Image P mintmark (photo)         ertical shield line B2 faintly doubled         Image P mintmark (photo)         bit die crack from (HAL)F to dentil below (oL) (photo)         Image P mintmark (photo)         DS: arching die crack along the top of letters (S)TAT(ES) (photo)         his reverse die is transitional with 1847-O everse I).
This is the fourth and final use of this obverse die and onlyDate grid: M2.5, .018"147 reedsTypical die	use of this reverse die in 1847-O.liameter = 1.218"Rarity - 4
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Full	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full
Grade of coin depicted: AU50	Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection
Cross reference: WB-106.	Version 4.68



# **1847-O**

To a collector, this date has the most going for it of all the early New Orleans half dollars. If he/she wanted to collect all of the die marriages for one date, have a lot of fun searching for them, and have a very difficult challenge, this is it. Randy Wiley's and my enthusiasm for this date has been contagious over the years but, with a high 2,584,000 piece mintage, there are plenty of 1847-O half dollars still extant for searching and for cherry picking. This date has twenty-eight die marriages with a multitude of attractive characteristics to hold anyone's attention: easily distinguishable and interesting die marriages, a doubled date, a doubled die, repunched dates, cuds, multiple reed counts, diameter differences, and many rare die marriages. Completing a die marriage set of this date would be extremely challenging.

Twenty-eight die marriages are known as depicted in the tables below.

Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of Die Marriages	Obverse Dies	Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested	-	-	-	2
2,584,000	Shipped	-	12	18	3 (144 145 147)
	Known	28	8	12	(144, 145, 147)

The number of die marriages above includes three transitional reverse dies from 1846-O and one transitional reverse die to 1848-O.

Obverse die date grid	Die Marriage
L2.5, .014"	WB-12
L2.5, .014"	WB-13
L3 , .012"	WB-11
L3.5, .014"	WB-8
L3.5, .015"	WB-9
L3.5, .016"	WB-10
L3.5, .018"	WB-14
L3.5, .018"	WB-15
L4.5, .023"	WB-16
L5 , .019"	WB-4
L5.5, .010"	WB-22
L5.5, .013"	WB-23
L5.5, .013"	WB-24
L5.5, .013"	WB-28
L5.5, .015"	WB-1
L5.5, .015"	WB-2
L5.5, .016"	WB-3
L5.5, .020"	WB-5
L5.5, .022"	WB-17
L5.5, .023"	WB-7
L5.5, .024"	WB-25
L5.5, .024"	WB-26
L5.5, .024"	WB-27
L5.5, .026"	WB-18
M1 , .020"	WB-19
M1 , .020"	WB-20
M1 , .022"	WB-21
M1 , .022"	WB-6

# 184<u>7-O date grid quick reference table</u>

# **1847-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**

1047 0 1101		051010115
Der	12rand	
		0-
Reverse A, WB-1	Reverse B, WB-2	Reverse C, WB-3
Jon	1) and	Jost
0	0	
Reverse D, WB-4, 5, 9, 27, 28	Reverse E, WB-6	Reverse F, WB-7, 8
proc	Jon Service	val
Reverse G, WB-10, 17, 20, 23	Reverse H, WB-11	Reverse I, WB-12, 14
Val		
Reverse J, WB-13, 15	Reverse K, WB-16, 24, 25	Reverse L, WB-18, 19
Reverse M, WB-21	Reverse N, WB-22	Reverse O, WB-26

1847-O Obverse and Reverse die identificatio keys	è	Die cracks above and thru the legend including STATES to rim	<b>D</b> iagonal die line in the eagle's tail feathers below the shield	C Small tine on upper edge of the eagle's left wing	Wavy die line thru the eagle's tail feathers	Eump the right of the upper arrowhead	Die lines above the letters (AM)ERIC(A)	Die line on the olive stem	<b>H</b> Lump in field beneath the left wing	Arching die crack along the top of (S)TAT(ES)	Mintmark weak at bottom
Curved shaped		A	D	C	D	Ľ	Г	9	11	1	J
die chip in the rock support above the date	1	WB-1	WB-2	WB-3	WB-4						
Parallel die lines above the shield	2				WB-5	WB-6	WB-7				
Die lines in the rock along the shield's left edge	3				WB-9		WB-8	WB-10		WB-14	WB-15
Two small lumps in Liberty's gown	4								WB-11	WB-12	WB-13
Vertical die line from Liberty's right foot	6							WB-17			
Doubled obverse die	7				WB-27			WB-20			
Repunched 7	8				WB-28			WB-23			

<b>1847-O</b> Obverse and Reverse die identification keys		Two die lines from dentils above (UNI)TE(D)	T Die crack from the left base of the H(ALF) to olive leaves	Mintmark nearly touching the olive stem	Z between the olive leaves	O Large O mintmark
Horizontal die lines above (LIBE)RTY	5	WB-16				
Vertical die line from Liberty's right foot	6		WB-18			
Doubled obverse die	7	WB-25	WB-19	WB-21		WB-26
Repunched 7	8	WB-24			WB-22	

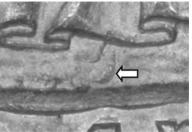
## 1847-O WB-1, Large O, Doubled Date



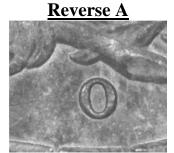
• Date centered and doubled (photo above and below)



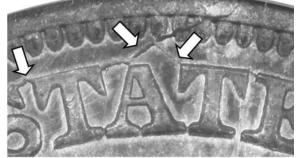
• Date repunched obliquely south almost a third of the height of the date (photo); the base of the first 1 crosses the stand of the final 1, the first 8 shows above the final 8, remnants of the first 4 show within the final 4, and a small segment of the first 7 shows above the final 7.



• Curved shaped die chip in the rock support above the 4 in the date (photo); this die chip is sometimes misattributed as a 7 in the rock.



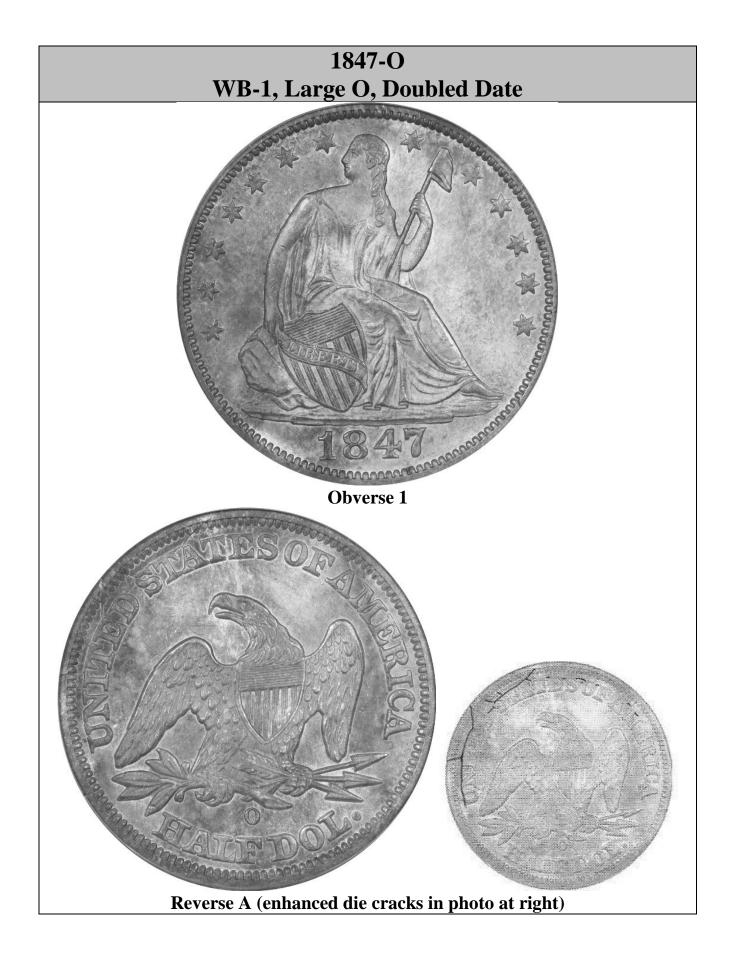
- Large O mintmark (photo)
- Clash in shield's lower right



• All examples seen: die cracks above and thru the legend including STATES to rim (photo above); others above UNITED forming a retained cud (photo below); full cud not currently known but, if so, would be very rare



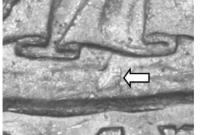
This is the first use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: L5.5, .015"	147 reeds		Typical diameter = 1.211"		heter = 1.211"	Rarity - 5
Drapery die state: Full		Foot support: Full		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: PCGS MS63 - James B. Pryor coin				Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-103 and Gobrecht Journal Collective					Version 4.68	
Volume II, pages 249-251.					v 0181011 4.00	



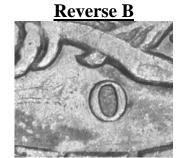
## 1847-O WB-2, Large O, Doubled Date



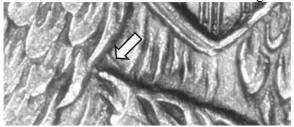
- Date centered and doubled. Later die states show differing amounts of the date's repunching:
  - EDS: full repunching as seen on WB-1 (photo above)
  - VLDS: repunching shows only on the 4. See WB-1 for a full description of this date's
- repunching.



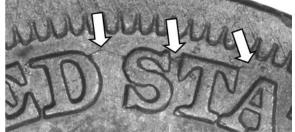
- Curved shaped die chip in the rock support above the 4 in the date (photo); this die chip is sometimes misattributed as a 7 in the rock.
- LDS: die crack from the ribbon tip to the rock directly above



- Large O mintmark (photo)
- MDS-VLDS: clash in shield's lower right



• All die states: diagonal (NW to SE) die line in the eagle's tail feathers below the shield (photo); another in the upper right corner of the lower shield

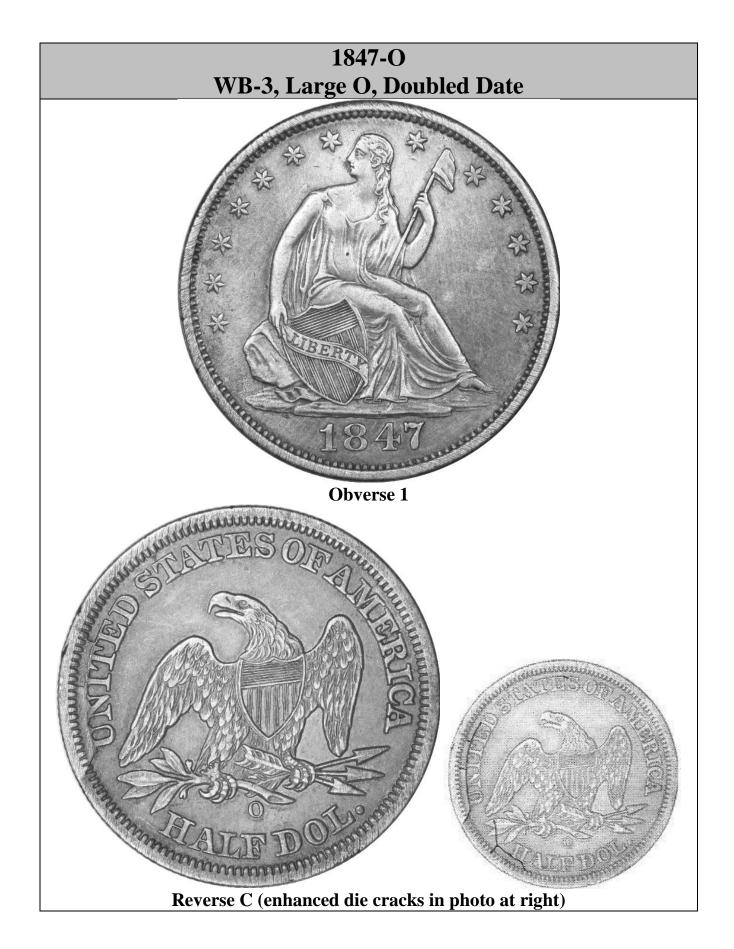


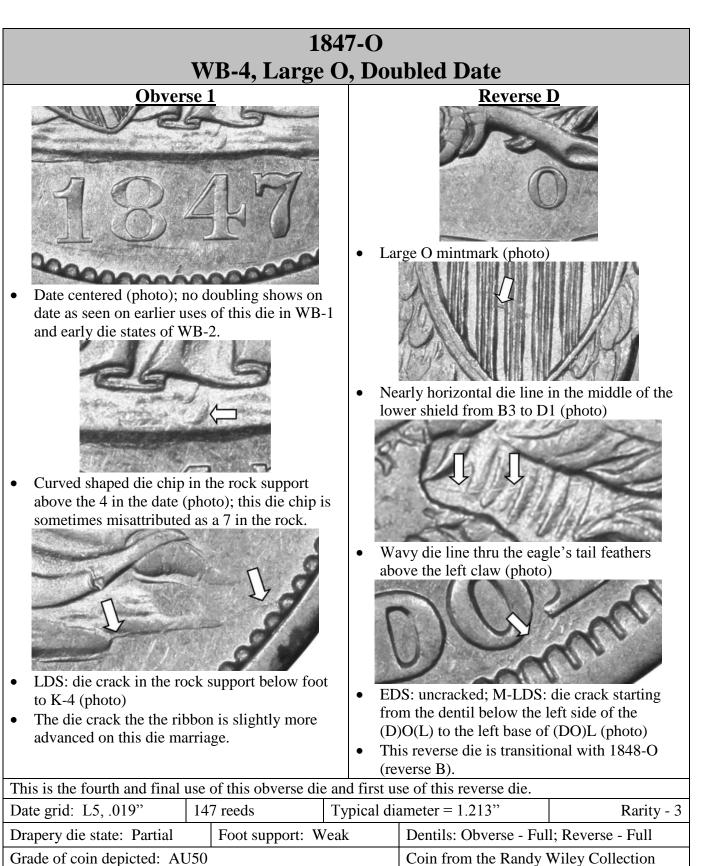
• EDS uncracked; MDS-VLDS: die cracks thru the legend and denomination, along the left side of the mintmark and thru and between the letters UNITED STATES (photo). Note differences of these die cracks with WB-1.

This is the second use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die. Note: Even in an EDS with a full doubled date, this die marriage is much more common than WB-1.					
Date grid: L5.5, .015"	147 reeds	Typical dia	ameter = 1.210"	Rarity - 2	
Drapery die state: Partial	Foot support: Full	to weak	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: AU53 EDS			EDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
VLDS: XF40 VLDS			/LDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection		
Cross reference: WB-103.			Version 4.68		



### 1847-0 WB-3, Large O, Doubled Date **Obverse 1 Reverse** C Large O mintmark (photo) Date centered (photo); very weak doubling on the upright of the 4 or no doubling shows on date as seen on earlier uses of this die in WB-1 and early die states of WB-2 Small tine on upper edge of the eagle's left • wing near the shield (photo) Curved shaped die chip in the rock support All dies states: cud along the top of letters • above the 4 in the date (photo); this die chip is UNIT(ED) (photo) and die cracks thru the sometimes misattributed as a 7 in the rock. olive leaves (photo below). Note: this cud and these die cracks also show on the 1846 use of Die crack from the ribbon tip into the rock now shows in the rock support below the this die. ribbon All die states: clash in shield's lower right This reverse die is transitional with 1846-O (reverse E). This is the third use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die in 1847. Typical diameter = 1.210" Date grid: L5.5, .016" 147 reeds Rarity - 5 Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Weak to none Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full Grade of coin depicted: AU53 Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection Cross reference: WB-103. Version 4.68





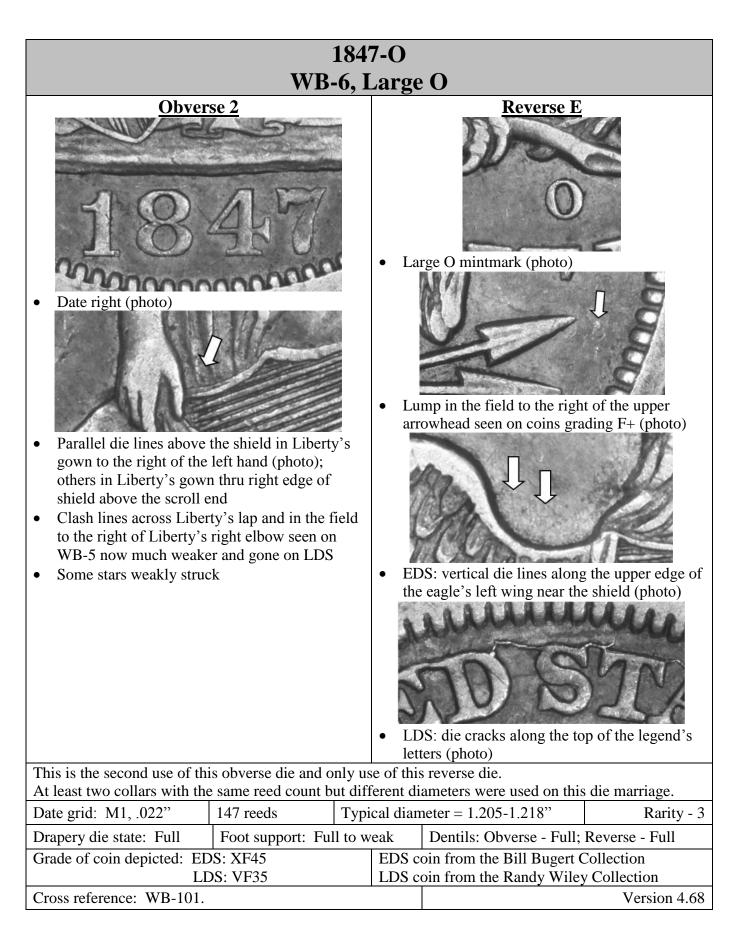
Cross reference: WB-103.

Version 4.68



<b>1847-O</b>					
	WB-5,	Large	e <b>O</b>		
<ul> <li>Obver</li> <li>Obver</li> <li>Obver</li> <li>Obver</li> <li>Date centered (photo)</li> <li>Date centered (photo)</li> <li>Parallel die lines above gown to the right of the others in Liberty's gow shield above the scroll of Clash lines across Liber field to the right of Liber Some stars weakly structed</li> <li>Some stars weakly structed</li> </ul>	Final the shield in Liberty's left hand (photo); in thru right edge of end ty's lap; another in the erty's right elbow ek	<ul> <li>Ne low the low the</li> <li>Wa about the low the low</li></ul>	Reverse I Reverse I	Image: Second state of the	
Date grid: L5.5, .020"	1		ameter = $1.213$ "	Rarity - 6	
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: Full		Dentils: Obverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: AU55			Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68		







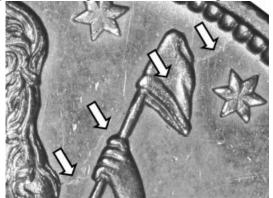
### 1847-O WB-7, Repunched Mintmark



• Date centered (photo) with a die crack along the base of the digits of the date



• Parallel die lines above the shield in Liberty's gown to the right of the left hand (photo)



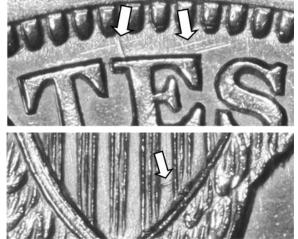
- Die crack from Liberty's right shoulder diagonally thru the cap to the rim (photo); others thru stars 1-3 and 5-6
- Some stars weakly struck

# Reverse F

• Large O mintmark repunched south (photo); the first punching nearly touches the stem



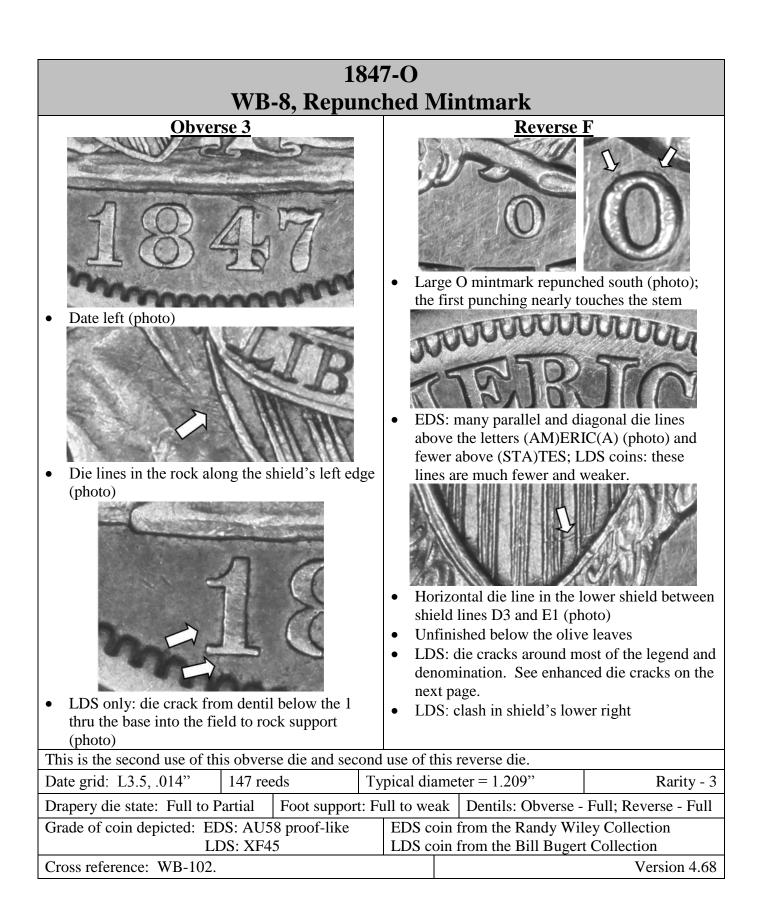
• Many parallel and diagonal die lines above the letters (AM)ERIC(A) (photo above) and fewer above and thru (STA)TES (photo below)



- Horizontal die line in the lower shield between shield lines D3 and E1 (photo)
- Unfinished below the olive leaves
- Weak die cracks around most of the legend

This is the third use of this obverse die and first use of this reverse die.					
Date grid: L5.5, .023"	14′	147 reeds Typical dia		ameter = 1.209"	Rarity - 5
Drapery die state: Partial	Foot support: Weak		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: AU55 proof-like			Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-102.				Version 4.68	

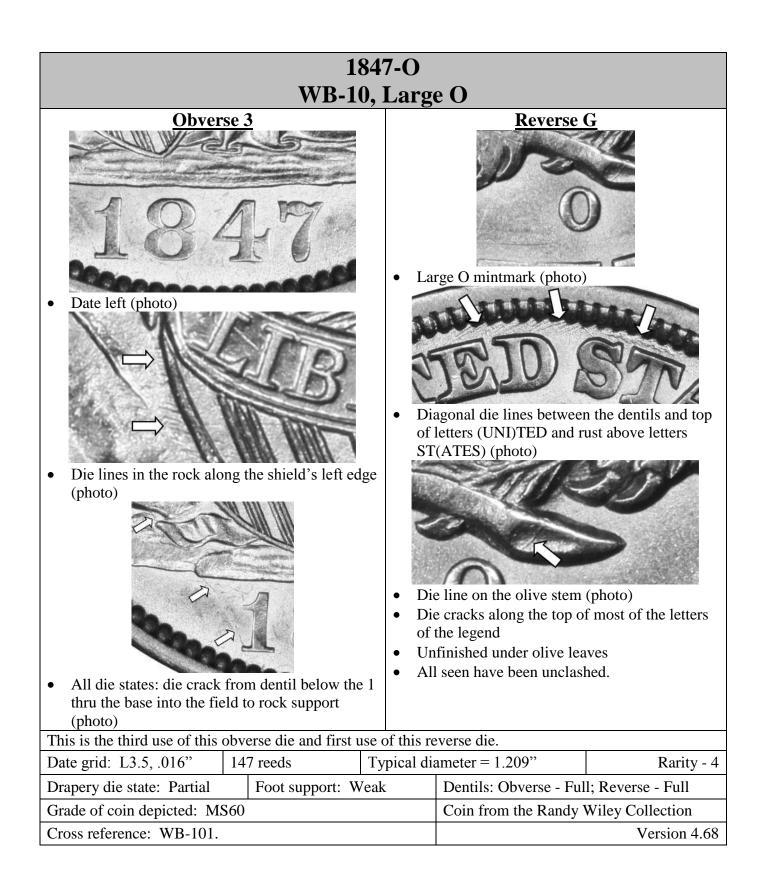




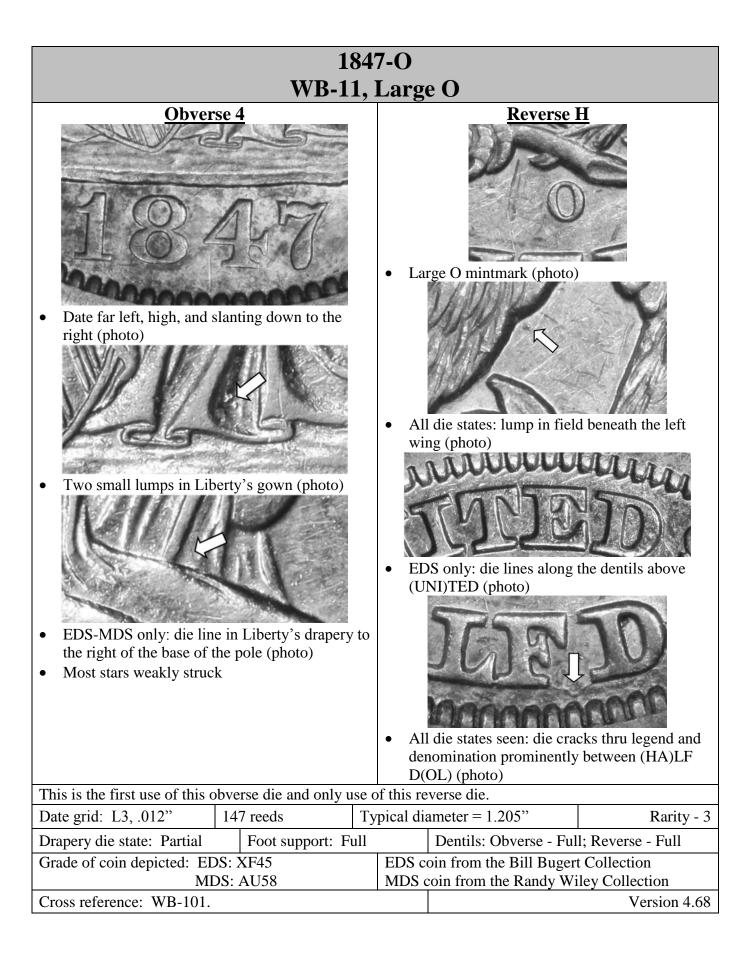


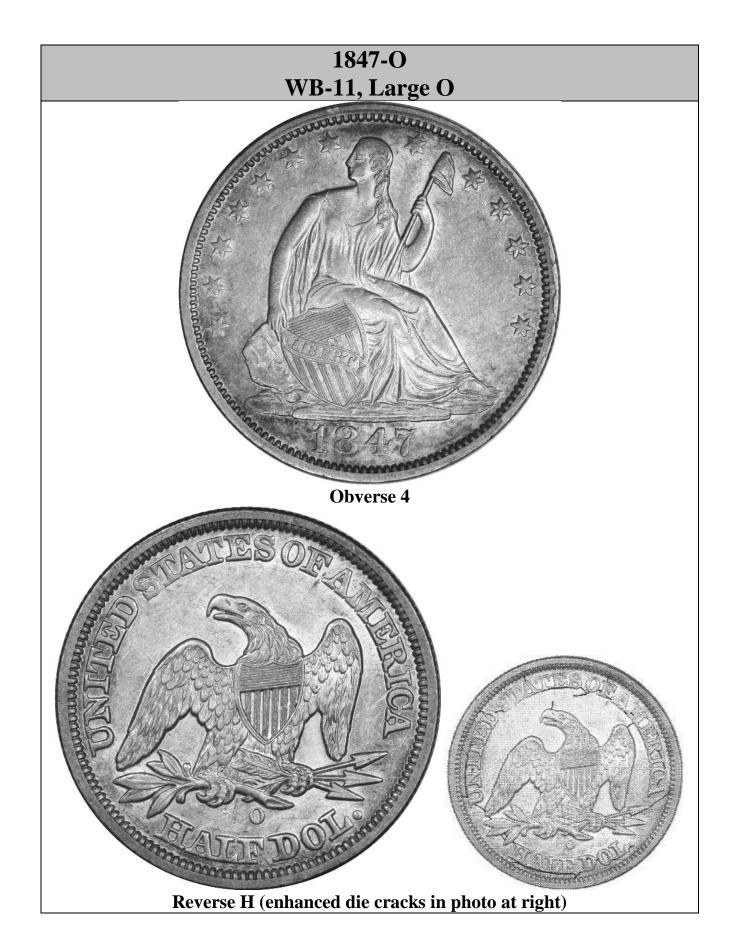
1847-0							
WB-9, Large O							
Obverse 3         Obverse 3         Image: Second structure         I	<ul> <li>Nealow</li> <li>Nealow</li> <li>Shi</li> <li>The above of t</li> <li>All</li> <li>bel</li> <li>bas</li> <li>LD</li> <li>UN</li> <li>This (rest</li> </ul>	Reverse i Reverse i	Image: second system         Image: second system				
		ameter = $1.212$ "	Rarity - 4				
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Wea	• 1	Dentils: Obverse - Ful	5				
Grade of coin depicted: AU50Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection							
Cross reference: WB-101.		<u>_</u>	Version 4.68				

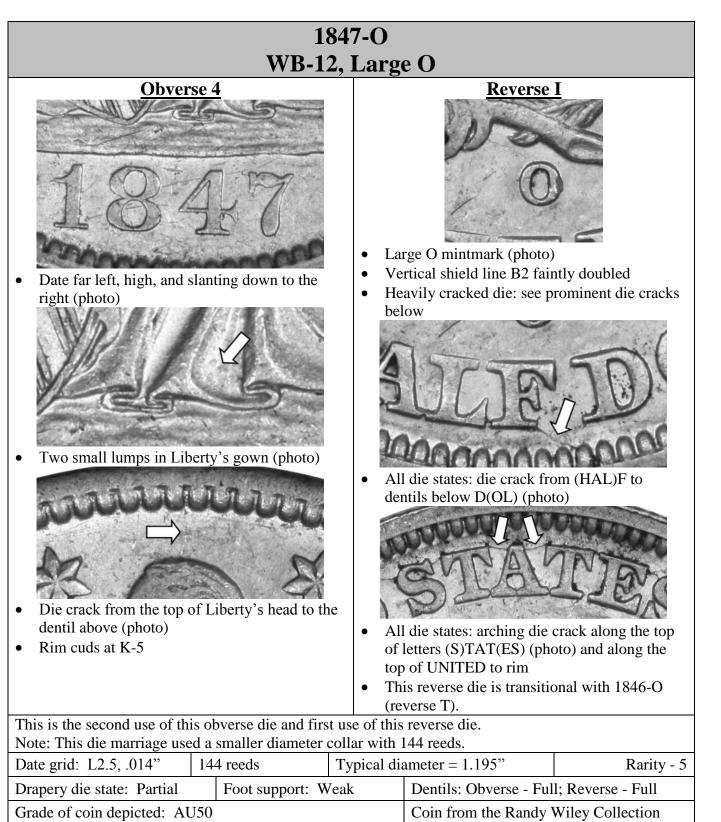






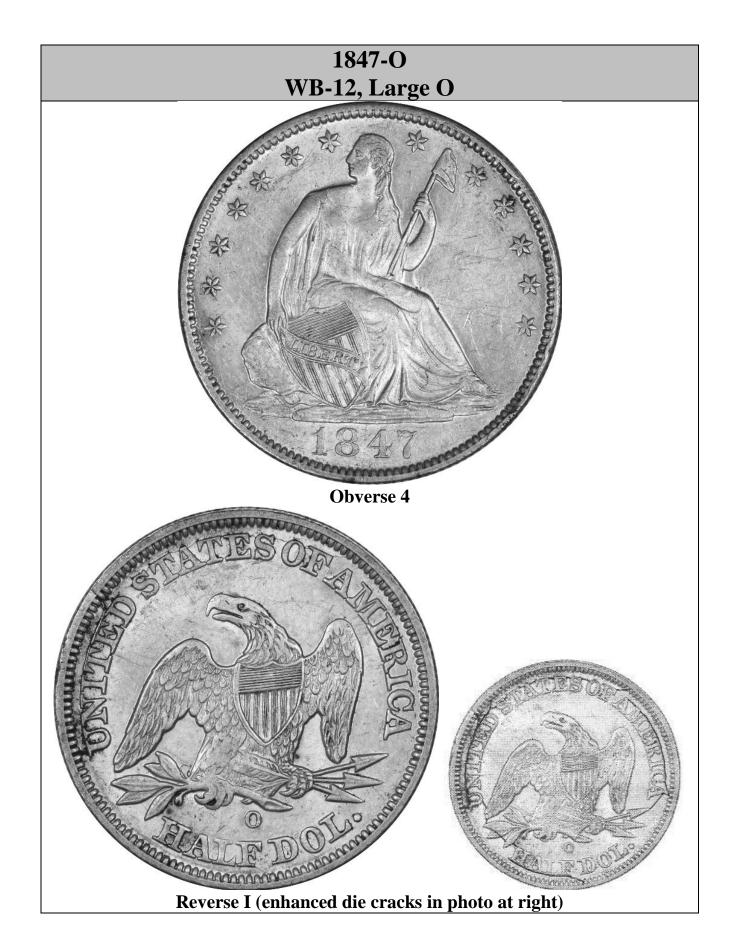






Cross reference: WB-101.

Version 4.68

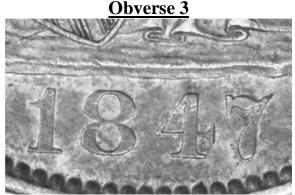


### **1847-0** WB-13, Large O **Reverse J Obverse 4** Large O mintmark - LDS shown: weak at • bottom (photo) Small tine from dentil above S(TATES) Date far left, high, and slanting down to the LDS: heavily cracked die prominently as right (photo) below Two small lumps in Liberty's gown (photo) Die cracks around olive leaves, UNITED and left wing (photo above) and from the dentil thru D(OL) thru olive stem and right claw into right wing (photo below) All examples seen: die crack from the top of Liberty's head to the dentil above (photo) Rim cuds around most of the circumference • visible on high grade coins Weak strike across Liberty's upper torso This reverse die is transitional with 1846-O (Reverse R). Eagle's left leg weakly struck This is the third use of this obverse die and first use of this reverse die. Note: This die marriage used a smaller diameter collar with 144 reeds. Typical diameter = 1.195" Date grid: L2.5, .014" 144 reeds Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Weak Grade of coin depicted: EDS: XF45 EDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection LDS: AU50 LDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection Cross reference: WB-101. Version 4.68

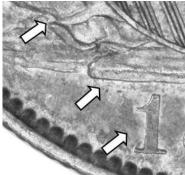
Rarity - 4



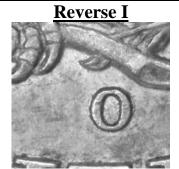
# 1847-O WB-14, Large O



- Date left (photo) now weak from die polishing
- The die lines in the rock along the shield's left edge seen on previous uses of this die (WB-8, 9, and WB-10) are now polished off the die and not visible.



• All die states: die crack from dentil below the 1 thru the base into the field into the rock support and rock (photo)



- Large O mintmark (photo)
- Vertical shield line B2 faintly doubled
- Heavily cracked die: see prominent die cracks below



• LDS: cud forming above (UNIT)ED (photo)



• All die states: die crack from (HAL)F to dentils below D(OL) (photo)



- All die states: arching die crack along the top of letters (S)TAT(ES) (photo)
- This reverse die is transitional with 1846-O (reverse T).

This is the fourth use of this obverse die and second use of this reverse die. Note: This die marriage used a smaller diameter collar with 144 reeds.

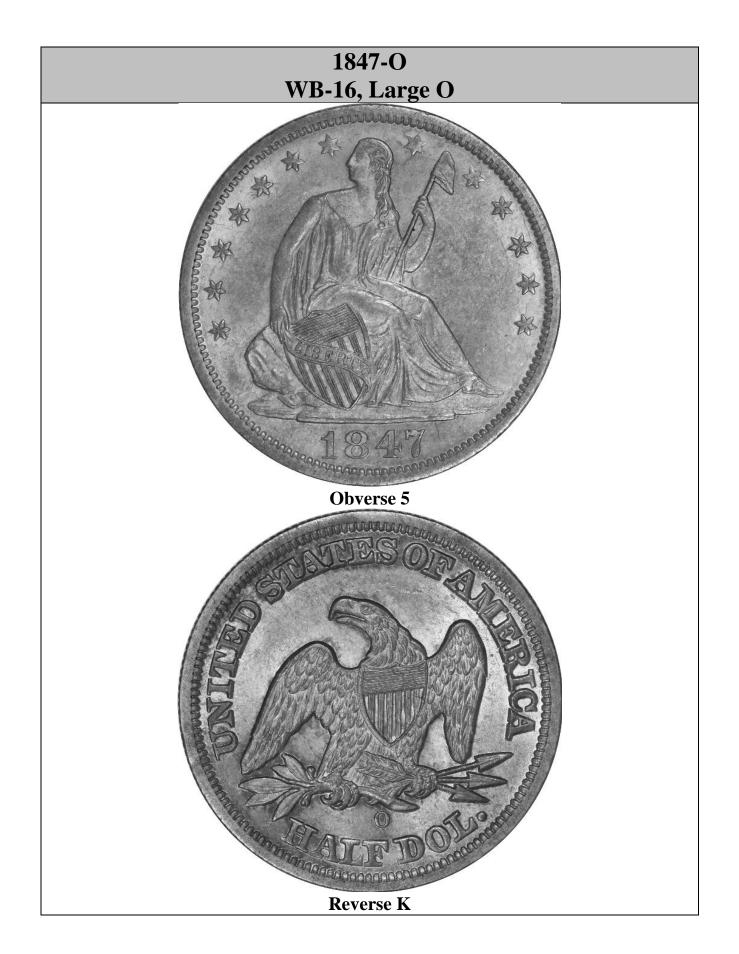
Date grid: L3.5, .018"	144	144 reeds Typical diar		ameter = 1.192"	Rarity - 5
Drapery die state: Partial		Foot support: None		Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Full	
Grade of coin depicted: AU53			Coin from the Randy	Wiley Collection	
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68	



<b>1847-O</b>							
WB-15,	Large	e O					
<image/> <text><text><image/></text></text>	<ul> <li>All as 1</li> <li>Die left thr rigit</li> </ul>	Reverse and the states is heavily crace below. The cracks around olive leader to the states around olive leader to the states around olive leader to the states around olive states aroun	aves, UNITED and d from the dentil and right claw into				
	(Re	is reverse die is transitio everse R).					
This is the fifth and final use of this obverse die and		gle's left leg weakly struke use of this reverse die in					
Note: This die marriage used a smaller diameter coll							
Date grid: L3.5, .018" 144 reeds T	ypical dia	ameter = 1.193"	Rarity - 6				
Drapery die state: None Foot support: None	e	Dentils: Obverse - We					
Grade of coin depicted: AU53		Coin from the Dick Os					
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68				



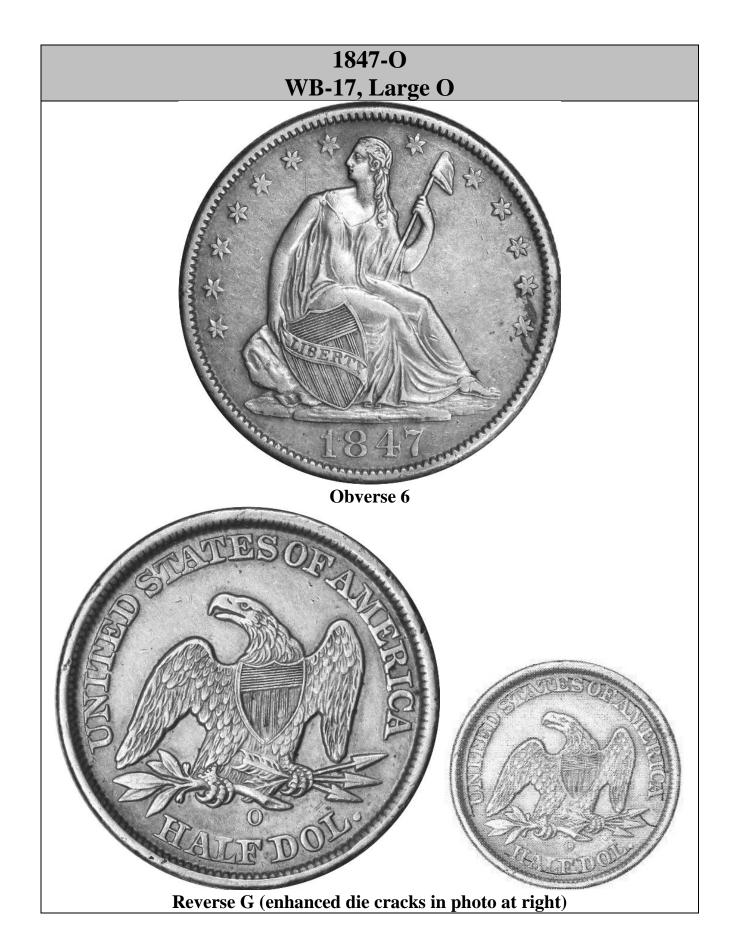
1847	-0					
WB-16, Large O						
Obverse 5         Image: Stars 7, 8 12, and 13 weak	<ul> <li>Sm bud nea</li> <li>Tw (ph</li> <li>Dia</li> <li>ST</li> <li>Cla</li> </ul>	rge O mintmark Tree O mintmark	ight side of the lower ther under the left wing (photo)			
This is the only use of this obverse die and first use of EDS: 147 reeds			147 reeds: Rarity - 6			
Date grid:L4.5, .023"LDS: 147 reedsTypical diameter = 1.213"LDS:145 reedsTypical diameter = 1.213"			145 reeds: Rarity - 4			
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Full	Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Full		se - Full; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: LDS - MS63 Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection			Bill Bugert Collection			
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68			



1847			0				
WB-17, Large O							
Obverse 6         Image: Obverse 6	•	The top ST( (WI Die Die of tl Unf All low	Reverse G Fe O mintmark (photo) diagonal die lines betwo of letters (UNI)TED and ATES) seen on the prev (14) are now polished a time on the olive stem (preverse) line on the olive stem (preverse) e legend and denominant nished under olive leave tie states seen: heavy clear right	een the dentils and l rust above letters ious use of this die away.			
This is the first use of this obverse die and second use EDS to MDS: 147 reeds	e of i	this	everse die.				
Date grid: L5.5, .022" EDS to MDS: 147 reeds LDS: 145 reeds	Т	Гуріс	al diameter = $1.209$ "	Rarity - 2			
Drapery die state: Full to Partial Foot support: Full to Weak Reverse - Full to weak; Reverse - Full to weak				,			

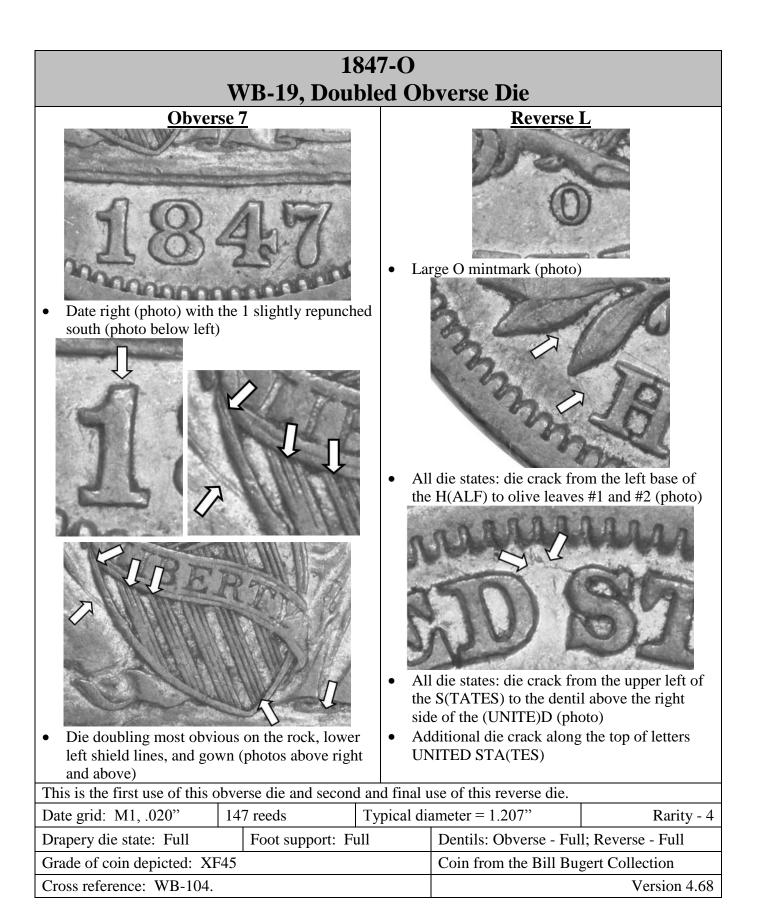
Cross reference: WB-101.

Version 4.68



	0					
1847-O						
<b>WB-18</b> , 1	arge O					
<ul> <li>Obverse 6</li> <li>Wand of the second of the seco</li></ul>	Reverse Rev	The dentil above the				
This is the second and final use of this obverse die arDate grid: L5.5, .026"147 reedsTy	cal diameter = $1.208$ "	Rarity - 4				
Drapery die state: None Foot support: None	Dentils: Obverse - W	-				
Grade of coin depicted: XF45	Coin from the Randy	,				
Cross reference: WB-101.		Version 4.68				
		* CISIOII 7.00				







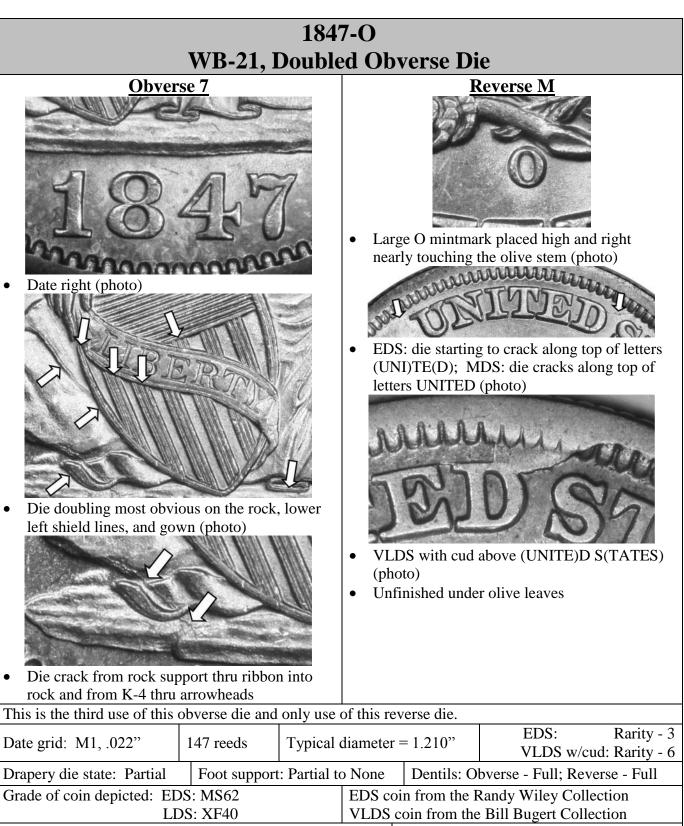
18	47-O						
WB-20, Doubled Obverse Die							
Obverse 7	Reverse G						
18457	<ul> <li>Large O mintmark (photo)</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Date right (photo); the repunching on the 1 seen in the previous use of this die (WB-19) is not visible</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Die line on the olive stem (photo)</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Die doubling most obvious on the rock, lower left shield lines, and gown (photo)</li> <li>Die crack from rock support thru ribbon into rock and from K-4 thru arrowheads</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Die cracks along the top of most of the letters of the legend and denomination prominently on OF AME(RICA) (photo)</li> <li>All die states: heavy clash in shield's lower right</li> <li>Heavily worn to non-existent dentils</li> </ul>						
This is the second use of this obverse die and third							
This die paring has a remarriage. See next page fo							
The die remarriage used a smaller diameter collar with 144 reeds.							
WB-20 Date grid: WB-20: 147 reeds WB-20 diameter = $1.210^{\circ}$ WB-20: Rarity							
M1, .020" WB-20R: 144 reeds	WB-20R diameter = $1.189$ " WB-20R: Rarity - 7						
Drapery die state: Full to Foot support: Full							
Grade of coin depicted: WB-20: VF35	WB-20 coin from the Bill Bugert Collection						
WB-20R: XF45	WB-20R coin from the Randy Wiley Collection						
Cross reference: WB-104.	Version 4.68						

## 1847-O WB-20 and WB-20R Remarriage Doubled Obverse Die

Randy Wiley with his extensive and thorough research of this date discovered this remarriage. The obverse drapery below the elbow and the foot support are the keys to identifying this remarriage. Apparently, die marriages WB-21, WB-22, and WB-23 with varying combinations of dies were all struck in between WB-20 and WB-20R. Fortunately, definitive and readily recognizable die diagnostics allow easy identification of the WB-20 First marriage and the WB-20R Remarriage. The key obverse and reverse die differences are depicted below. Note the differences in the state of the drapery and the foot support in the photographs below. Also, note the reverse die crack differences thru the H(ALF).

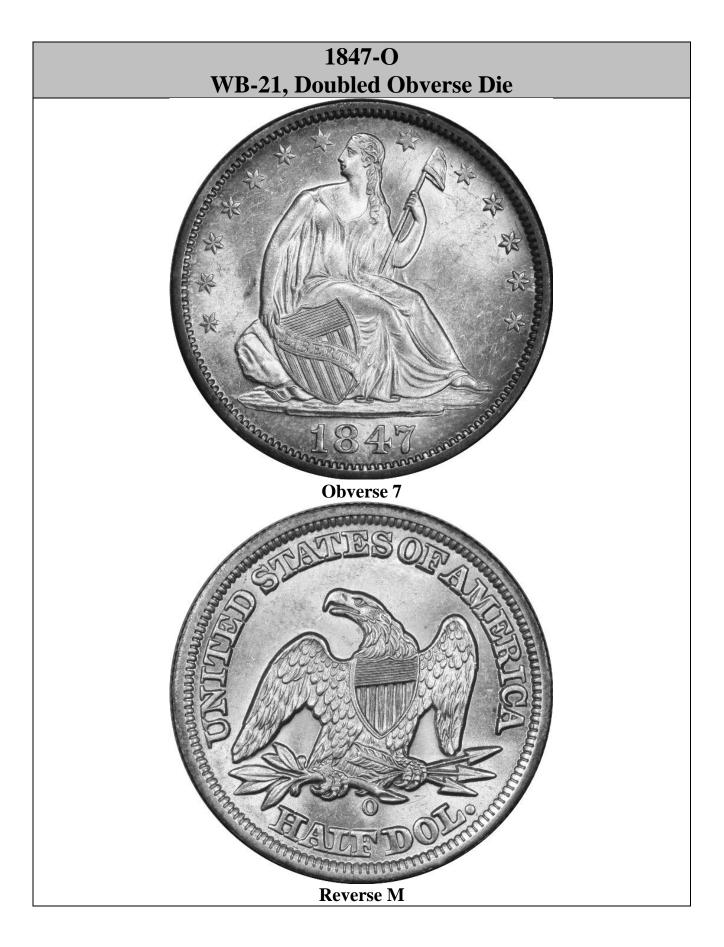


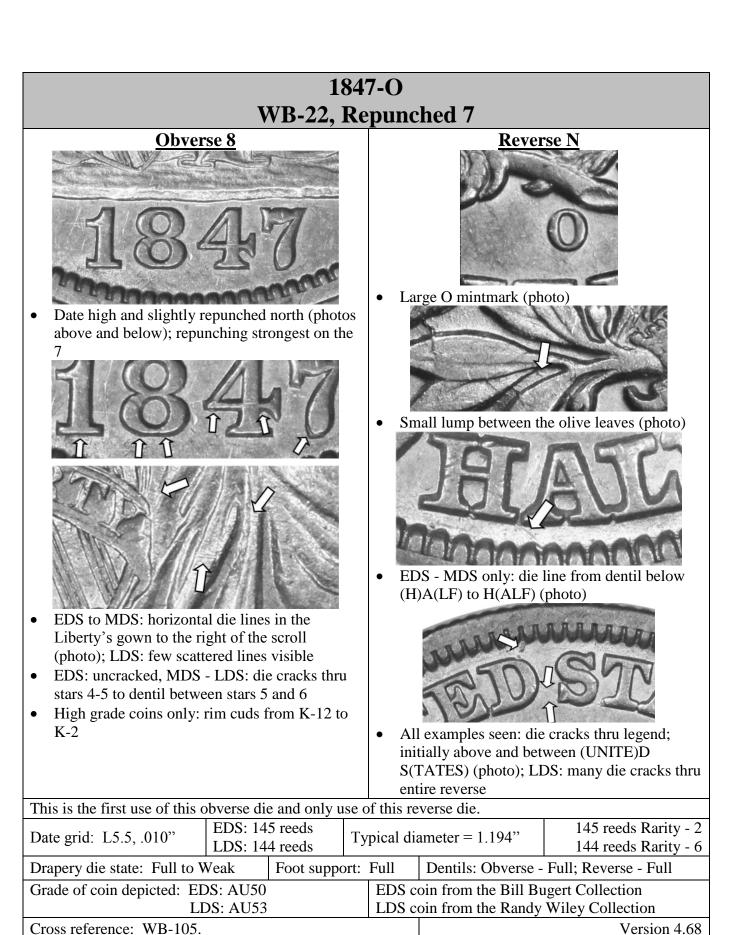




Cross reference: WB-104.

Version 4.68







## 1847-O WB-23, Repunched 7

•

•

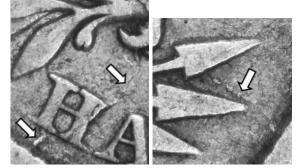


- Date high with the 7 repunched north (photo) difficult to see in this low grade
- The horizontal die lines in the Liberty's gown to the right of the scroll seen on the previous use of this die (WB-22) are not visible here.
- Die cracks thru stars 4-5 to dentil between stars 5 and 6

#### **Reverse G**



- Large O mintmark (photo)
- Most details on this die are very weak from extensive use (this is the 4<sup>th</sup> use of this die) and from die polishing.
- The die line on the olive stem seen on the previous uses of this die (WB-10, WB-17, and WB-20) is faintly visible



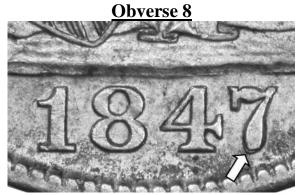
- Die cracks along the top of most of the letters of the legend and denomination prominently on OF AME(RICA); now from the rim thru H(ALF) to the left claw (photo above left) and from rim thru arrowheads (photo above right)
- Clash in shield's lower right
- Heavily worn to mostly non-existent dentils around the entire circumference

This is the second use of this obverse die and fourth and final use of this reverse die. To date, all examples seen of this die marriage are of low grade.

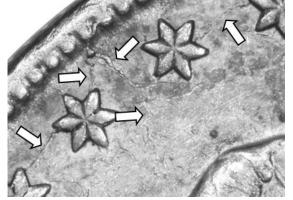
Note: This die marflage used a smaller diameter collar with 144 reeds.					
Date grid: L5.5, .013"	144 reeds	eeds Typical diameter = 1.194"		Rarity - 5	
Drapery die state: None	Foot support: Full	Foot support: Full Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Very		erse - Very weak	
Grade of coin depicted: VF20		Coin from the Bill Bug	gert Collection		
Cross reference: WB-105.			Version 4.68		



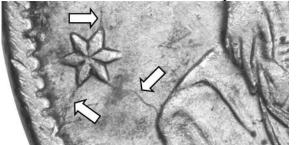
## 1847-O WB-24, Repunched 7



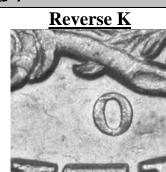
• Date high with the 7 repunched north (photo)



• All examples seen: shattered die with distinctive web-like die cracks in the stars and dentils over Liberty's left shoulder (photo); others around star 1 and the rock (photo below)



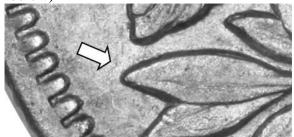
• Heavily worn dentils around the entire circumference



• Large O mintmark (photo)



• Die cracks on most of the legend and prominently along the top of letters UNITED STATES (photo); another from the lower left wing to the dentils near the olive leaves (photo below)



• Clash in shield's lower right much weaker from die polishing than on previous uses of this die

This is the third use of this obverse die and third and final use of this reverse die. Note: This die marriage used a smaller diameter collar with 144 reeds.					
					Rarity - 4
Drapery die state: None Foot support: Full		Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: AU53			Coin from the Randy	Wiley Collection	
Cross reference: WB-105.				Version 4.68	



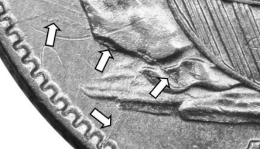
# 1847-O WB-25, Doubled Obverse Die



• Date right with a die crack along the base of the date (photo)



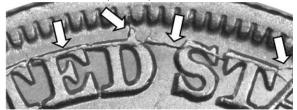
• Die doubling most obvious on the rock, lower left shield lines, and gown (photo)



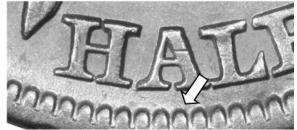
• All die states: multiple die cracks from date thru rock support thru ribbon into rock and field, another from K-7 into rock support (photo) and thru all stars



- Large O mintmark (photo)
- The die lines from dentils above UNITED and lumps by the olive leaves seen on the previous use of this die (WB-8) are not visible here.

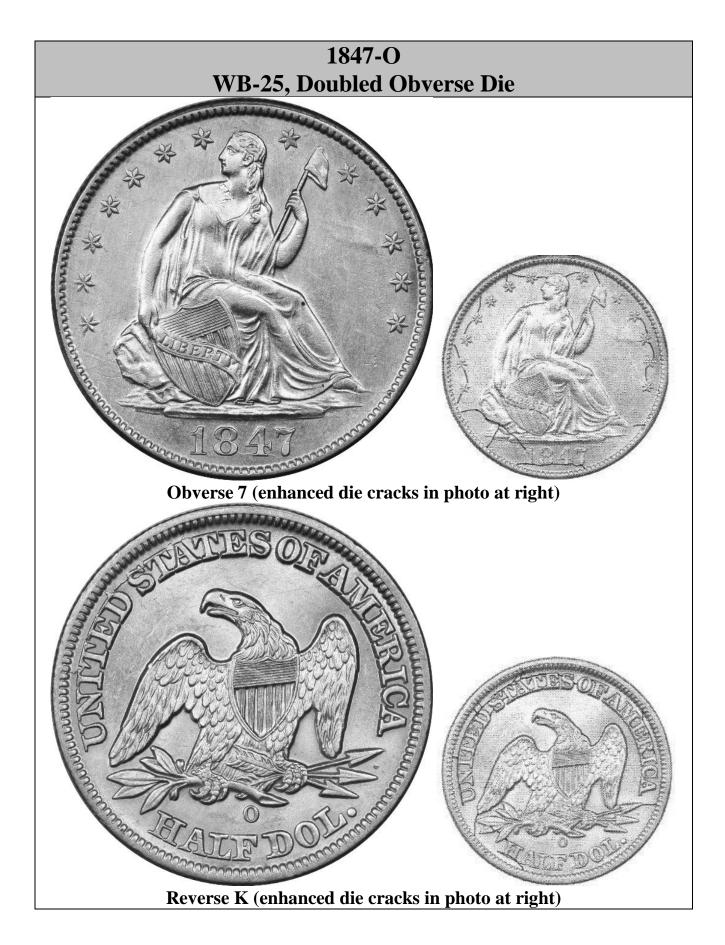


• Die cracks on most of the legend and prominently along the top of letters UNITED STATES



- Die line from the dentil below (H)A(LF) (photo)
- Clash in shield's lower right

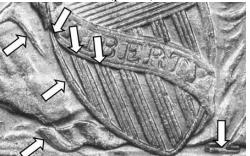
This is the fourth use of this obverse die and second use of this reverse die.				
Note: This die marriage used a smaller diameter collar with 144 reeds.				
Date grid:         L5.5, .024"         144 reeds         Typical diameter = 1.191"         Rarity - 4				
Drapery die state: None	Foot support: Weal	k to none	Dentils: Obverse - We	ak; Reverse - Full
Grade of coin depicted: AU55			Coin from the Randy	Wiley Collection
Cross reference: WB-104.				Version 4.68



## 1847-O WB-26, Doubled Obverse Die



• Date right; all examples seen: die crack along the base of the date (photo)



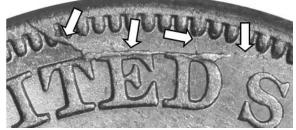
• Die doubling most obvious on the rock, lower left shield lines, and gown (photo)



• Multiple die cracks from date thru rock support thru ribbon into rock and field, another from K-7 into rock support (photo) and LDS: die cracks thru all stars



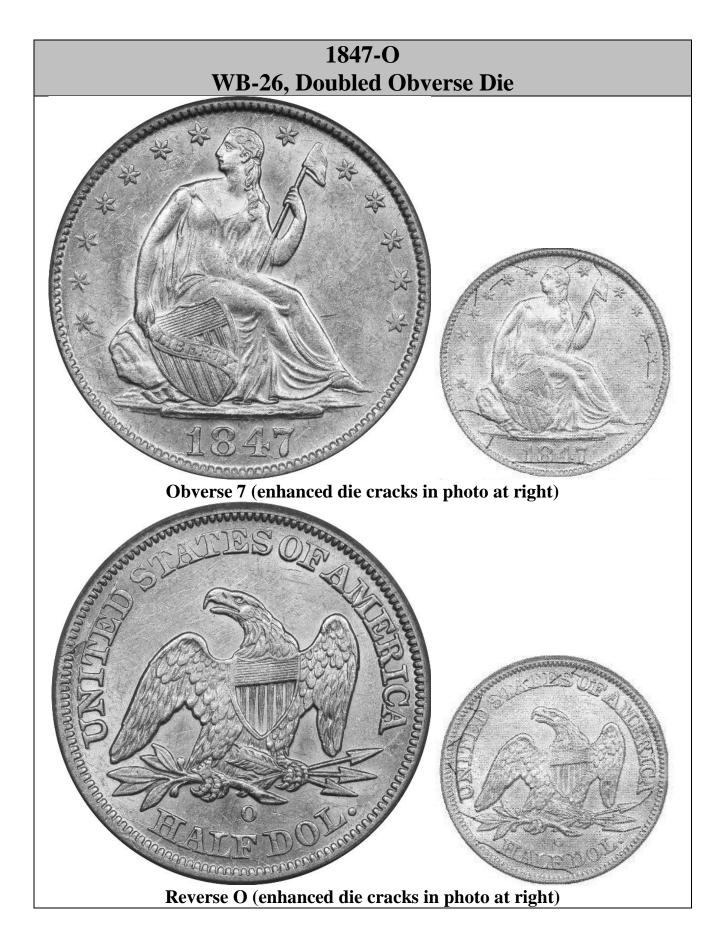
- Large O mintmark (photo). Note: doubling seen on the mintmark in the image above is hub doubling and not a repunched mintmark.
- EDS: shallow die cracks initially above (UNIT)ED and from (HAL) to dentil below D(OL)



• VLDS: heavily cracked thru entire legend and denomination with a cud forming along top of letters (UNI)TED (photo)

This is the fifth use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.	
Note: This die marriage used a smaller diameter collar with 144 reeds.	

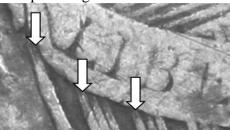
roter mills die marriage used a smarrer diameter contai whili i receds.							
Date grid: L5.5, .024"	144 reeds		Typical diameter = 1.189"		ameter = 1.189"	Rarity - 4 VLDS: Rarity - 6	
Drapery die state: None	Foot support: None		one		Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Fu		
Grade of coin depicted: PCGS AU53				Co	in from the Scott Micke	elson Collection	
Cross reference: WB-104.						Version 4.68	



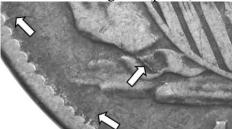
# 1847-O WB-27, Doubled Obverse Die



- Date centered (photo)
- Most details on this die are very weak from extensive use (this is the 6<sup>th</sup> use of this die) and from die polishing.



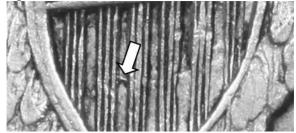
• Die doubling most obvious on the rock, lower left shield lines, and gown (photo)



• All die states: multiple die cracks from date thru rock support thru ribbon into rock and field, another from K-7 into rock support (photo) and thru all stars. These die cracks are much weaker from die polishing in this last use of the die.



• Large O mintmark with weak lower edge (photo)



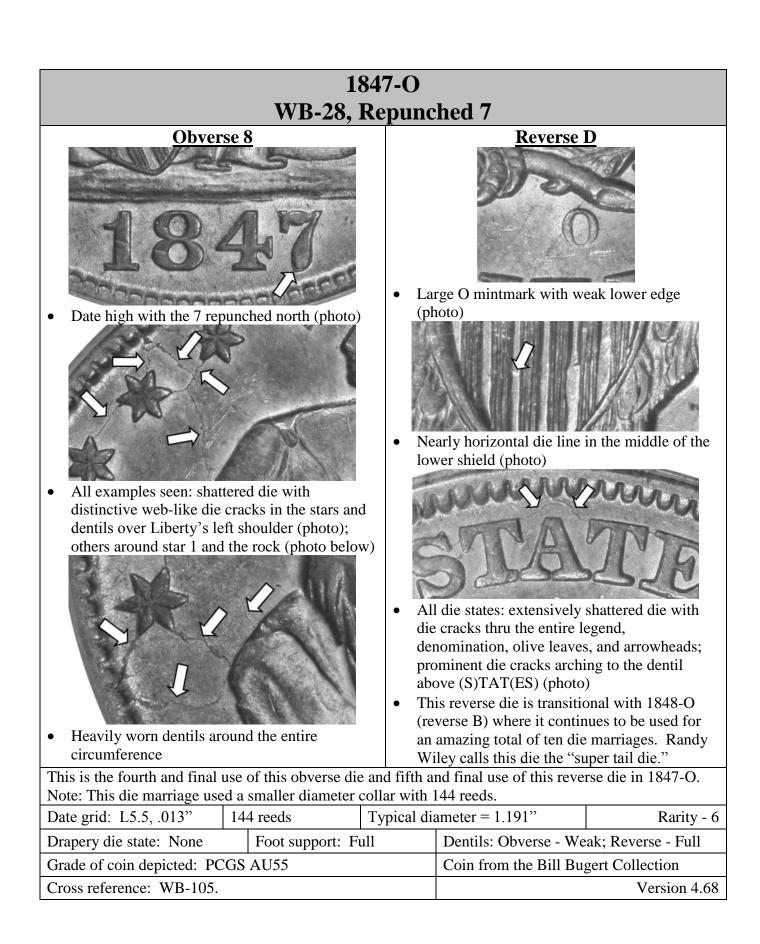
- Nearly horizontal die line in the middle of the lower shield (photo)
- The wavy die line thru the eagle's tail feathers above the left claw seen on the previous uses of this die (WB-4, 5, and 9) is now not visible.
- All die states seen: die crack from the dentil below the left side of the (D)O(L) to the left base of (DO)L
- Die crack along the top of letters UNITED STATES
- This reverse die is transitional with 1848-O (reverse B).

This is the sixth and final use of this obverse die and fourth use of this reverse die. The obverse die has very weak details which will perplex proper grading; grade this die marriage by the reverse.

Note: This die marriage used a smaller diameter collar with 144 reeds.

roter mills die marriage used a smarrer diameter contar with refeeds.							
Date grid: L5.5, .024"	144 reeds		Ту	Typical diameter = 1.193"		Rarity - 4	
Drapery die state: None		Foot support: None			Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: XF40			EDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection				
LDS: XF40			LDS co	oin from the Randy Wil	ey Collection		
Cross reference: WB-104.						Version 4.68	







# **1848-0**

With a mintage of over three million coins, 1848-O has the largest number of half dollars minted in all the early years of the New Orleans Branch Mint. With that, there is plenty to interest the die marriage collector including heavily cracked dies, repunched date, three remarriages, rusty dies, rare die marriages, and even a rotated reverse. Most dies are readily distinguishable by different die characteristics and die states.

Twenty-six of	lie marriages ar	e known as depicted	in the tables below.
1 woney bin t	ale mainages a	e mie win as aspietea	In the thores octow.

Mintage	Number of Dies	Die Marriages		Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested	-	-	-	
3,180,000	Shipped	-	14	14	1 (147)
	Known	26	13	15*	

\* = This number includes one reverse die that is transitional with 1847-O.

**Notched 1**. All 1848-O half dollars have a notch in the base of the 1; this feature is noticeable even on low grade coins. I have noticed this effect on some 1848 Philadelphia Mint half dollars where the notch appears much weaker.

In background, the dates and mintmarks for the Liberty Seated series were punched by hand or later, by a large screw, into the working dies at Philadelphia (hence, the date and mintmark placement variations). The dates were punched using a date gangpunch consisting of between two and four digits of the desired date on a punch (There has been some controversy over how many digits were on a date gangpunch but that's not addressed here.). The number of individual date gangpunches available for each year's use is unknown. Nevertheless, the punch used for 1848-O had a defect in the shape of a notch in the lower left base of the 1 (photo). Logically, a notch on the date punch should be visibly apparent. Perhaps the punch was dropped prior to use and a "dent" was imparted. Perhaps the notch was intentionally affected as a signature of a mint employee. We will most likely never know but notched punches are known on another seated half dollar date



(1856) and on other series: early seated half dimes (see *Gobrecht Journal*, Volume 27, Number 80, pages 39-41), 1820 bust dimes, and early capped bust half dollars for instance.

**Open and closed 4**. Various sources identify an open and a closed 4 date logotype which is a differentiation of the distance between the crossbar's lower serif and the right base of the 4. As we mentioned in our 1993 "Complete Guide," Randy Wiley and I believe that the open and closed 4 characteristics resulted from the amount of force used to emplace the date into the die or from the die polishing of the coin studied. Furthermore, we have documented cases were the same obverse die has both the open 4 and closed 4.

**Proof 1848-O Half Dollar?** Breen (4813) and Beistle (4D) both mention a proof 1848-O half dollar with a small mintmark. Breen's listing is probably a re-listing of Beistle's but Beistle provides a lengthy description as such:

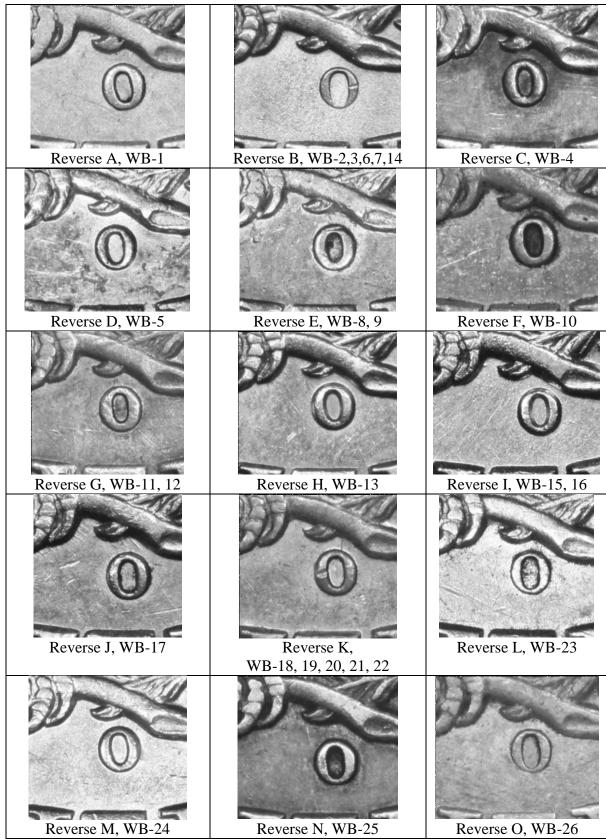
"1848 O 4 D. Full drapery at the elbow, foot is supported and the toe is enclosed. High date, slender figures, and 1 is set lower than the base of 848.

*Rev.* D. Small mint mark O, and centered high up in the crotch of tip of feather and side of stem. Two full lines are on the left side of shield. Proof. As a proof coin it is exceedingly rare in this date." Breen says "Ex. rare, untraced." Beistle's description is vague, lists mostly die state characteristics, and I cannot positively match it to any die marriages listed herein. I have not seen this proof and will doubt it exists until one is forthcoming. The small O mintmark was not used in 1848 and a different size (other than the large O) was last used in 1845. The chances that a different mintmark size punch was used in 1848 are remote.

Obverse die date grid	Die Marriage
L3.5, .014"	WB-9
L3.5, .014"	WB-10
L3.5, .022"	WB-20
L4.5, .019"	WB-16
L4.5, .022"	WB-23
L5 , .016"	WB-13
L5 ,.016"	WB-14
L5 ,.016"	WB-15
L5 ,.018"	WB-17
L5 ,.019"	WB-18
L5 ,.021"	WB-4
L5 ,.021"	WB-5
L5.5, .009"	WB-19
L5.5, .016"	WB-1
L5.5, .016"	WB-2
L5.5, .019"	WB-3
M1 , .014"	WB-26
M1 , .019"	WB-6
M1 , .019"	WB-12
M1 , .020"	WB-24
M1 , .022"	WB-25
M1 , .024"	WB-22
M2 ,.018"	WB-11
M2 ,.020"	WB-21
M2 , .022"	WB-7
M2 , .024"	WB-8

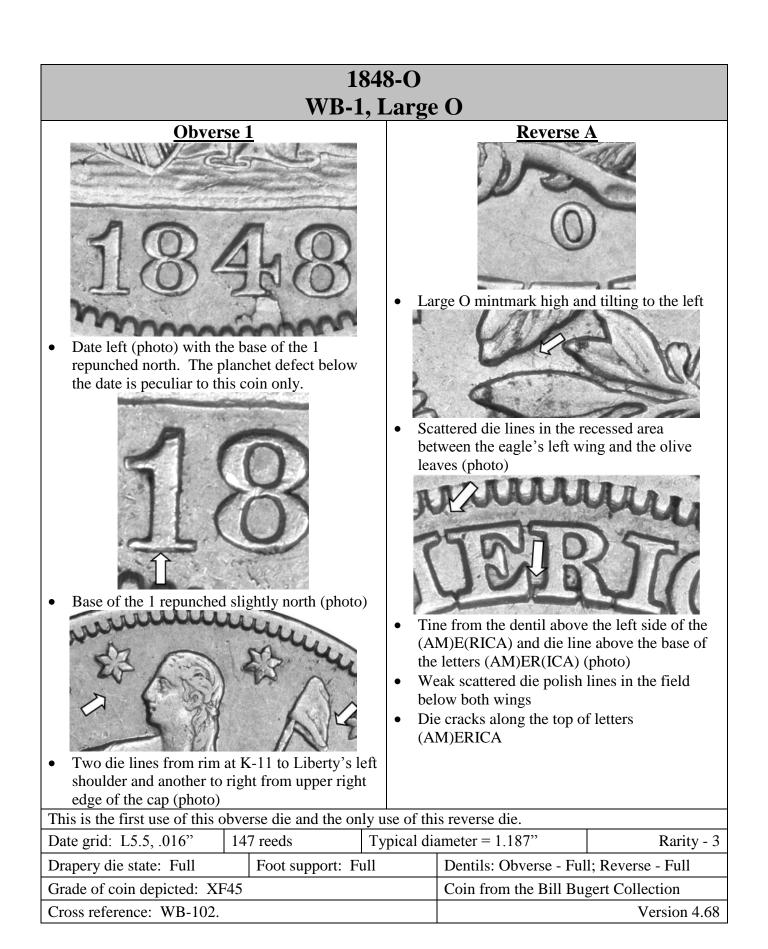
#### **1848-O date grid quick reference table**

# **1848-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**



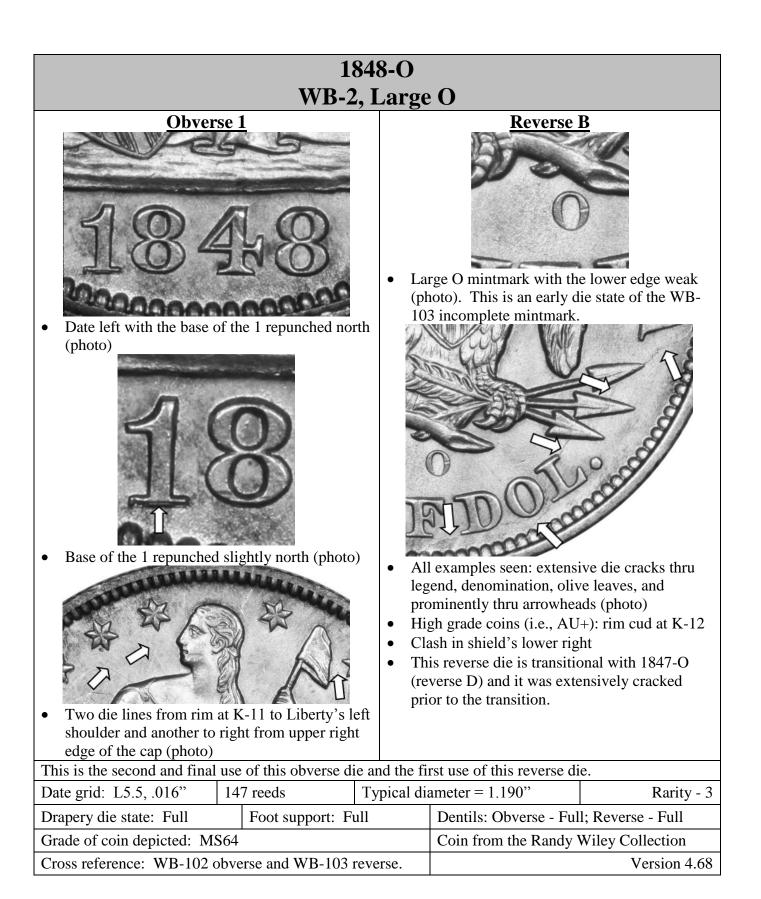
<b>1848-O</b> Obverse and Reverse identification keys	bverse and Reverse die		Mintmark with the lower edge weak	Diagonal (NW to SE) die lines in the lower shield	Die gouge in the (O)F	Small lump under the upper left serif of (A)M(ERICA)	Heavy diagonal die line thru S(TATES)
		Α	В	С	D	Ε	F
Base of the 1 repunched	1	<b>WB-1</b>	<b>WB-2</b>				
Lumps on Liberty's gown below the hair	2		WB-3	WB-4	WB-5		
Small lump above the ribbon's upper edge	3		<b>WB-6</b>				
Small lumps near the lower inside point of the shield	4		<b>WB-7</b>			WB-8	
Lump in rock to the left of the shield	5					<b>WB-9</b>	WB-10
Many lumps on this obverse including on Liberty's neck to the left of the hair	7		WB-14				

<b>1848-(</b> Obverse a Reverse d identificat keys	nd lie	ට Large O mintmark	Many lumps on thisHreverse including in thefield below (UNIT)E(D)	Lump in the field below the eagle's right wing	<ul> <li>Die lines above and</li> <li>under the eagle's left wing</li> </ul>	Arching die crack thru (STAT)ES	T Die line between the lower two arrow shafts	<b>V</b> Large O mintmark	Rust lump in betweenZthe eagle's beak and theleft wing	O Small lump between (UNI)TE(D)
Small lump above the ribbon's upper edge	3	WB-12		-		WB-22				
Date slanting down to right	6	WB-11				WB-21				
Lump on Liberty's neck to the left of the hair	7		WB-13	WB-15	WB-17	WB-18				
Small lump in the field to the upper right of the 1	8			WB-16						
Date high	9					WB-19				
Small lump below the gown's loop	10					WB-20				
Upper angle of the 4 filled	11						WB-23			
Two small lumps in Liberty's gown above the upper shield tip	12							WB-24	WB-25	
Small lump to the right of the lower shield point	13									WB-26

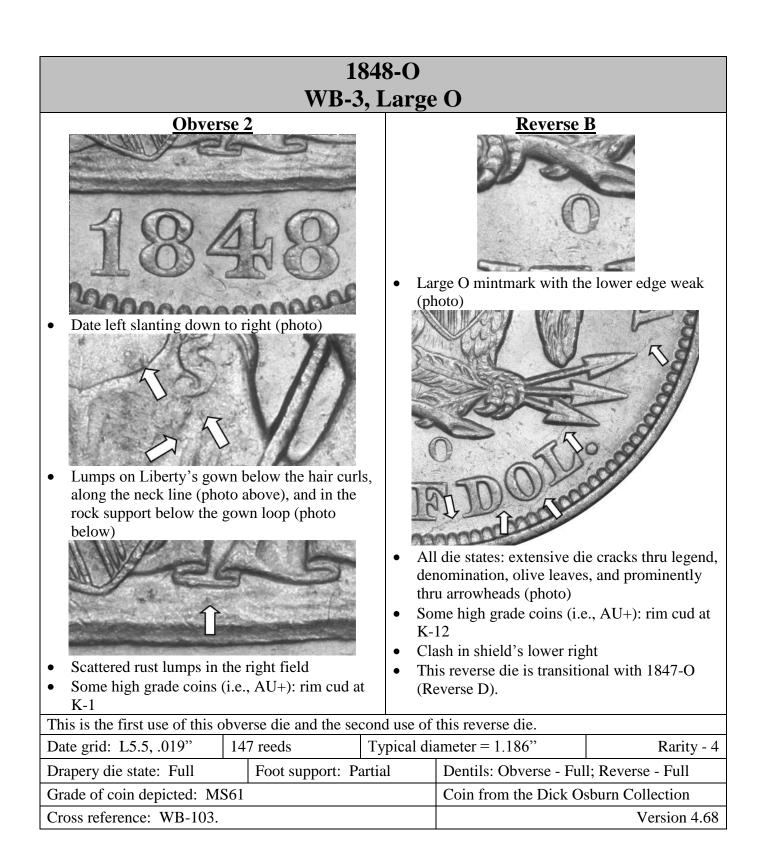


Bill Bugert







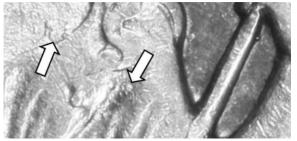




## 1848-O WB-4, Large O



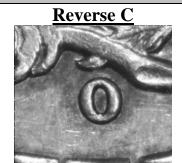
• Date left slanting down to right (photo). Note the die line from the serif of the 1 to the dentil below the date; this was not seen on the previous use of this die or the later use of this die.



• Lumps on Liberty's gown below the hair curls, along the neck line (photo above), and in the rock support below the gown loop (photo below)



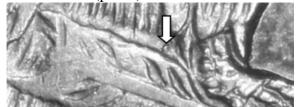
• Scattered rust lumps in the right field



• Large O mintmark (photo)



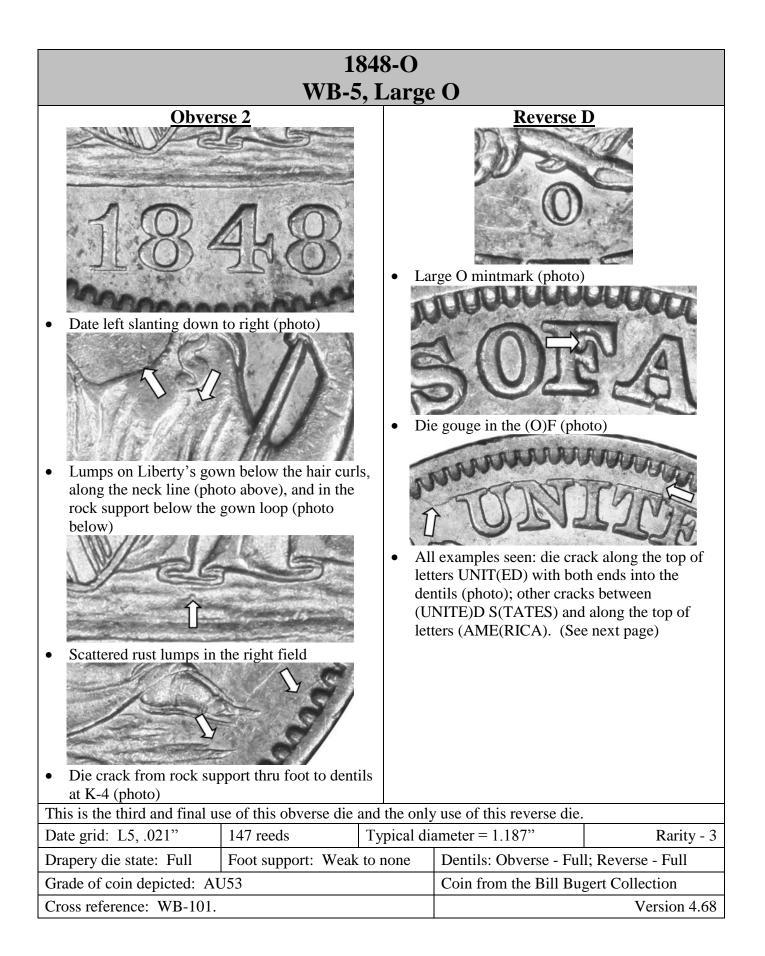
• Weak diagonal (NW to SE) die lines in the lower shield (photo)

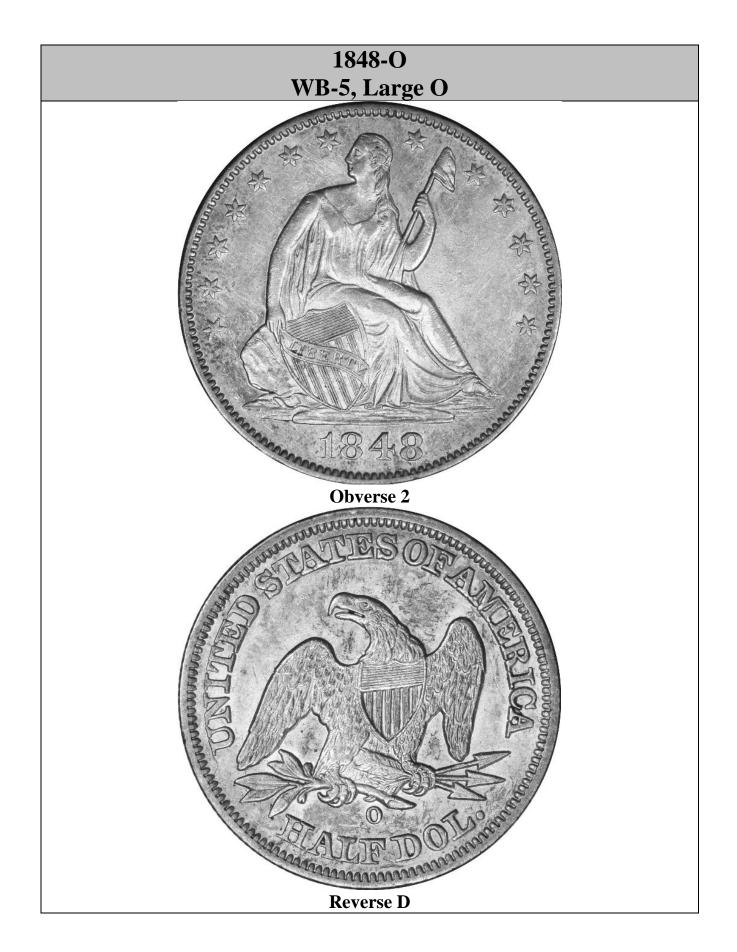


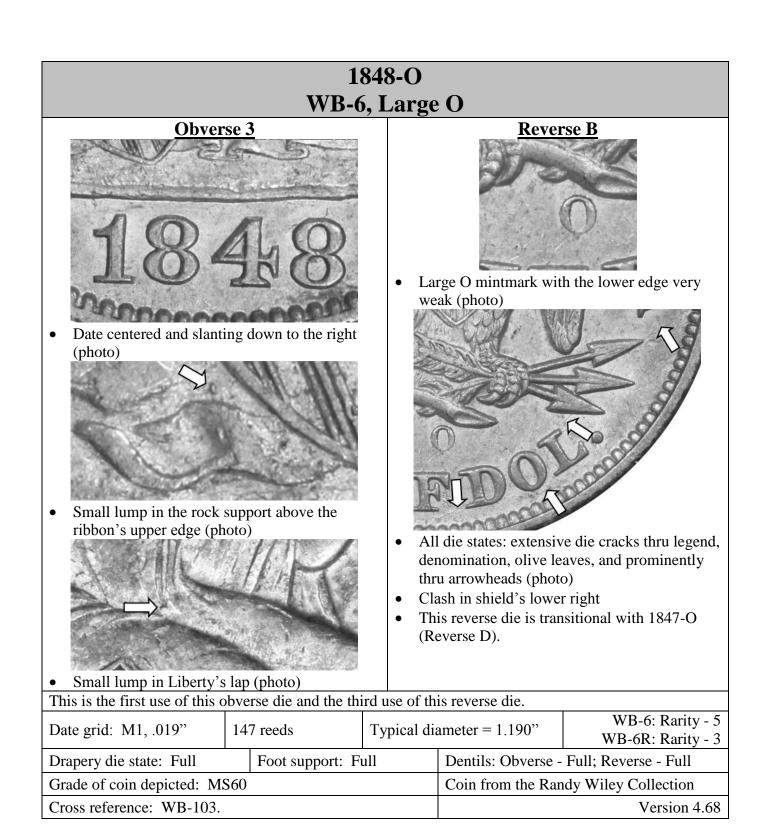
- Small lump on the upper edge of the arrow's upper feathers (photo)
- Note on next page: the planchet lamination or die crack diagonally from K-3 to K-6? Have you seen this on another example of this die marriage?

• Seattered fust fullips in	une i						
This is the second use of this obverse die and the only use of this reverse die.							
Date grid: L5, .021"	14	7 reeds	Typical dia	Rarity - 5			
Drapery die state: Full		Foot support: W	/eak	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: AU	J50		Coin from the Randy	Wiley Collection			
Cross reference: WB-101.					Version 4.68		



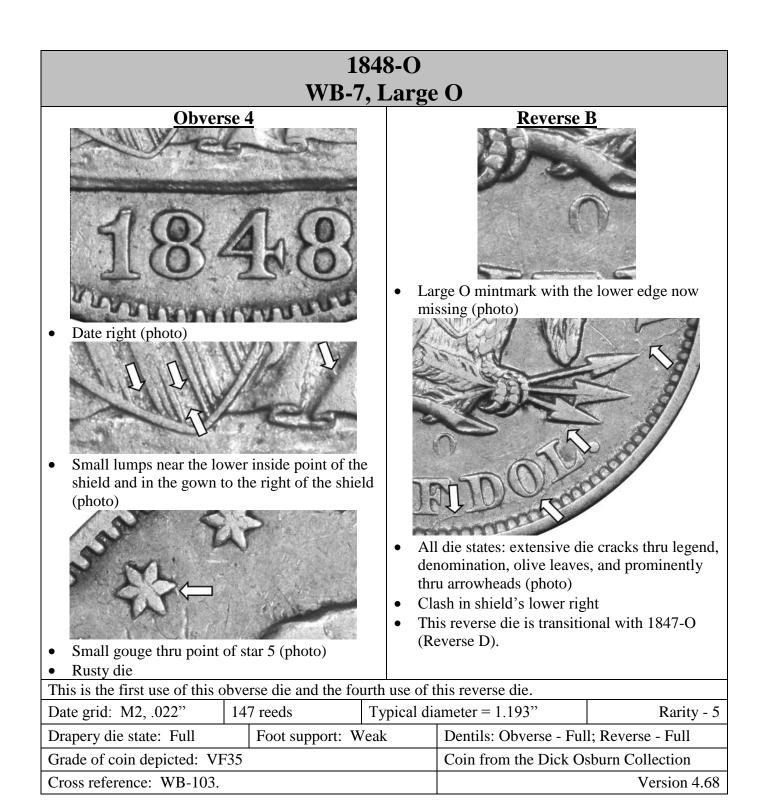




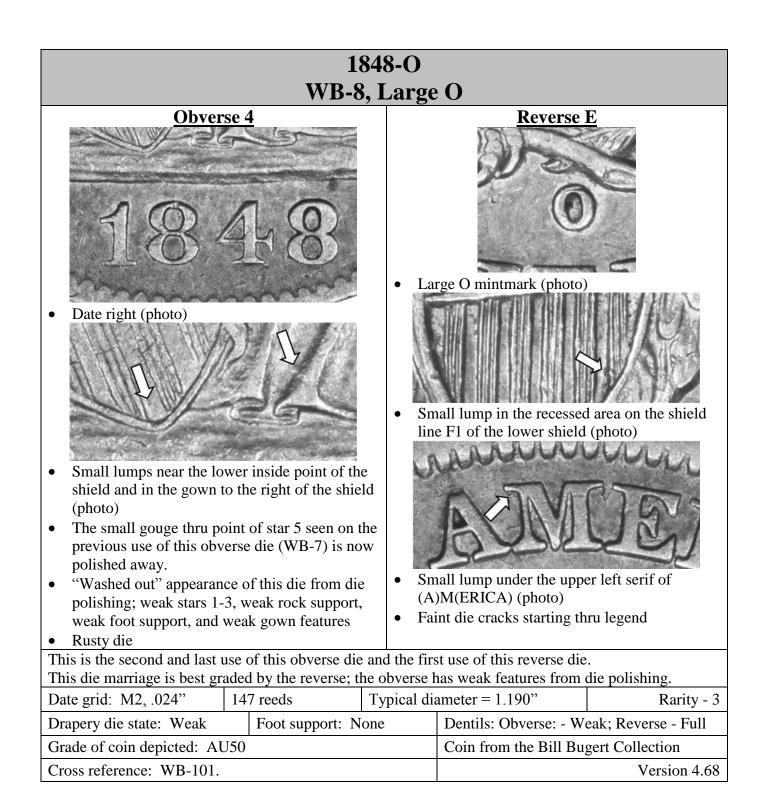


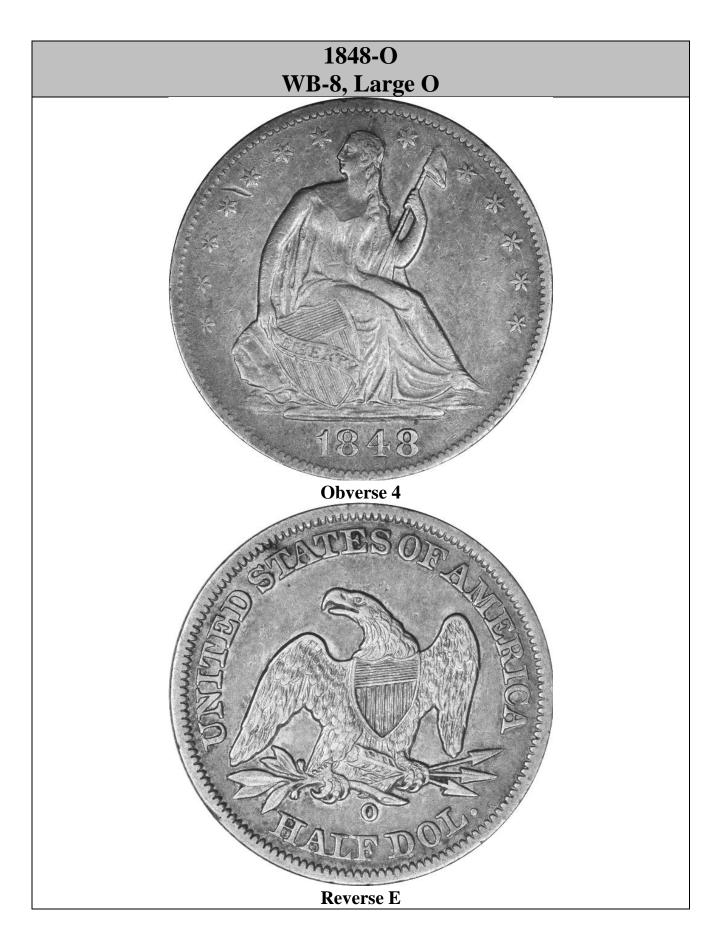
<b>1848-O</b>							
WB-6 and WB-6R Remarriage							
Randy Wiley with his extensive and thorough rese							
obverse die is the key to identifying this remarriag							
was struck in between WB-6 and WB-6R. Fortun							
diagnostics allow fairly easy identification of the	•						
The key obverse die differences are depicted below							
WB-6	WB-6R						
First marriage	Remarriage						
Full foot support including toes enclosed by the sandal	Die polishing around Liberty's foot including: Toes not completely enclosed by the sandal Weak rock support below Liberty's toes						
Uncracked above Liberty's head Note also, strong dentils above Liberty's head	Vertical die crack above Liberty's forehead to the dentil above Note also, worn dentils above Liberty's head						

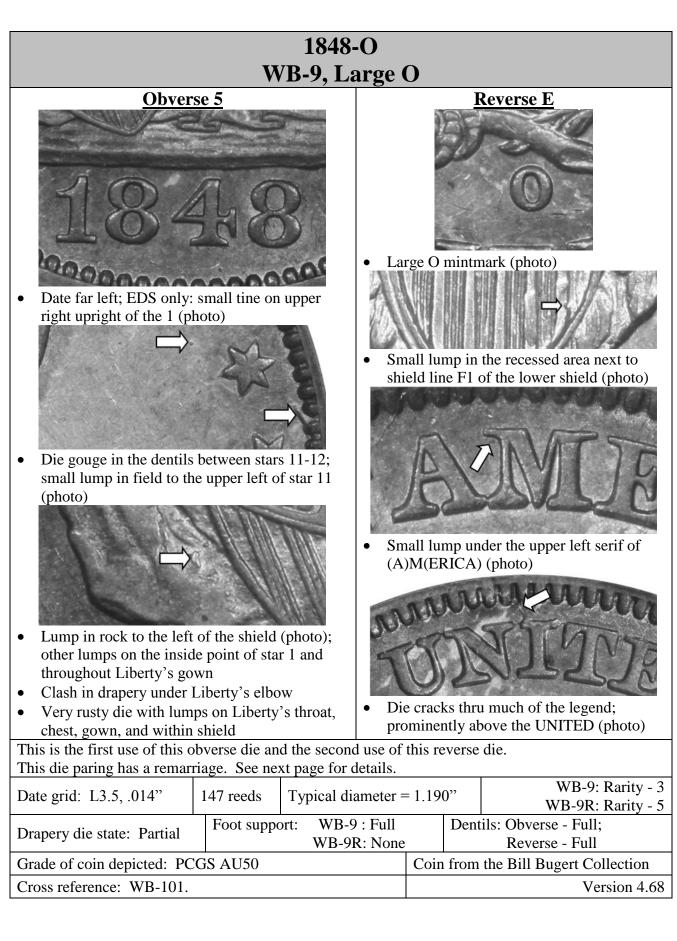


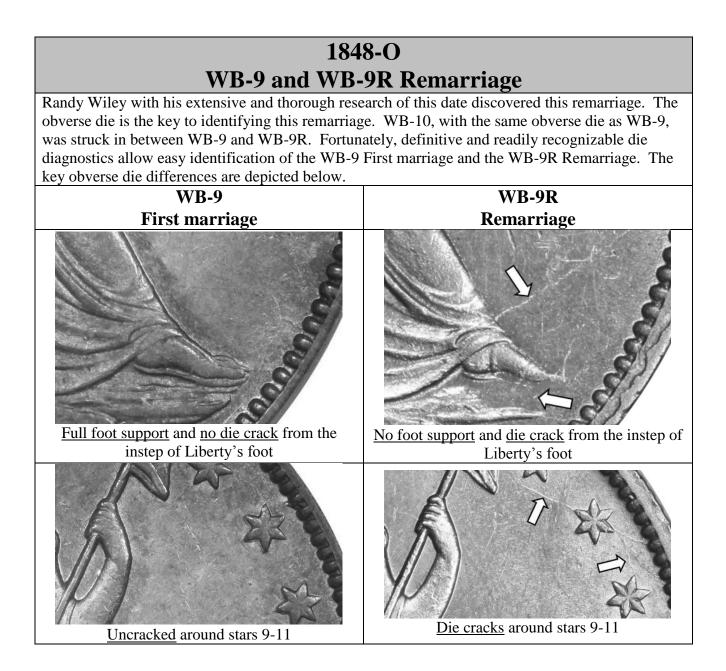


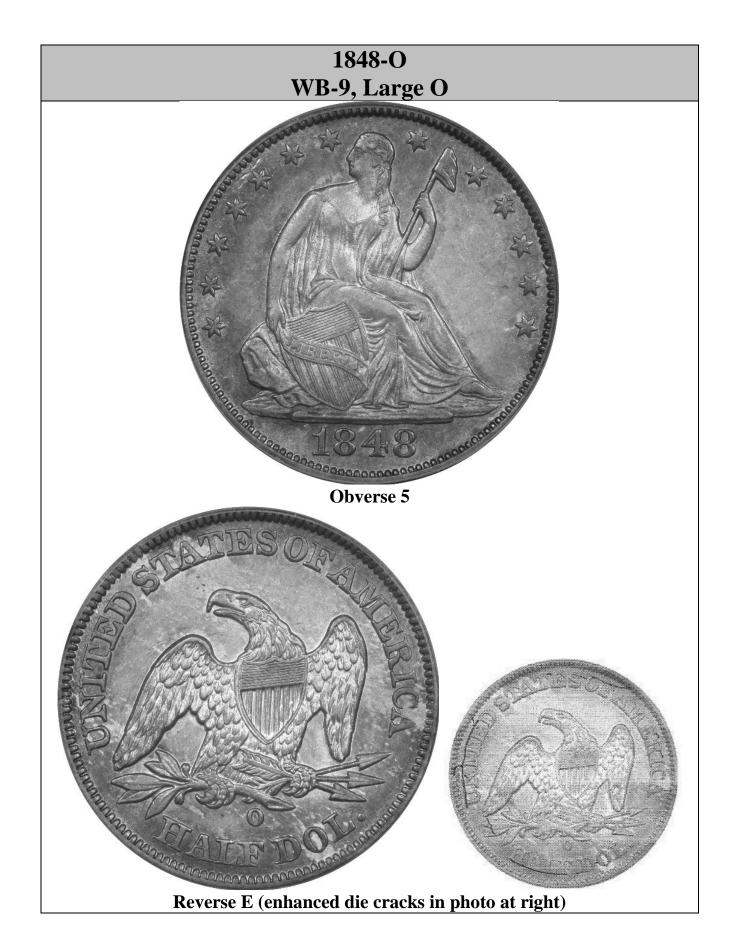


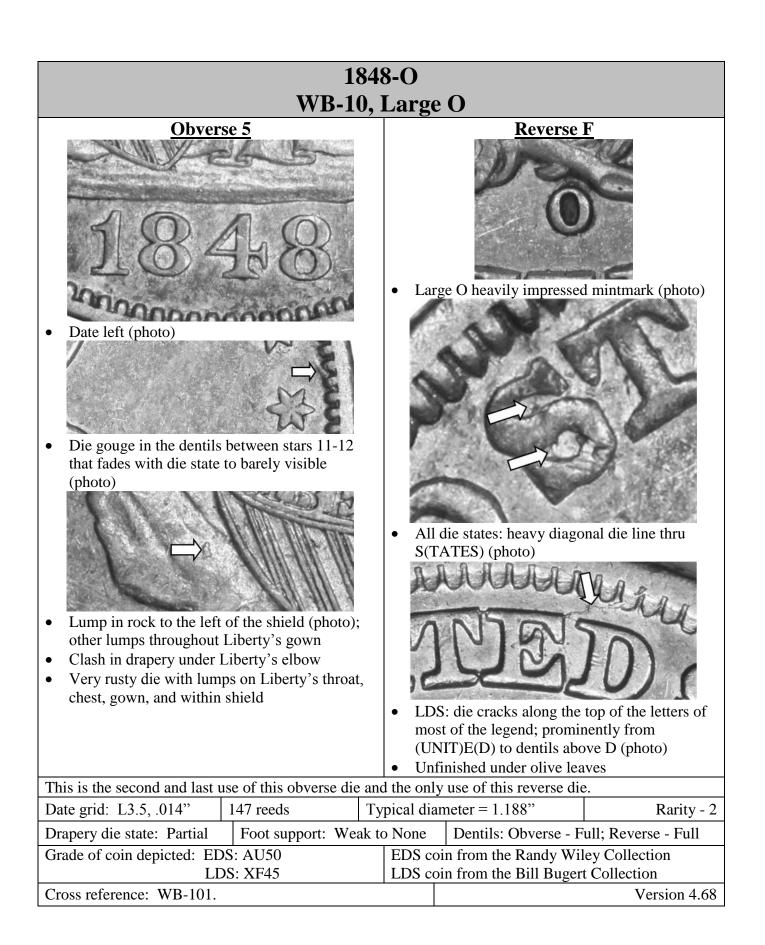




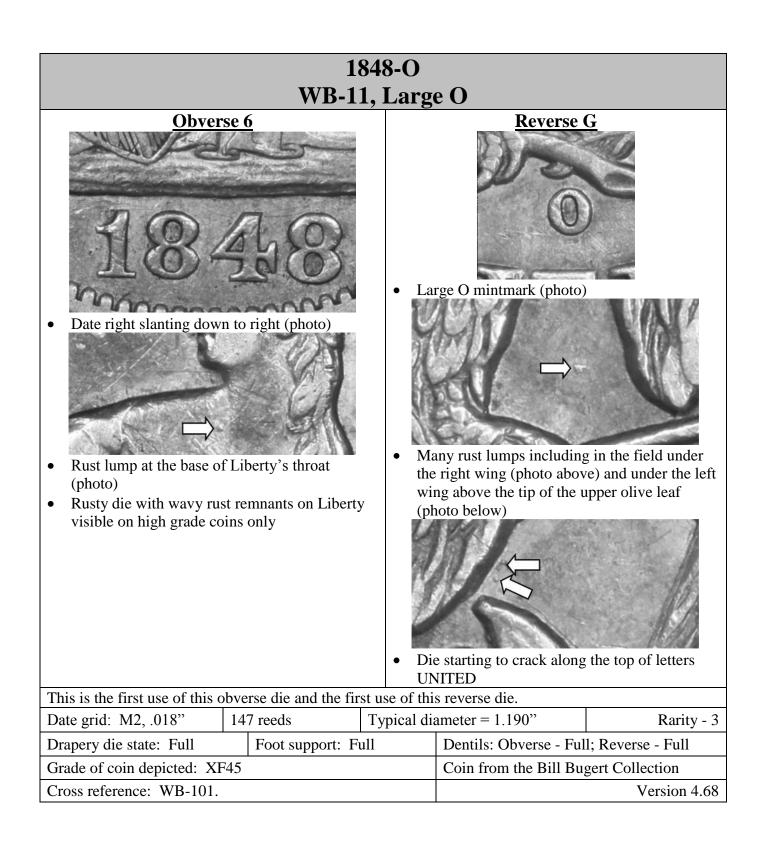










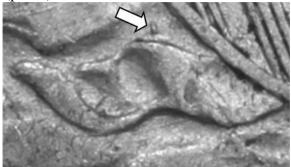




## 1848-O WB-12, Large O



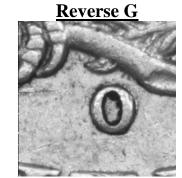
• Date centered and slanting down to the right (photo)



• Small lump in the rock support above the ribbon's upper edge (photo); note also the nearly horizontal die line in the rock support directly below the ribbon



• Small lump in Liberty's lap (photo)



- Large O mintmark (photo)
- Most of the rust seen on the previous use of this die (WB-11) is now polished away.

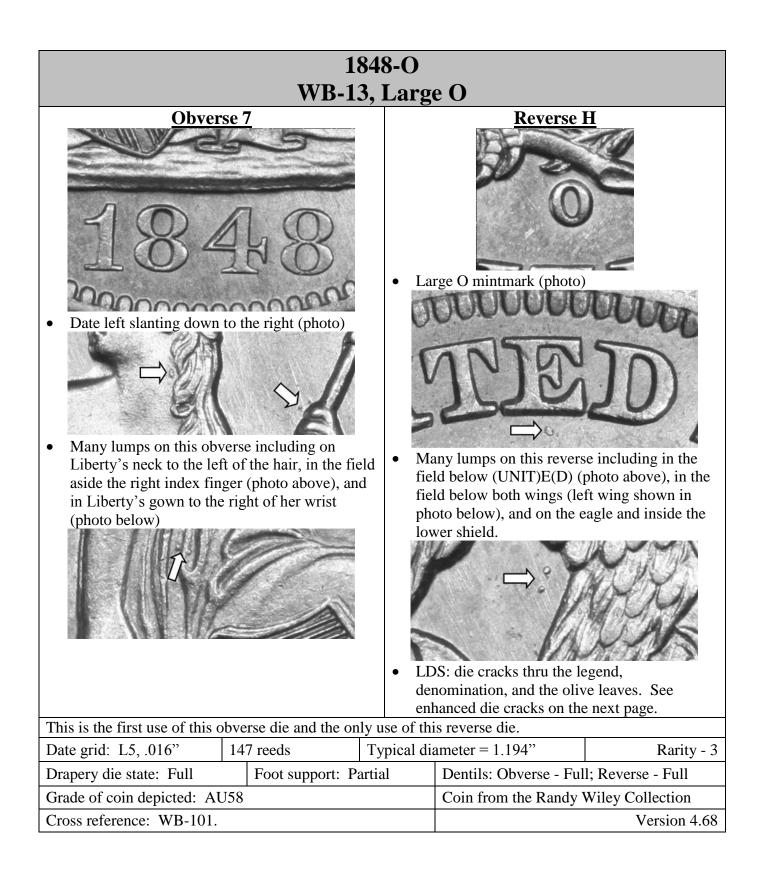


• All examples seen: die cracks thru most of the legend, denomination, and olive leaves; prominently, thru HALF DOL (photo above), along top of letters UNITED, and diagonally thru (AME)RIC(A) (photo below)



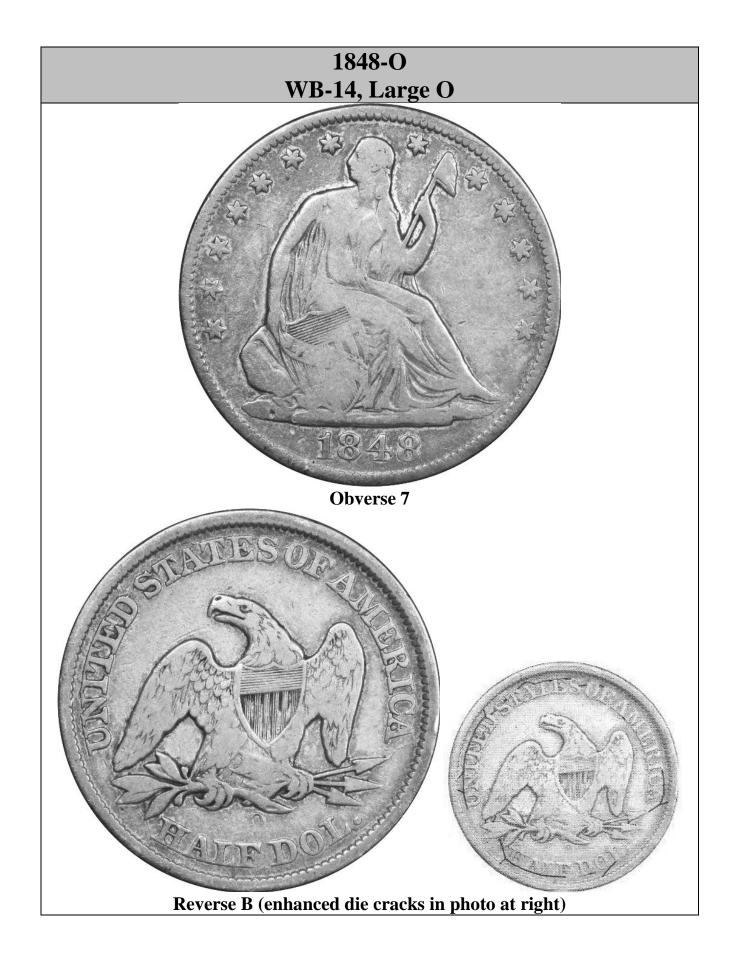
1 2	1	(r ····)						
This is the second use of this obverse die and the second and final use of this reverse die.								
Date grid: M1, .019"	14′	7 reeds	Typical dia	ameter = 1.186" Rarity -				
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full			ıll	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full				
Grade of coin depicted: AU	J50		Coin from the Bill Bug	gert Collection				
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68				

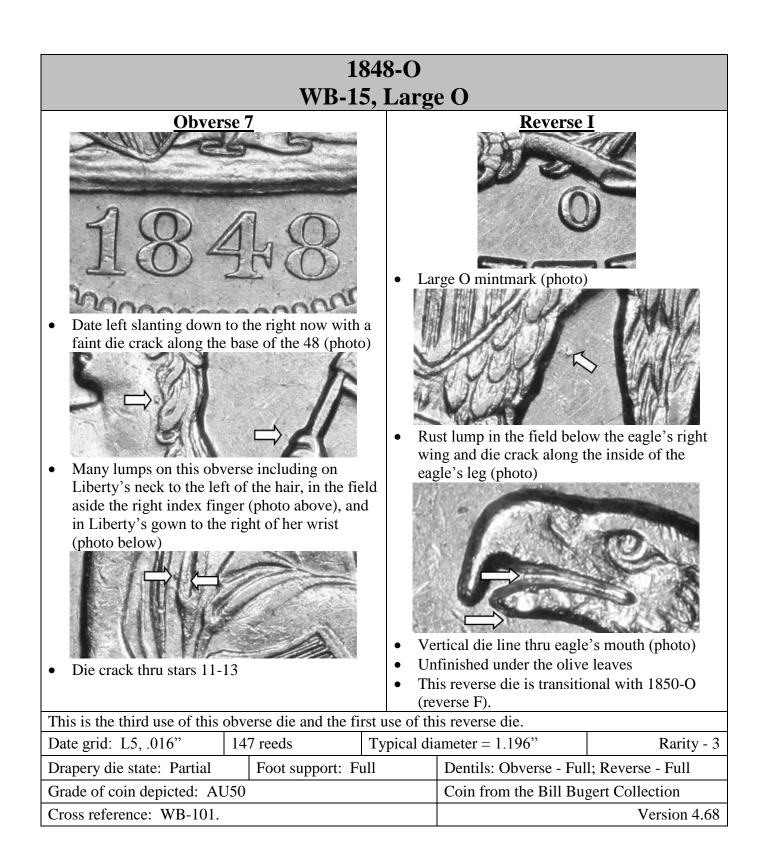




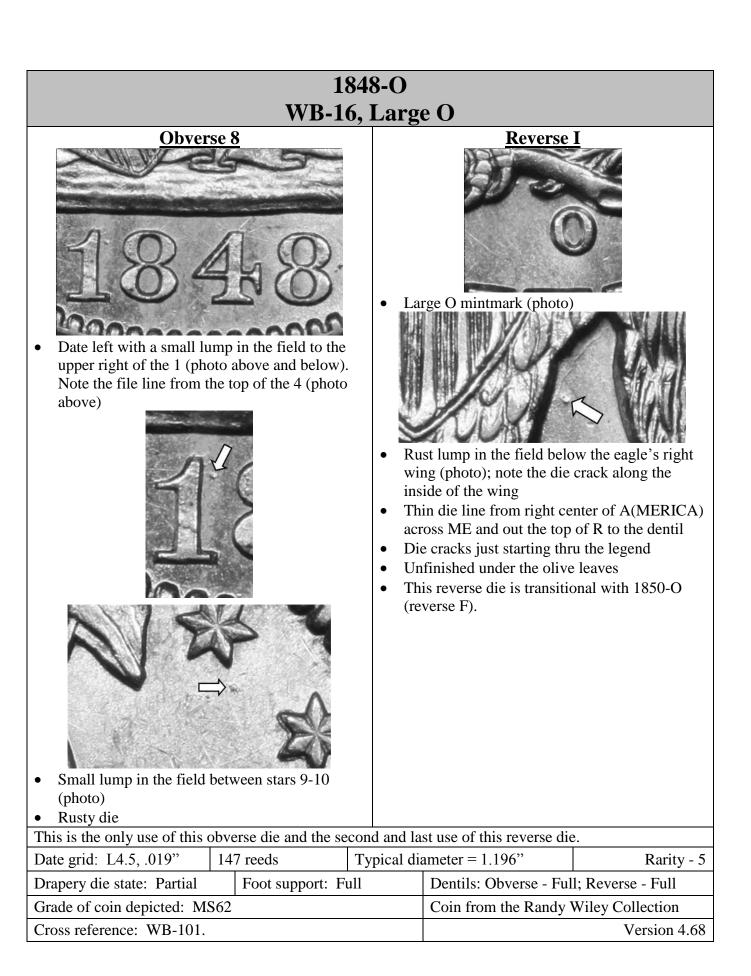


18	<b>48-0</b>		
WB-14		e O	
<ul> <li>Obverse 7</li> <li>Date left slanting down to the right (photo)</li> <li>Date left slanting down to the right (photo)</li> <li>This obverse die is noted for the many lumps i the fields and on Liberty (See WB-13). On thi worn example (only one seen to date), most of those are not visible most likely from the circulation wear on the coin. The lumps in Liberty's gown to the right of her wrist (photo) are faintly visible.</li> <li>The date position and orientation are consisten with obverse 7 on WB-13.</li> </ul>	n s la (pl ) Al de thu • Cl	Reverse T Reverse T	e lower half missing
This is the second use of this obverse die and the f Counting the use of this die in 1847-O, this reverse I doubt the rarity rating of this die marriage will ch example seen to date. Others very likely exist but,	e die was nange muc	used in an incredible ten ch. After years of search	die marriages.
Date grid: L5, .016" 147 reeds	Typical di	ameter = 1.196"	Rarity - 6
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Ful	1	Dentils: Obverse - Weak	k; Reverse - Weak
Grade of coin depicted: VG8		Coin from the Dick Os	
Cross reference: WB-103.			Version 4.68

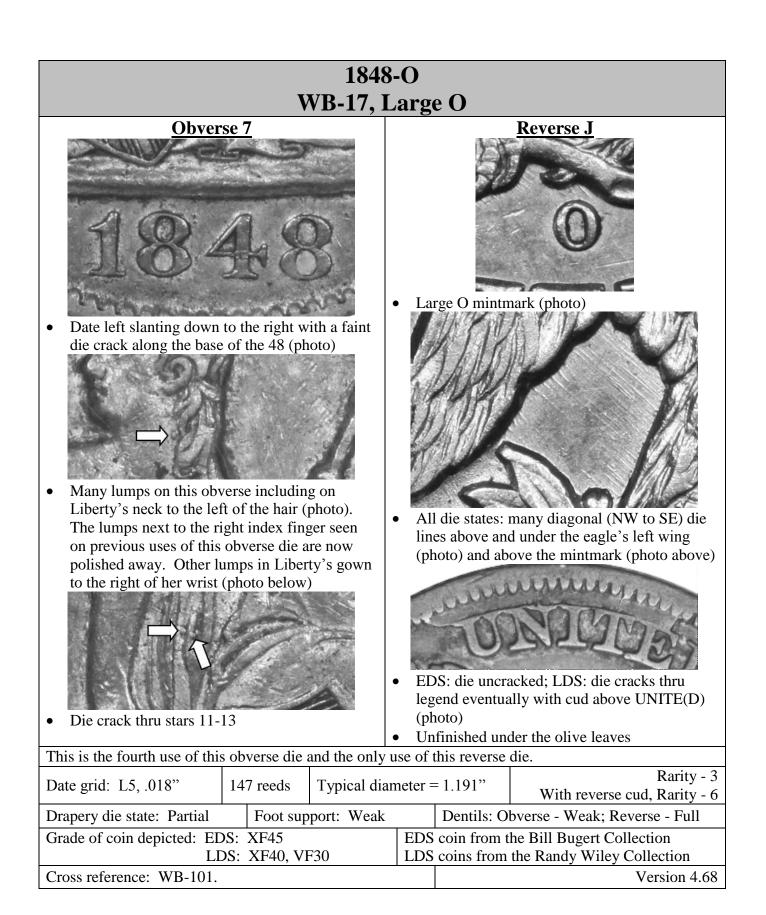














<ul> <li>Date left slanting down to the right with a faint die crack along the base of the date into the right field (photo). Note weak date.</li> <li>Wany lumps on this obverse including on Liberty's neck to the left of the hair (photo). Other lumps in Liberty's gown to the right of her wrist (photo below)</li> <li>Die crack thru most stars and horizontally thru ribbon (photo)</li> <li>This is the fifth and final use of this die and the first use of this Date grid: L5, .019" 147 reeds</li> </ul>		
This is the fifth and final use of this die and the first use of thisDate grid: L5, .019"147 reedsTypical diam	O Reverse F Several of the several o	characteristics is an uncommon photo) ves along the left side
	neter = 1.190"	Rarity - 5
	Dentils: Obverse - Wea	,
Grade of coin depicted: XF40 Cross reference: WB-101.	Coin from the Randy V	Viley Collection Version 4.68

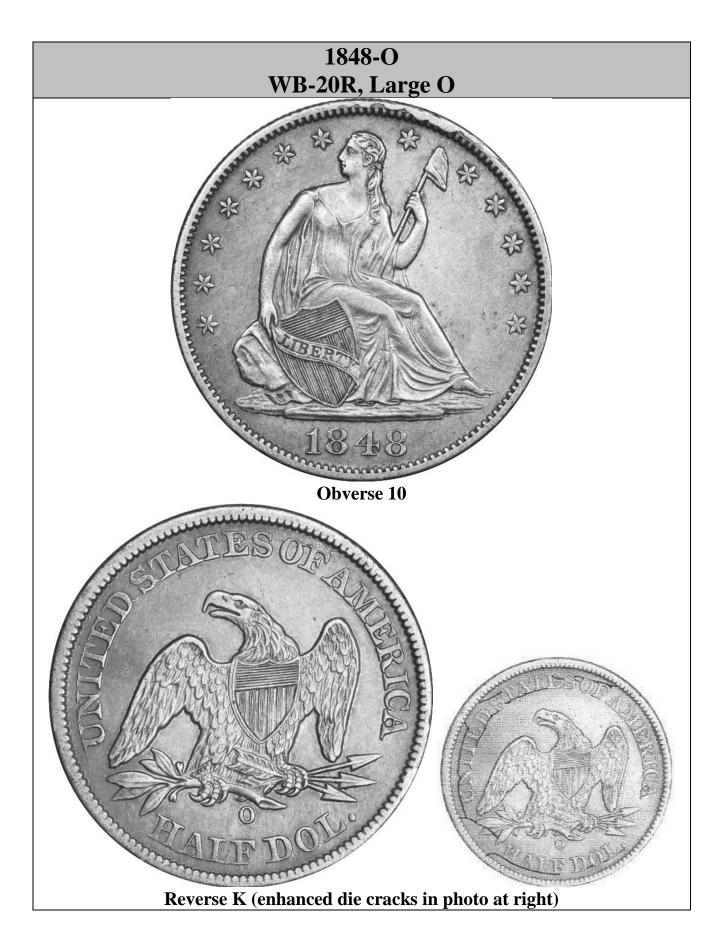


1848-	0		
WB-19, La	arge	e O	
Obverse 9         Image: Obverse 9         Image: Obverse 9         Image: Obverse 10         <	All (ST Cla WH Un	Reverse I Fige O mintmark (photo) Fige O mintmark (photo) Fige O mintmark (photo) Figure Comparison Figure Comparison Fig	g die crack thru ht; heavy clash ght wing, seen on d away
This reverse die is slightly rotated counter-clockwise.			Deviter 5
Date grid:L5.5, .009"147 reedsTypicDrapery die state:PartialFoot support:Full		ameter = 1.195" Dentils: Obverse - Ful	Rarity - 5
Grade of coin depicted: XF45		Coin from the Bill Bu	,
Cross reference: WB-101.		Com nom the Din Du	Version 4.68



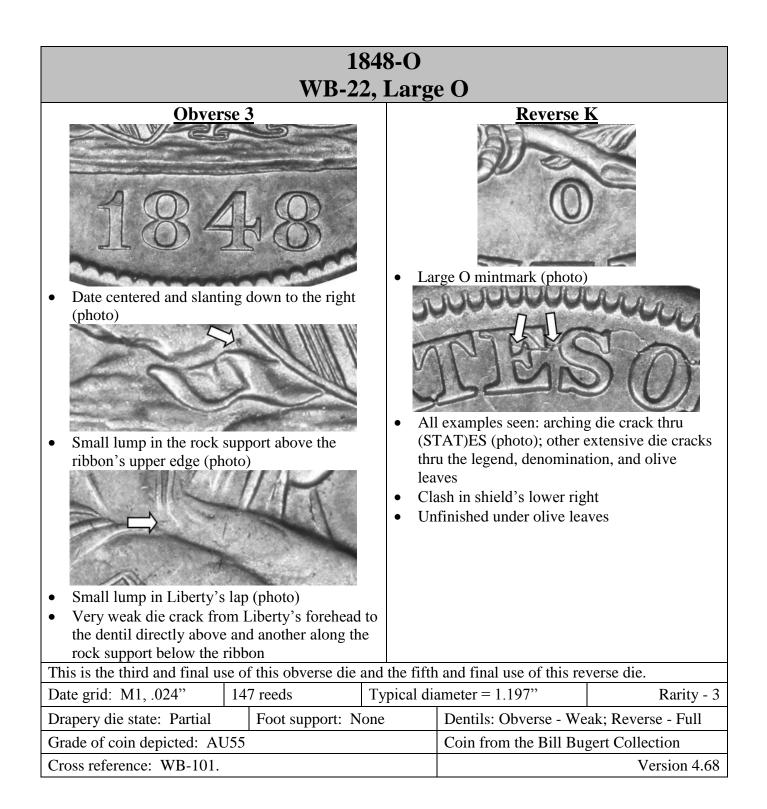
WB	1848-0 -20, Larg	ge O	
Obverse 10         Image: Obverse 10	-2	Rever Rever Particular Part	ation of the second sec
This is the only use of this obverse die and the This die paring has a remarriage. See next pa			
Date grid: L3.5, .022" 147 reeds	Typical c	liameter = 1.197"	WB-20: Rarity - 3 WB-20R: Rarity - 5
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support:	Weak	Dentils: Obverse -	Full; Reverse - Full
Grade of coin depicted: WB-20: XF45 WB-20R: AU50		Coins from the Ra	ndy Wiley Collection
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68

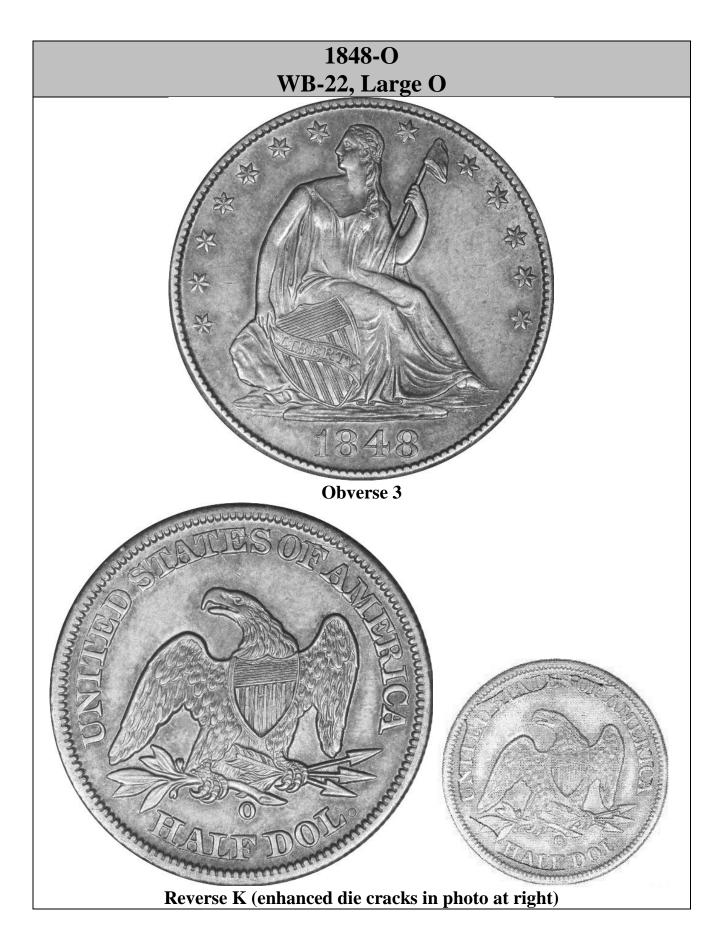
## 1848-0 WB-20 and WB-20R Remarriage Randy Wiley with his extensive and thorough research of this date discovered this remarriage. The reverse die is the key to identifying this remarriage. WB-21 and WB-22, with the same reverse die as WB-20, were struck in between WB-20 and WB-20R. Fortunately, definitive and readily recognizable die diagnostics allow fairly easy identification of the WB-20 First marriage and the WB-20R Remarriage. The key reverse die differences are depicted below. **WB-20 WB-20R First marriage** Remarriage Die crack from (UNIT)E(D) to dentil above the right serif of the E. This die crack is not on the No die crack from (UNIT)E(D) to dentils WB-21 die marriage and consequently will only be found on the WB-20R Remarriage coins. Heavy die crack along the top of letters UNITED which formed early but didn't get heavy until the WB-22 die marriage. Faint die crack along the top of letters UNITED Consequently, all WB-20R Remarriage coins will have this heavy die crack.

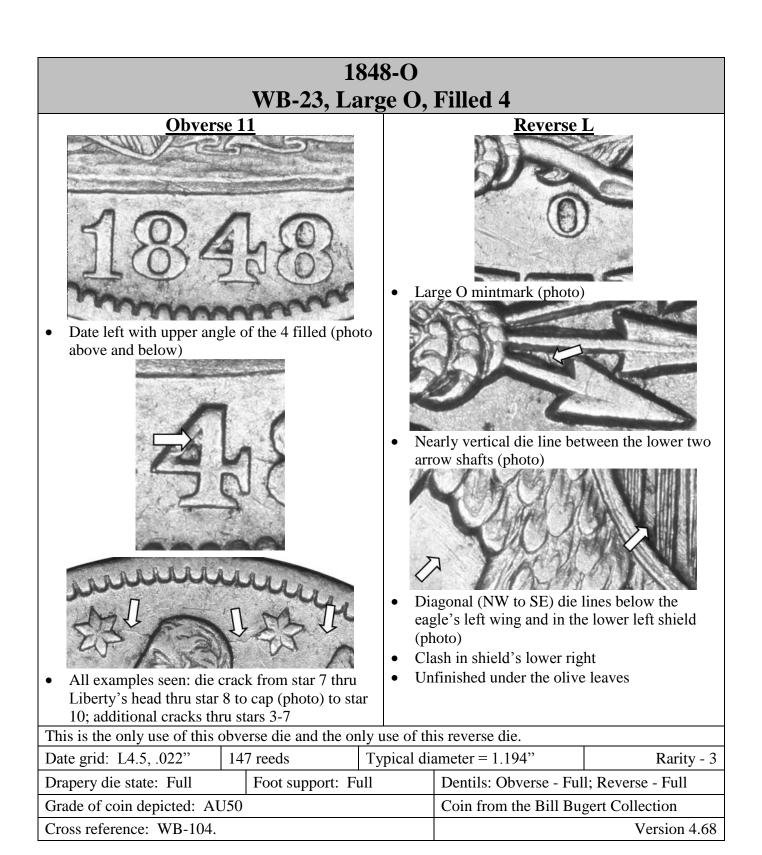


	1	848-0		
	e O			
<ul> <li>Obver</li> &lt;</ul>	t remnants on Liberty ins only aracteristics for this de	t lie • All (ST leg • Cla	Reverse Rev	g die crack thru die cracks thru the l olive leaves tht wes
Date grid: M2, .020"	147 reeds	Typical dia	ameter = 1.197"	Rarity - 3
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: W	'eak	Dentils: Obverse - Ful	l; Reverse - Full
Grade of coin depicted: XF	245		Coin from the Randy	•
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68









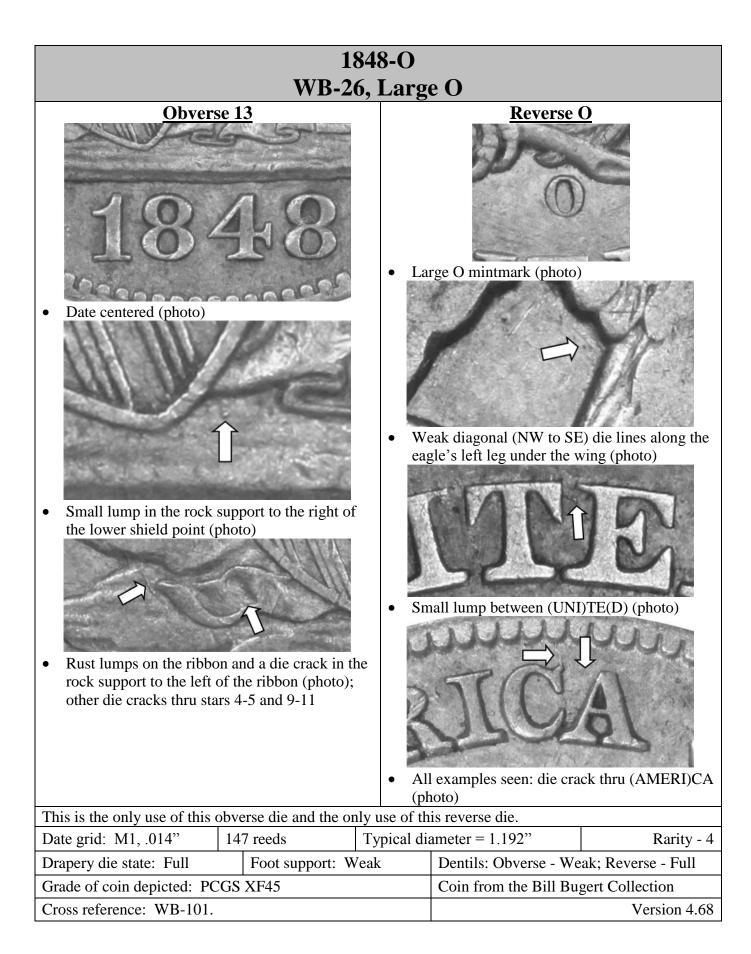


1848	
<image/> Obverse 12         Image: Constraint of the start o	<ul> <li>Reverse M</li> <li>Figure O mintmark (photo)</li> <li>Large O mintmark (photo)</li> <li>No discernible die diagnostics unrelated to die state</li> <li>EDS: die crack above UNIT(ED) (photo above) and thru along the base of DOL. (photo below)</li> <li>EDS: Die crack above UNIT(ED) (photo above) and thru along the base of DOL. (photo below)</li> <li>Unfinished under the olive leaves</li> </ul>
This is the first use of this obverse die and the only usDate grid: M1, .020"147 reedsType	pical diameter = $1.192$ " Rarity - 3
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: Full	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full
Grade of coin depicted: EDS: AU55 LDS: VF30	EDS coin from the Randy Wiley Collection LDS coin from the Bill Bugert Collection
Cross reference: WB-101.	Version 4.68



	18	<b>848-0</b>		
		5, Larg	e O	
Obverse Obverse Obverse Obverse 100 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	e 12 <b>a</b> <b>b</b> <b>b</b> <b>b</b> <b>c</b> <b>c</b> <b>c</b> <b>c</b> <b>c</b> <b>c</b> <b>c</b> <b>c</b>	• Lat • Lat • All and eag • ED leg e and the or	Reverse N Reverse N Revers	ing the eagle's left bto).
a different degree of rotation Date grid: M1, .022"	n. 147 reeds	Typical dia	ameter = 1.190"	Rarity - 3
-	Foot support: W		Dentils: Obverse - Full:	-
Drapery die state: Full			,	
Drapery die state: Full Grade of coin depicted: AU	50		Coin from the Bill Bug	ert Collection







# **1849-0**

Some collectors may initially believe 1849-O is a boring date to collect; however 1849-O is interesting for a number of reasons. Almost all of the obverse dies show at least minimal and often extensive evidence of rust (splotchy lumps and weakening of the details) and there are many examples of die rotations. While a few other early New Orleans dated half dollars have die rotations, 1849-O can be noted as the date for collectors wishing to assemble a large collection of same date different rotated reverse dies. 1849-O has at least nineteen different rotations and many others likely exist.

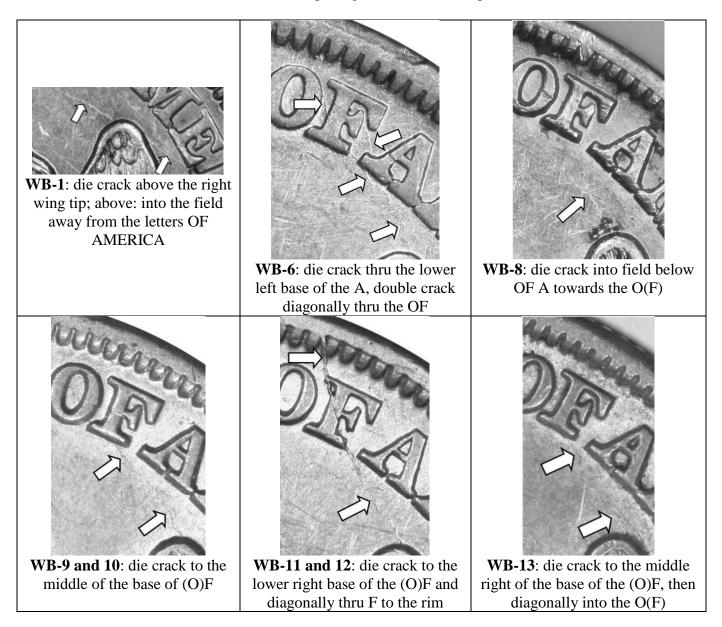
Sixteen die marriages are known as depicted in the tables below.

Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of Die Marriages	Obverse Dies	Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested		-	-	2
2,310,000	Shipped	-	12	12	J (141 147 149)
	Known	16	11	12	(141, 147, 148)

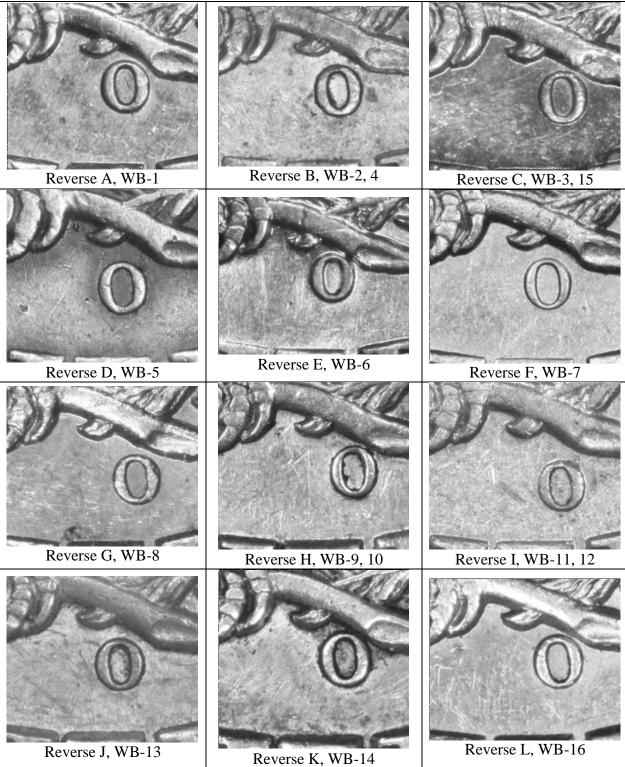
Obverse die date grid	Die Marriage
0	Die Marriage
L5.5 , .018"	WB-5
L5.5 , .020"	WB-10
L5.5 , .022"	WB-7
L5.5 , .030"	WB-3
L5.5 , .032"	WB-4
M1 , .014"	WB-12
M1 , .016"	WB-13
M1.5, .014"	WB-1
M1.5, .022"	WB-11
M1.5, .025"	WB-14
M1.5, .025"	WB-15
M1.5, .025"	WB-16
M1.5, .026"	WB-2
M2 , .026"	WB-6
M2.5, .014"	WB-8
M2.5, .018"	WB-9

#### 1849-O date grid quick reference table

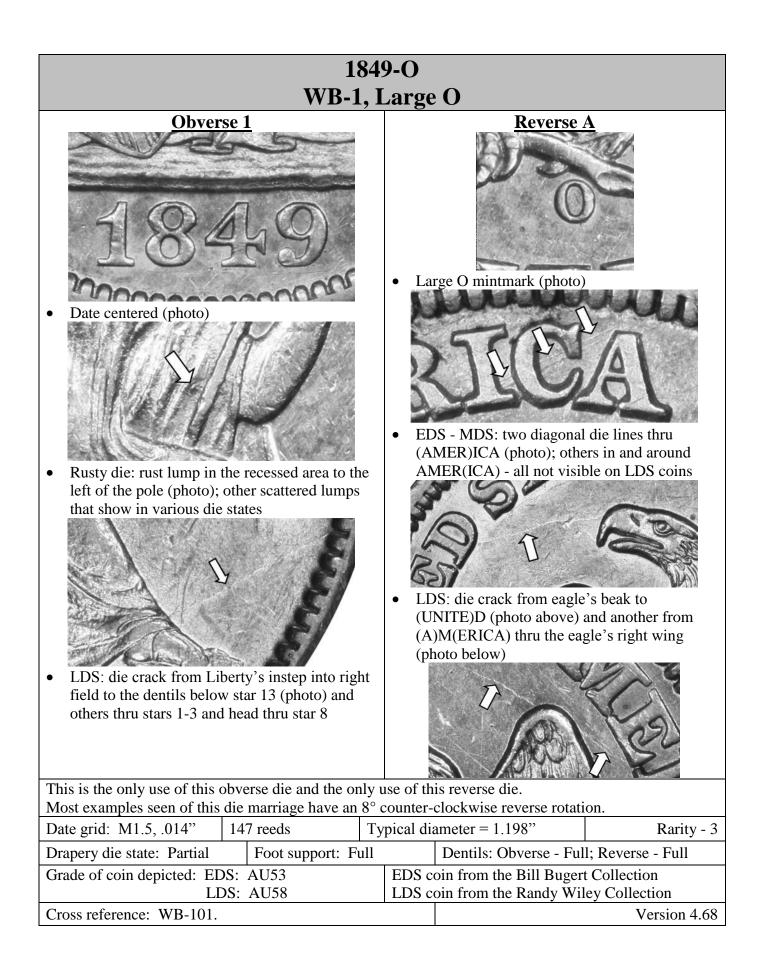
**Similar die cracks from the eagle's right wing**. Half the 1849-O reverse dies (six of the twelve) have, in varying degrees of die state, a die crack from the same location, the eagle's upper right wing tip. These die cracks all look very similar upon first glance and apparently are difficult to attribute correctly; however, close scrutiny of these die cracks show they are indeed very different and can be used to easily distinguish the dies. To aid readers in scrutinizing and attributing an 1849-O half dollar with one of these die cracks, shown below are the close-up images and short descriptions of these reverse dies.



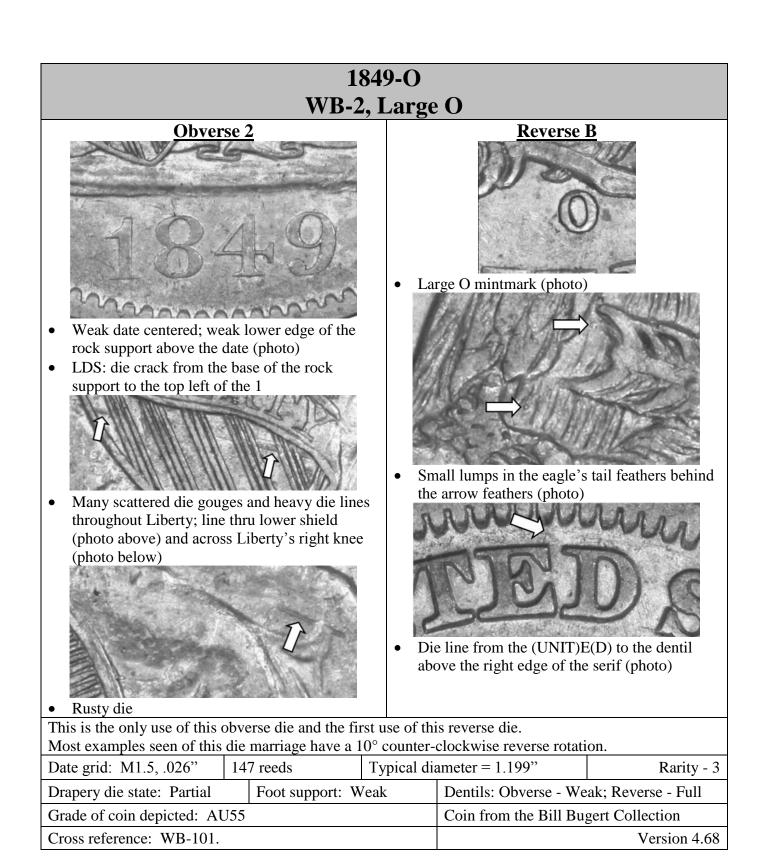
### **1849-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**



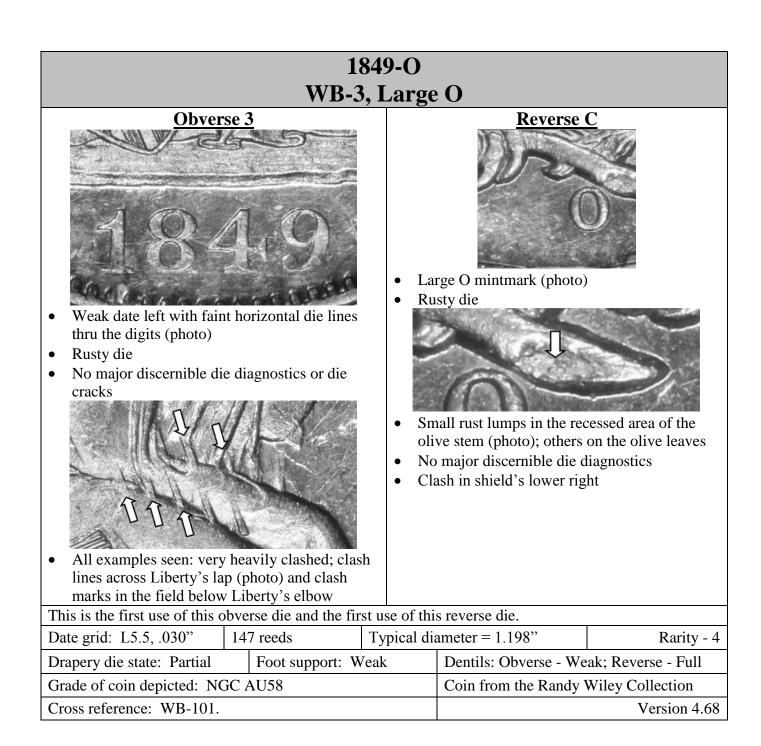
1849- Obverse a Reverse d identificat keys	nd lie	Die lines thru (AMER)ICA	<b>B</b> Small lumps in the eagle's tail feathers behind the arrow feathers	Rust lumps in the recessed area of the olive stem	<b>D</b> Die lines in the shield's lower left	A Mintmark that touches the olive stem	Die crack from rim at K-3 thru (AMERIC)A	<b>O</b> Mintmark high and right	<b>H</b> Mintmark high, right, and close to the olive stem	<b>I</b> Mintmark to the right	<b>f</b> Rust lumps in the eagle's right wing	<b>X</b> Die crack from M to the dentil	<b>T</b> Die lines thru the lower shield
Rust lump			D	0	2		-	0		-	0		1
near the pole	1	WB-1											
Many gouges throughout Liberty	2		WB-2										
Clash lines across lap	3		WB-4	WB-3									
Date slanting down to right	4				WB-5								
Heavily rusted die	5					WB- 6							
Lump at tip of ribbon	6						WB-7						
Gouge thru Liberty's left hand	7							WB-8	WB-9				
Lumps in the upper shield	8								WB- 10				
Lump below left finger	9									WB- 11			
Gouge in gown	10									WB- 12	WB- 13		
18 repunched	11			WB-15								WB- 14	WB-16



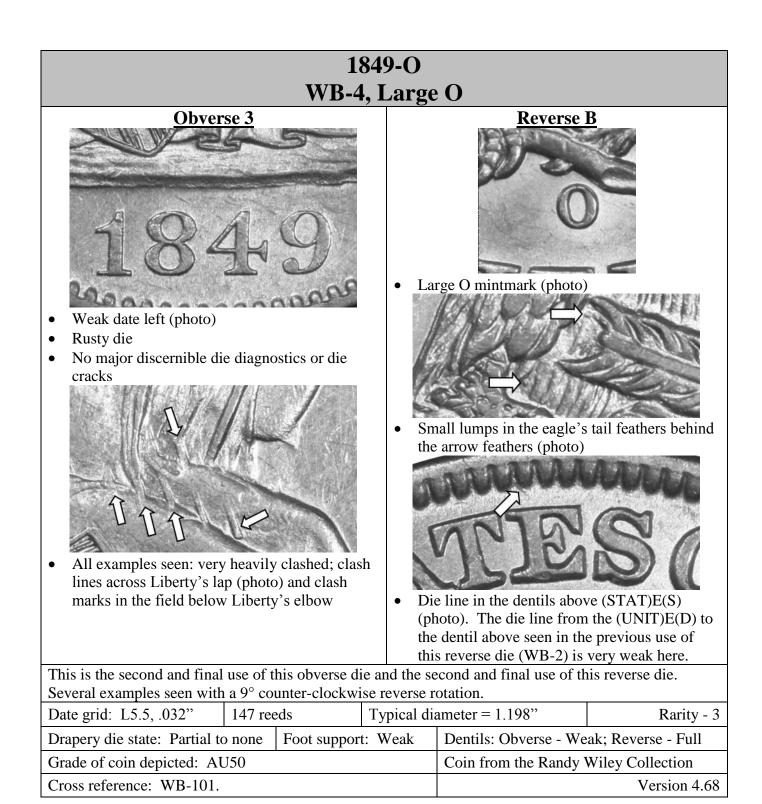








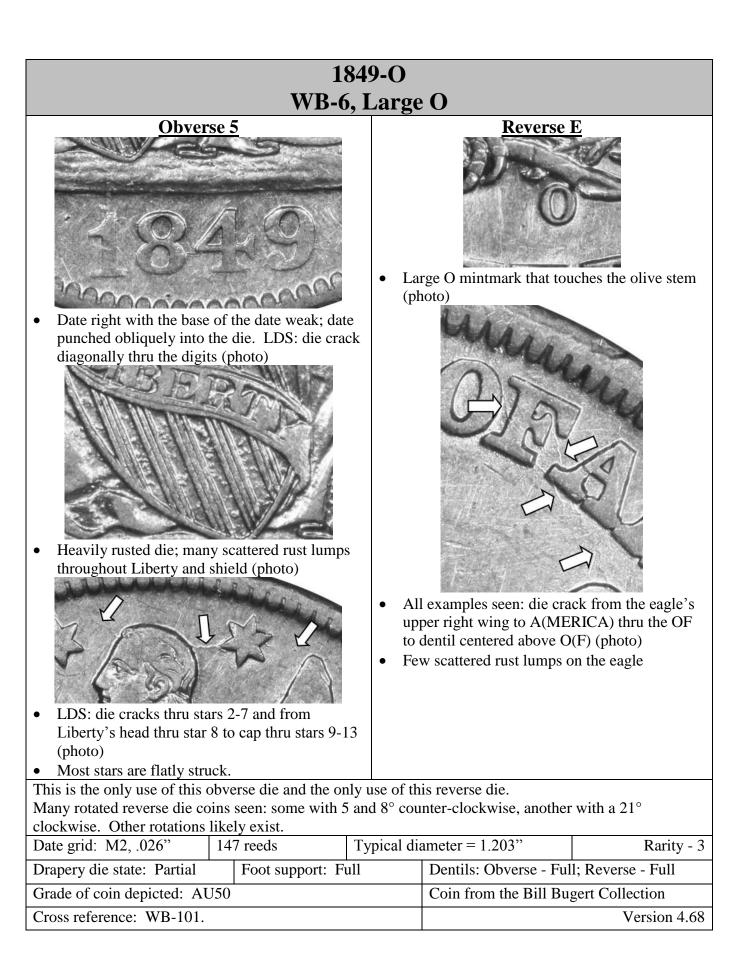


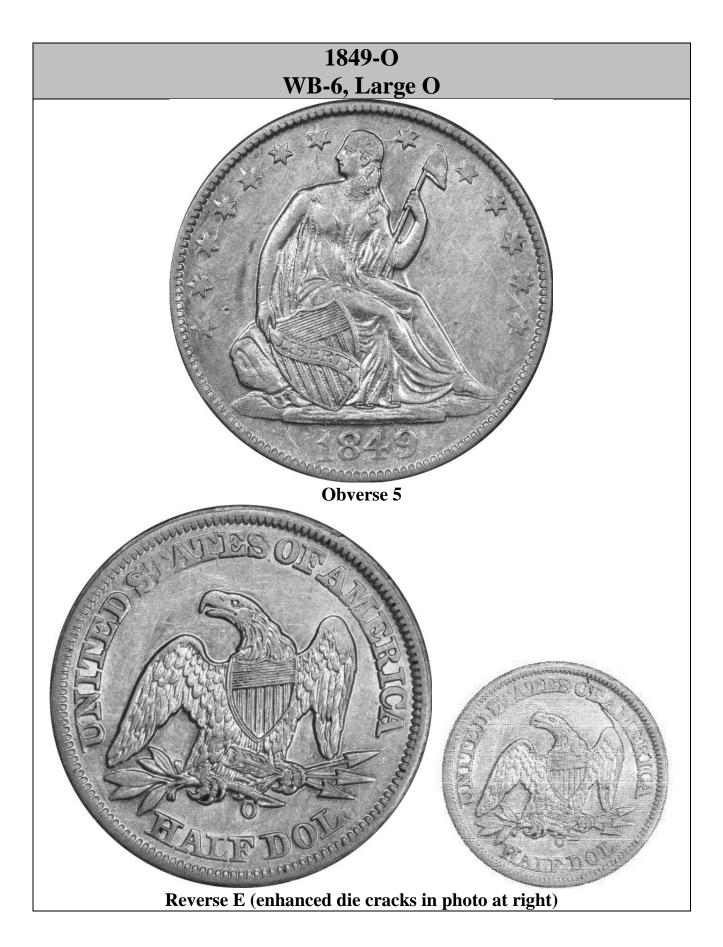


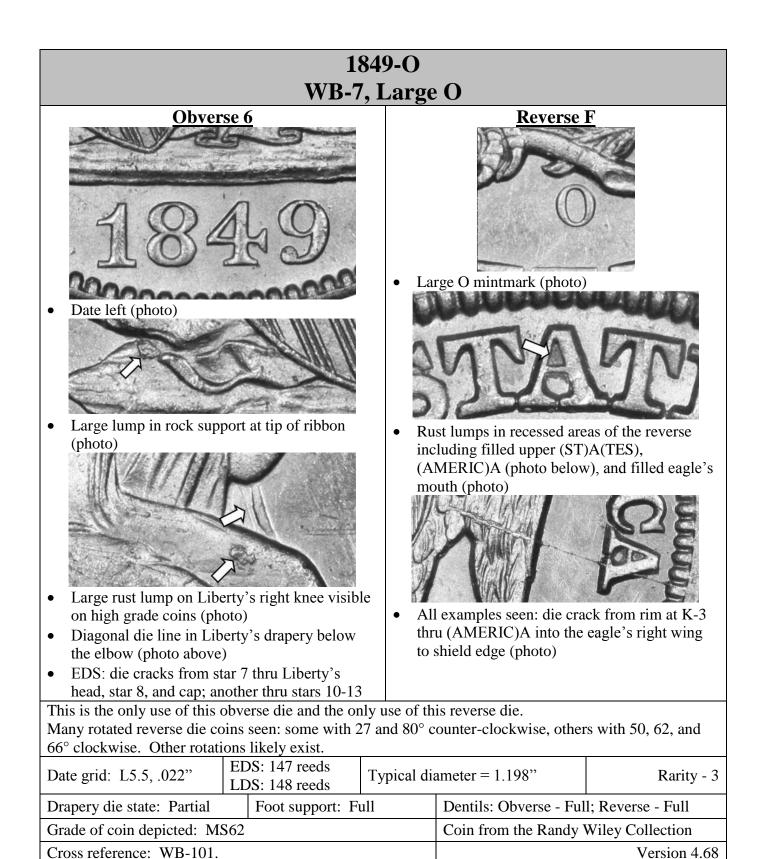


1849-O									
WB-5, Large O									
Obverse 4         Image: Image of the starting of the starting down to right (photo); some EDS coins show a small time from the upper righ of the 1 ("spiked" 1)         Image of the starting down to right (photo); some EDS coins show a small time from the upper righ of the 1 ("spiked" 1)         Image of the starting down to right (photo); some EDS coins show a small time from the upper righ of the 1 ("spiked" 1)         Image of the starting down to right (photo); some EDS coins show a small time from the upper righ of the 1 ("spiked" 1)         Image of the starting down to right (photo); some EDS coins show a small time from the upper righ of the 1 ("spiked" 1)         Image of the starting down to right (photo); some EDS coins show a small time from the upper right of the 1 ("spiked" 1)         Image of the starting down to right (photo)         <	r • All the	Reverse Figure O mintmark (photo) rge O mintmark (photo) The states: diagonal (Notestates) die states: diagonal (Notestates) shield's lower left (photo) OS: die crack from centent ntil above (photo)	F to SW) die lines in oto						
This is the only use of this obverse die and the only u One EDS example seen with a 24° clockwise reverse	use of this								
		ameter = 1.200"	Rarity - 3						
Drapery die state: Full to Partial Foot support: Fu			- Full; Reverse - Full						
Grade of coin depicted: XF40		Coin from the Bill Bu	gert Collection						
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68						

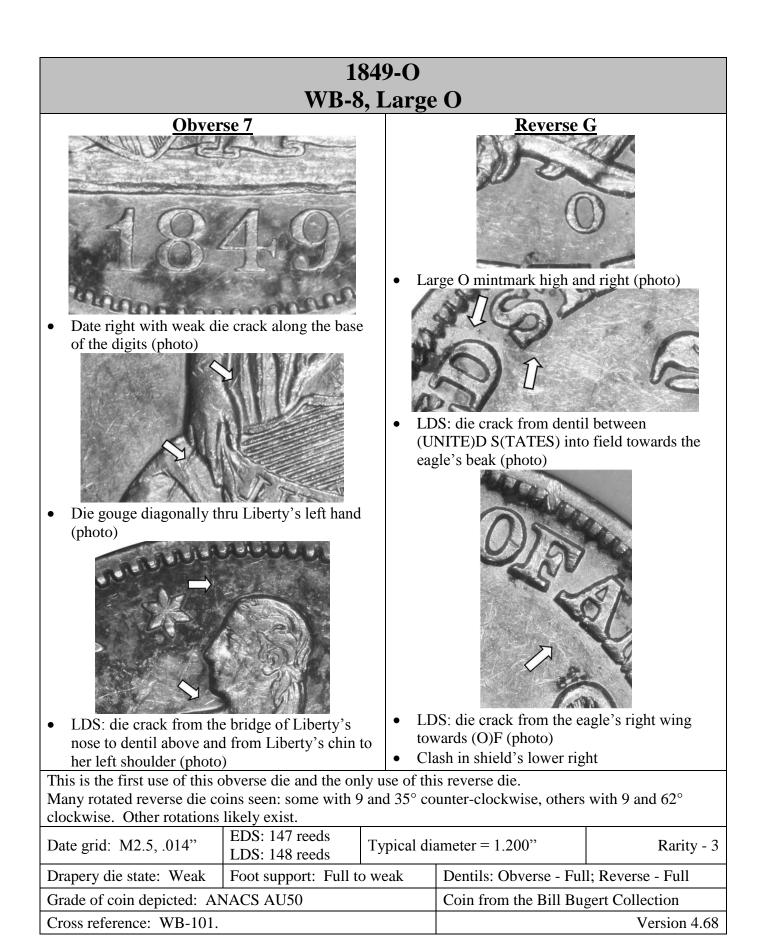










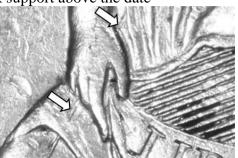




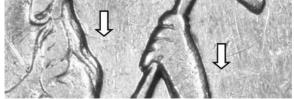
#### 1849-O WB-9, Large O



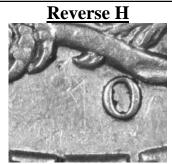
• Weak date right with weak die crack along the base of the digits (photo); note the weakening rock support above the date



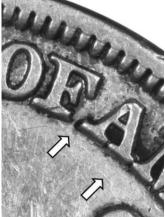
• Die gouge diagonally thru Liberty's left hand (photo)



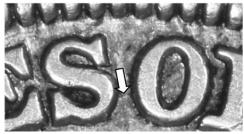
• LDS: die crack from the bridge of Liberty's nose to dentil above and from Liberty's chin to her left shoulder and another from Liberty's hair thru her right hand into the field (photo). Other die cracks thru stars 2-6



• Large O mintmark high, right, and close to the olive stem (photo)



LDS: die crack from the eagle's right wing to (O)F (photo ). Note similarities of the die crack with WB-8.



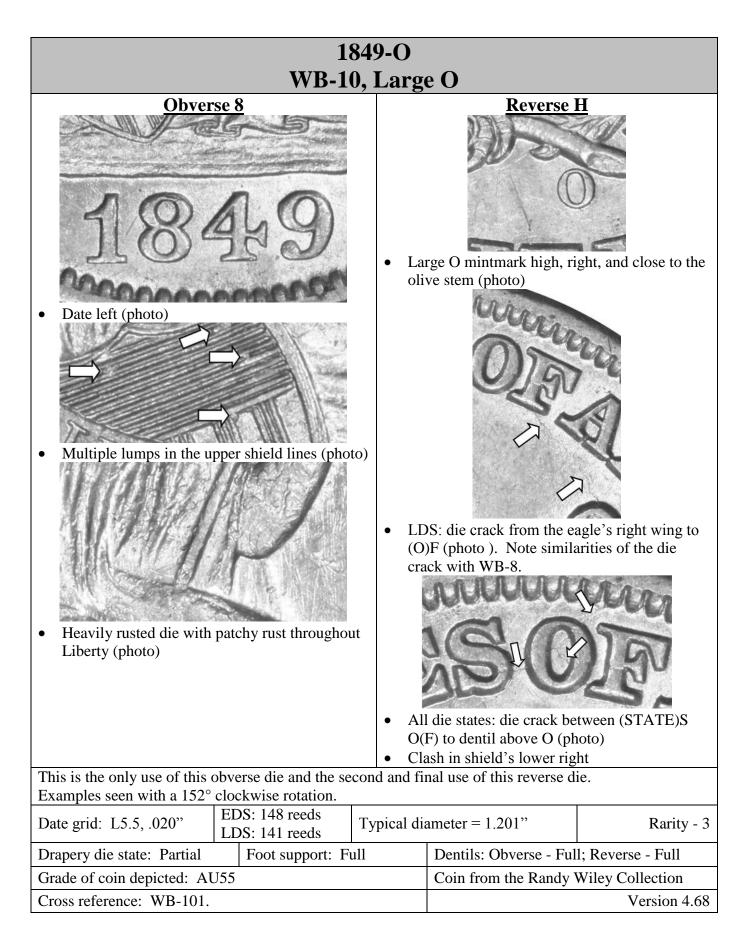
- Faint die crack between (STATE)S O(F) (photo)
- Clash in shield's lower right and below right wing

This is the second and final use of this obverse die and the first use of this reverse die. One example seen with a  $15^{\circ}$  clockwise rotation.

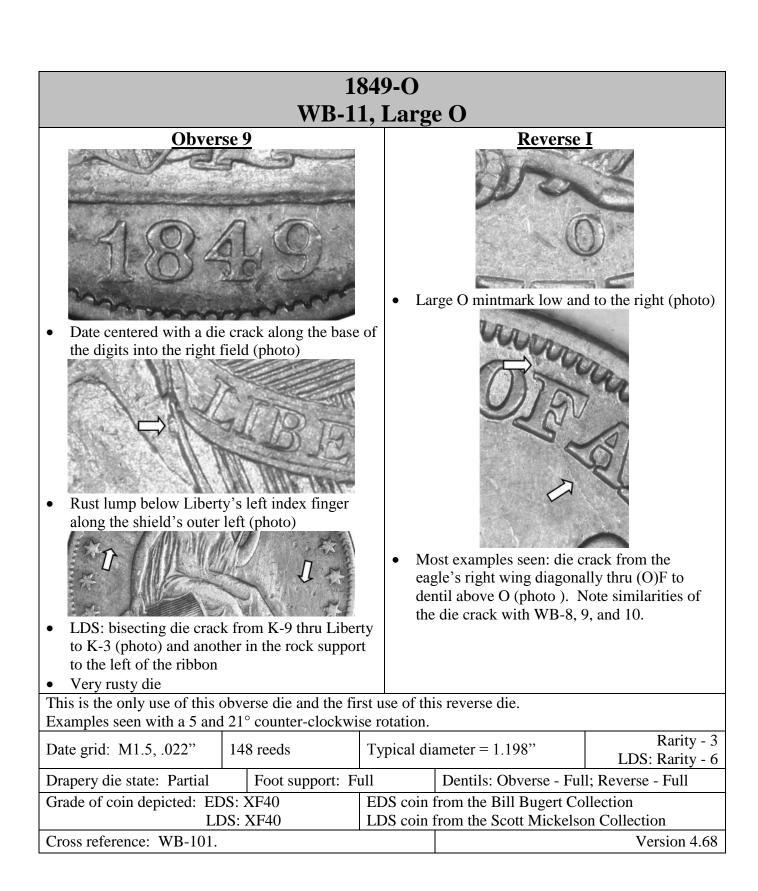
Date grid: M2.5, .018"	148 reeds		Typical dia	ameter = 1.198"	Rarity - 4			
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: W			Veak Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Fu					
Grade of coin depicted: XF40				Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection				
Cross reference: WB-101.					Version 4.68			

•

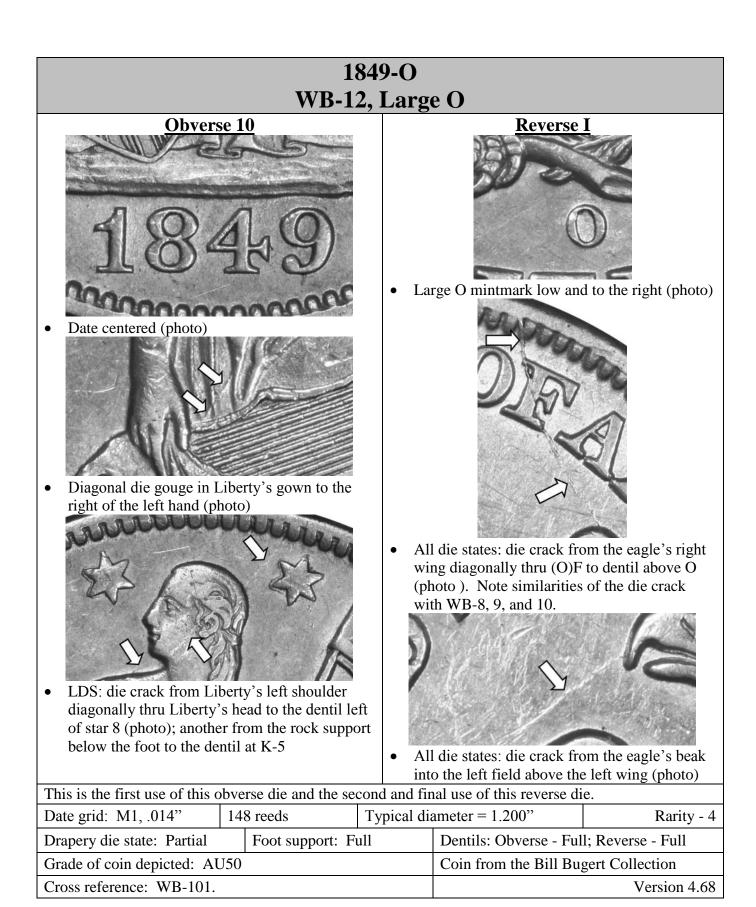








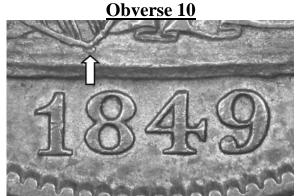




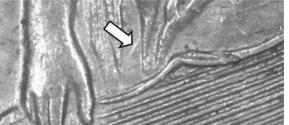


#### 1849-O WB-13, Large O

•



• Date centered with a rust lump in the rock support at the shield's lower tip (photo)



• Weak diagonal die gouge in Liberty's gown to the right of the left hand (photo)

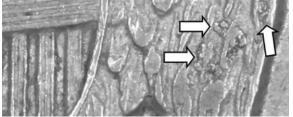


• All die states: die crack from Liberty's left shoulder diagonally thru Liberty's head to the dentil left of star 8 (photo); others thru the rock support below the foot to the dentil at K-4 and thru the rock support and ribbon

#### **Reverse J**



Large O mintmark (photo); one example seen shows an earlier repunching of the O to the upper right (photo above right)



Large splotchy rust lumps in the eagle's right wing (photo) and in the lower shield



 LDS: weak die crack from the eagle's right wing diagonally to the base of the (O)F (photo). Note similarities of the die crack with WB-8, 9, 10, 11, and 12. Another stronger diagonal die crack above (UN)I(TED)

				<u> </u>			
This is the second and final use of this obverse die and the only use of this reverse die.							
Date grid: M1, .016" 141 reeds Typical			Typical di	iameter = 1.198" Rarity - 3			
Drapery die state: Partial to None Foot support: W			rt: Weak	Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: AU	J <b>5</b> 3	Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection					
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68				



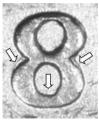
#### 1849-O WB-14, Large O

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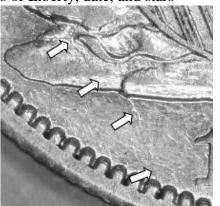
•



• Date centered, rust filled upper triangle of the 4 (photo)



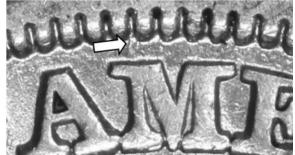
- All die states: lower loop of the 8 repunched north (photo)
- Very rusty die; many small rust lumps dull the details of Liberty, date, and stars



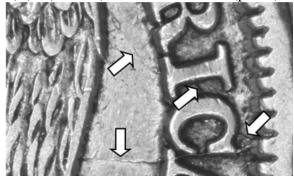
• LDS: die crack from third dentil left of the 1 into the field, thru the rock support to the rock (photo); another die crack from the back of Liberty's head towards the cap



Large O mintmark high, tilted to left, and tangent to the olive stem (photo)



All die states: die line from left upright of (A)M(ERICA) to the dentil above (photo)



• LDS: heavy die cracks in and around (AMER)ICA; from rim thru right serifs of the C into the eagle's right wing and diagonally thru IC (photo); another die crack from K-8 thru the eagle's left wing into the eagle

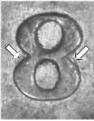
		p					
This is the first use of this obverse die and the only use of this reverse die.							
Date grid: M1.5, .025"	025" 141 reeds Typic			Typical diameter = 1.201" R			
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Fu		ull	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full				
Grade of coin depicted: AU50				Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection			
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68			



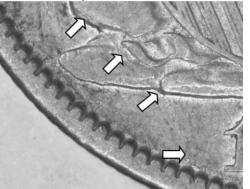
### 1849-O WB-15, Large O



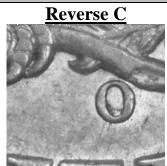
• Date centered, rust filled upper triangle of the 4 (photo)



- All die states: lower loop of the 8 repunched north (photo)
- Very rusty die; many small rust lumps dull the details of Liberty, date, and stars

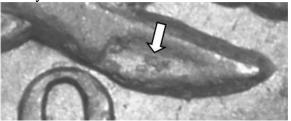


• Die crack from third dentil left of the 1 into the field, thru the rock support to the rock (photo); another die crack from the back of Liberty's head towards the cap

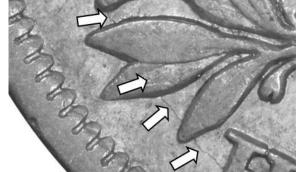


- Large O mintmark (photo)
- Rusty die

•



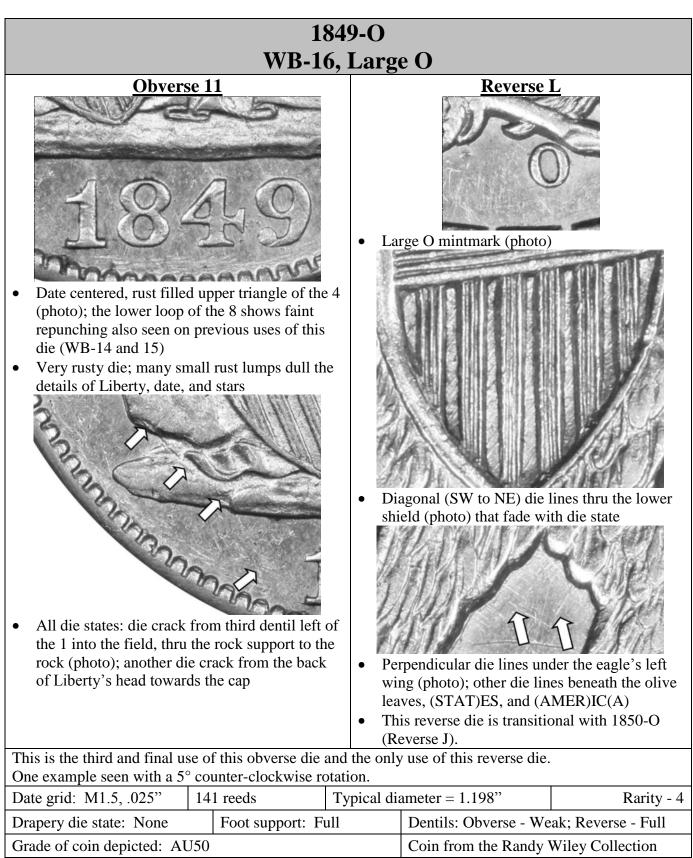
• Small rust lumps in the recessed area of the olive stem (photo); others on the olive leaves



- All examples seen: diagonal die crack thru the lower three olive leaves to the eagle's lower left wing tip (photo)
- Clash in shield's lower right

neud to wards the cup							
This is the second use of this obverse die and the second and final use of this reverse die.							
Date grid: M1.5, .025"	14	1 reeds	iameter = 1.202" Rarity - 3				
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: F			ull	Dentils: Obverse - Weak; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: XH	F45			Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection			
Cross reference: WB-101. Version 4.68							





458

Version 4.68



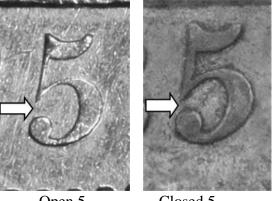
## **1850-O**

With a high mintage of almost two and one-half million half dollars and a high number of die marriages, this date is often overlooked and under-appreciated. There is plenty in 1850-O to interest the die marriage collector such as a blundered mintmark, a doubled obverse die, die gouges, rust lumps, die cracks, and scattered die lines. Most of the obverse and reverse dies are readily distinguishable which eases attribution of this date's die marriages.

Fourteen die marriages	s are known as de	epicted in the	tables below.
		T	

Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of DiesNumber of Die MarriagesOb Die		Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested		-	-	2
2,456,000	Shipped	-	16	16	(141, 148)
	Known	14	12	11	(141, 140)

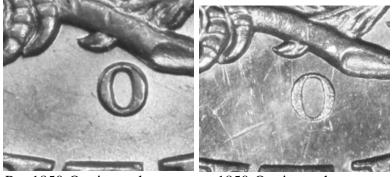
**Open 5 - Closed 5.** Various references discuss and/or use the open and closed 5 designations of the date style used for the 5 in 1850. As mentioned in our 1993 "Complete Guide," Randy Wiley and I believe this open and closed 5 condition is actually due to die polishing and/or the amount of force used to punch the date into the working dies. It is not a result of different date punch logotypes. The same size and type punch was most likely used to impress the 5 into all working dies in 1850. See the example photos below.



Open 5

Closed 5

**Lightly/heavily impressed mintmark.** 1850 has the introduction of what appears to be a different style mintmark: a very thin mintmark. In actuality, this mintmark has the same size and style as previous years but was merely impressed with less force into the working dies. See the example photos below.



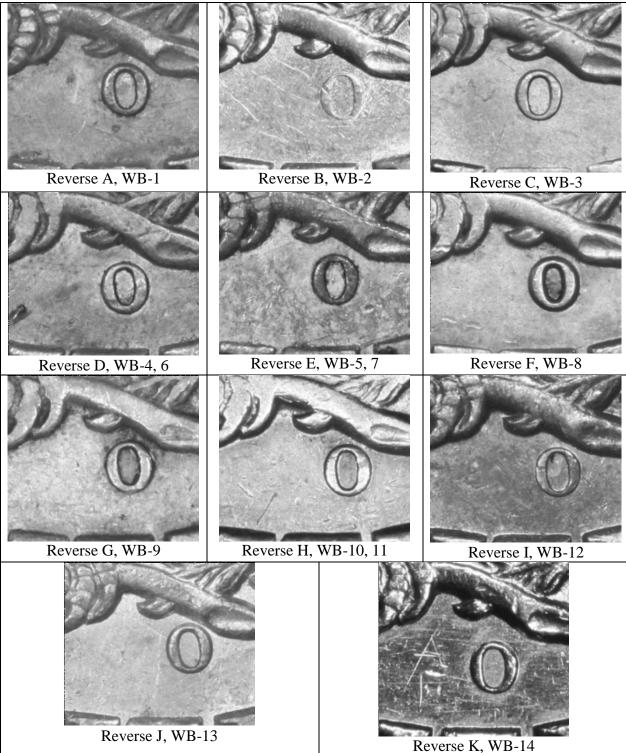
Pre-1850-O mintmark

1850-O mintmark

Obverse die date grid	Die Marriage
L4.5, .010"	WB-2
L4.5, .016"	WB-6
L4.5, .020"	WB-14
L5 , .016"	WB-5
L5 , .019"	WB-7
L5.5, .014"	WB-13
M1 , .012"	WB-9
M1 ,.021"	WB-12
M1 , .022"	WB-1
M1.5, .013"	WB-3
M1.5, .018"	WB-11
M2 ,.018"	WB-10
M2.5, .014"	WB-8
M2.5, .015"	WB-4

# 1850-O date grid quick reference table

#### **1850-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**



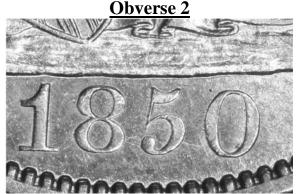
1850-0 Obverse a Reverse d identificat keys	nd lie	Die gouge in the eagle's upper left wing	Rust lump along the base of the (ST)A(TES)	Two diagonal die lines in the shield's lower left	Small lump in the upper edge of olive leaf #3	Diagonal die line to the M	Rust lump below the eagle's right wing	Two diagonal die lines to the S(TATES)	Mintmark repunched south	Die gouges along the base of the eagle's neck	Die lines under the upper olive leaf	Diagonal die lines under the eagle's left wing
	-	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	Η	Ι	J	K
Date low	1	WB-1										
Date left slanting down to right	2		WB-2									
Rust lumps throughout Liberty	3			WB-3								
Date right	4				WB-4							
Doubled die	5				<b>WB-6</b>	WB-5						
Lumps in the rock support	6					WB-7						
Arching die line thru the lower shield	7						WB-8					
Two small lumps in Liberty's gown above the upper shield point	8							WB-9				
Die line below the ball of foot	9								WB-10			
Die line on the ribbon	10								WB-11	WB-12		
Date left very lightly repunched	11										WB-13	
Small lump in the drapery	12											WB-14

1850-0									
WB-1, Large O									
Obverse 1 Weight of the second secon	n • All eag • All ver • ED	I die gle's	Reverse A Final Antipaction of the second o	eft side of edge of olive					
This is the only use of this obverse die and only EDS: 141 reeds	y use of this re								
Date grid:M1, .022LDS: 148 reeds, No dr			pical diameter = 1.199"	Rarity - 3					
Drapery die state: Partial to None Foot suppo	ort: Full to we	ak	Dentils: Obverse - Full; R	everse - Full					
Grade of coin depicted: XF45		Co	oin from the Bill Bugert Col	llection					
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68					



#### 1850-O WB-2, Large O

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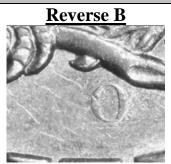
• Date left slanting down to right; all die states: die crack along the base of digits 850 to dentil below the right side of the 0 (photo)



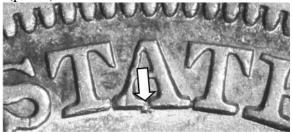
• All examples seen: die crack on the heel of Liberty's foot into the rock support (photo)



- MDS to LDS: die cracks thru head to star 8 to cap (photo) thru stars 9-13
- MDS only: weak clash lines across Liberty's lap that are polished away in later die states



Large O mintmark placed right and very weakly punched or weak from die polishing (photo)



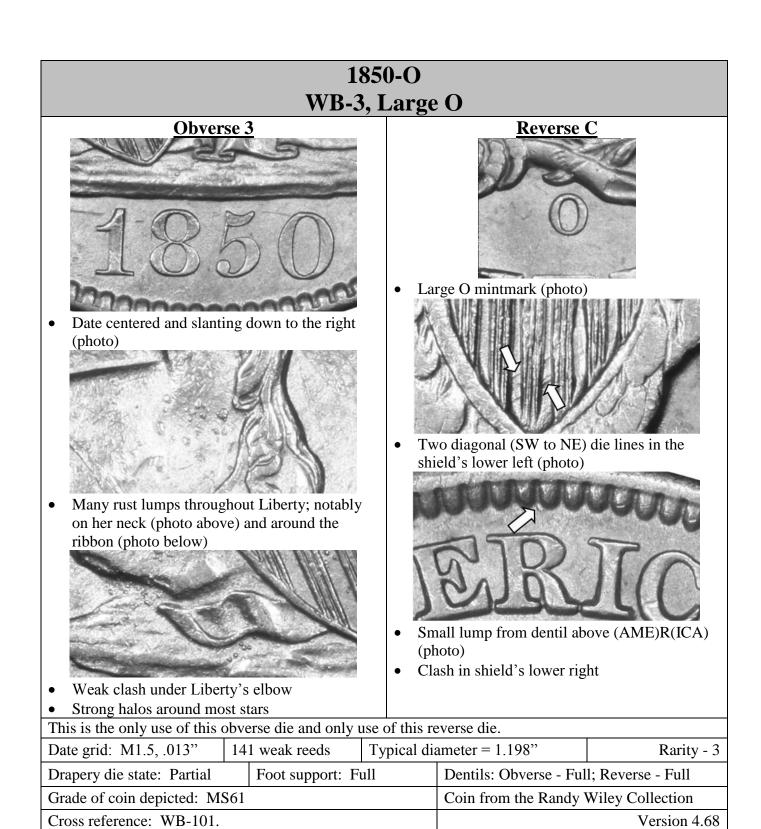
• All die states: rust lump along the base of the (ST)A(TES) (photo)



- MDS to LDS: arching die crack from the eagle's right wing along the base of OF AM(ERICA) to the base of the (STATE)S (photo) similar to many in 1849-O
- Unfinished under the olive leaves and arrowheads
- Clash in shield's lower right

This is the only use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: L4.5, .010"	EDS: 148 reeds, Full drapery LDS: 141 reeds		Typical diameter = 1.201"		Rarity - 3	
Drapery die state: Full to none Foot support: Full to weal		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		everse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: AU53		Co	in from the Randy Wiley C	ollection		
Cross reference: WB-101.				Version 4.68		







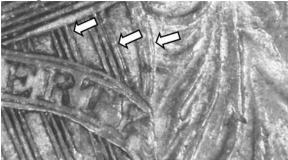
1850-O WB-4, Large	e O
Obverse 4 • Date right (photo) • No discernible die characteristics other than date position • W • W	Reverse D With the second sec
This is the only use of this obverse die and first use of this r Itemization of detailed obverse and reverse die characteristic examples of this die marriage.	everse die.
	iameter = 1.196" Rarity - 5
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Full	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full
Grade of coin depicted: F12	Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection
Cross reference: WB-101.	Version 4.68



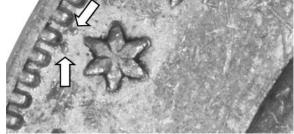
## 1850-O WB-5, Large O, Doubled Die Obverse



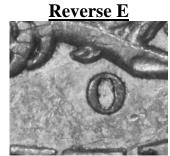
• Date left with a small tine on the upper right of the 1 (photo)



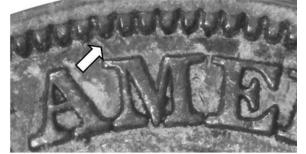
• Doubled die most obvious on the right of the upper vertical shield lines (photo)



- Two small lumps along the dentils near star 4 (photo)
- EDS only: die line from the dentils to star 12
- Strong halos around most stars



Large O mintmark (photo)



- Diagonal die line from the dentil between AM(ERICA) to the M (photo)
- Unfinished under the olive leaves
- Clash in shield's lower right

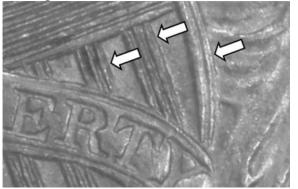
This is the first use of this obverse die and first use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: L5, .016"	14	41 reeds Typical dia		ameter = 1.202"	Rarity - 3	
Drapery die state: Partial	pery die state: Partial Foot support: Full		ıll	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: PCGS XF45			Coin from the Bill Bug	gert Collection		
Cross reference: WB-101 and Gobrecht Journal Collective				Version 4.68		
<u>Volume V</u> , pages 471-472.					v ersion 4.00	



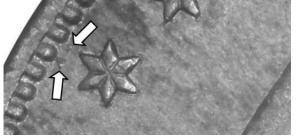
# 1850-O WB-6, Large O, Doubled Die Obverse



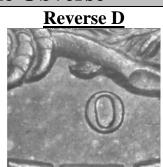
• Date left with a small tine on the upper right of the 1 (photo)



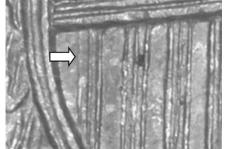
• Doubled die most obvious on the right of the upper vertical shield lines (photo)



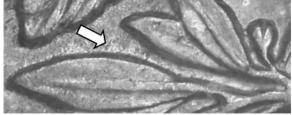
- Two small lumps along the dentils near star 4 (photo)
- Strong halos around most stars



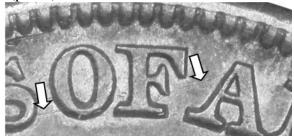
• Large O mintmark (photo)



• Weak vertical shield line A1 (photo)

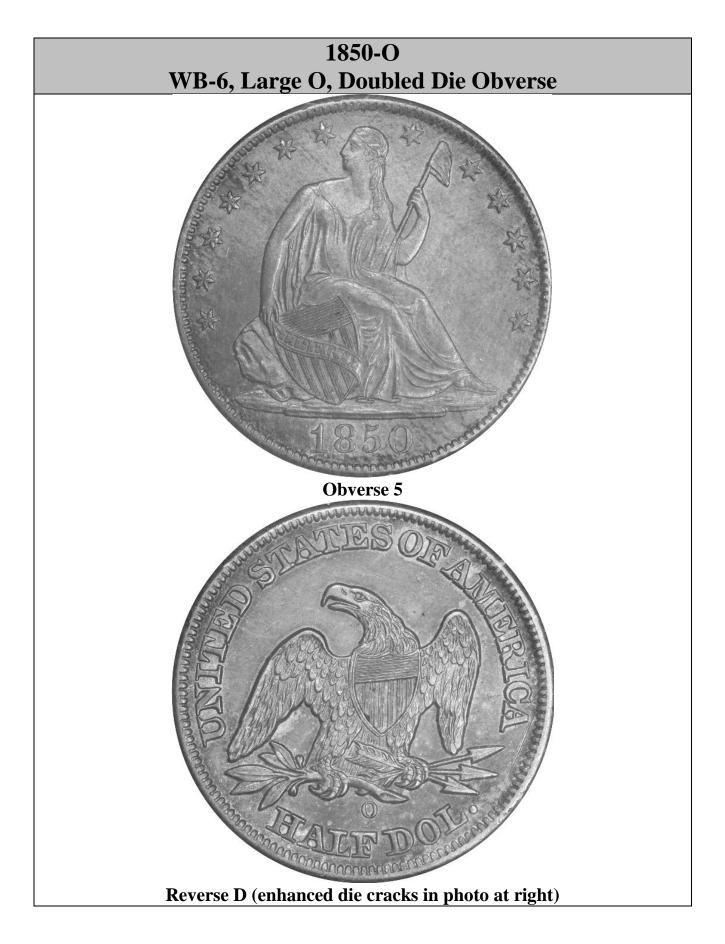


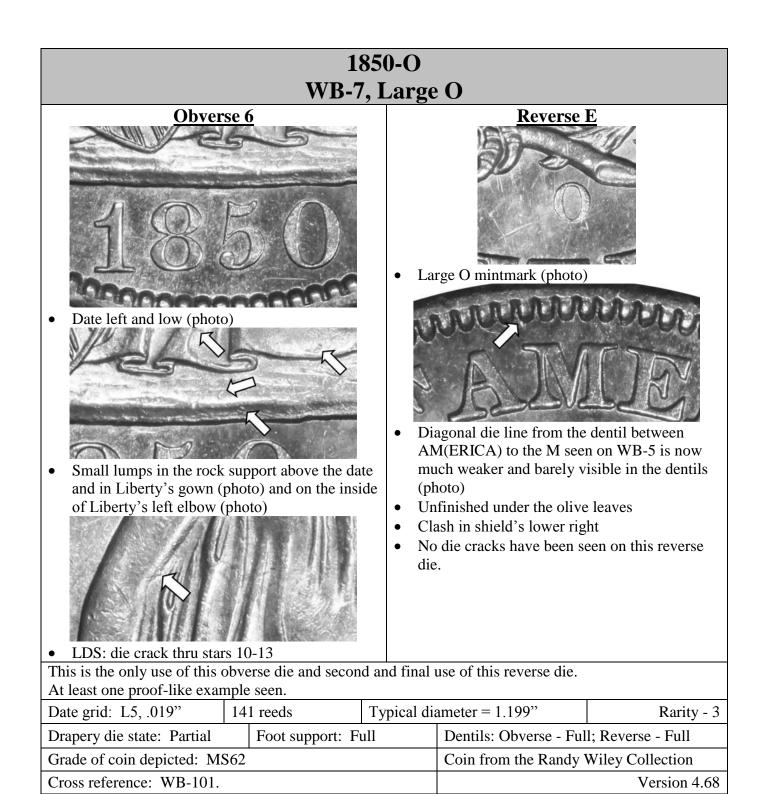
• Small lump in the upper edge of olive leaf #3 (photo)



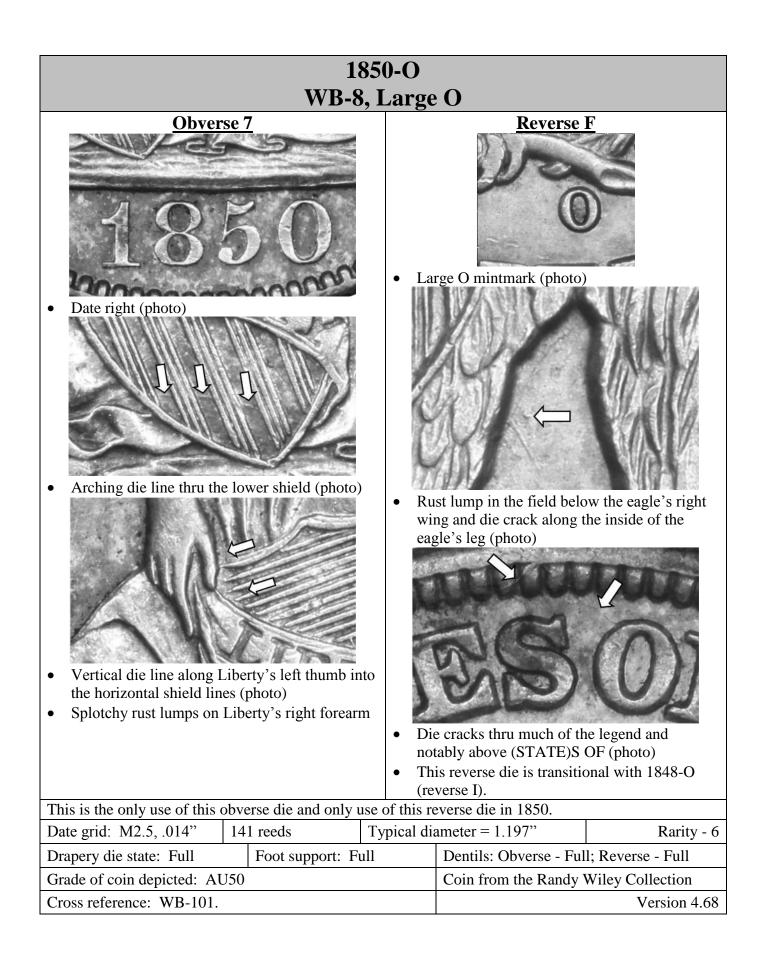
LDS: die crack thru OF A (photo) Unfinished under olive leaves

This is the second and final use of this obverse die and second and final use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: L4.5, .016"	Ur	known reeds Typical diameter = Unknown			Rarity - 5	
Drapery die state: Partial	Foot support: Full			Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: NGC MS62			Coin from the Dick O	sburn Collection		
Cross reference: WB-101 and <u>Gobrecht Journal Collective</u> <u>Volume V</u> , pages 471-472.				Version 4.68		

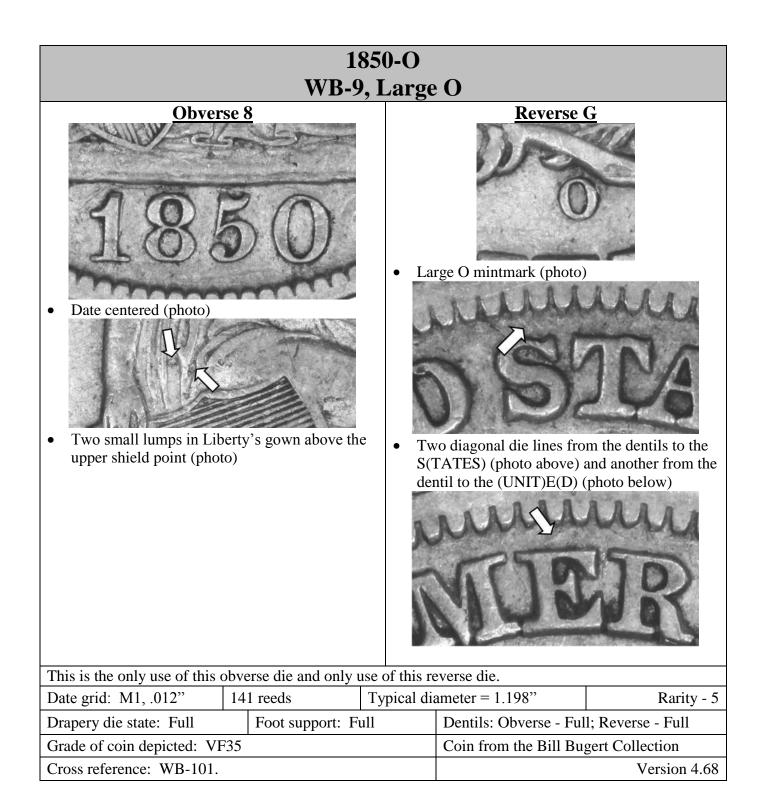












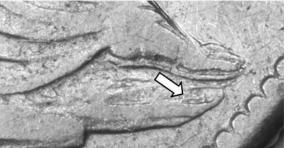


# 1850-O WB-10, Large Repunched O

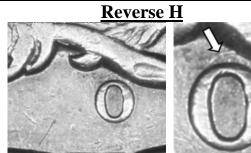
•



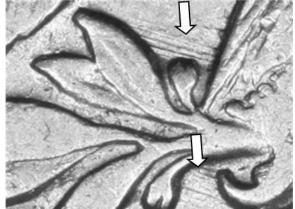
• Date right (photo)



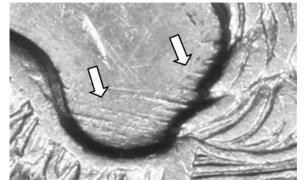
• Die line in the rock support below the ball of Liberty's foot (photo)



Large O mintmark repunched south; first punching from the olive stem (photos)



• Many scattered die lines throughout the reverse; beneath the olive leaves (photo above), above and thru (A)ME(RICA), above the left wing, and along the eagle's neck (photo below). Others beneath the right wing and in the lower shield



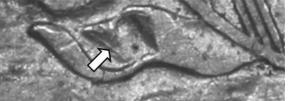
This is the only use of this obverse die and first use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: M2, .018"	14	1 reeds	Typical dia	liameter = 1.201" Rarity		
Drapery die state: Full		Foot support: Full		Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full		
Grade of coin depicted: VF25			Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection			
Cross reference: WB-102.					Version 4.68	



## 1850-O WB-11, Large Repunched O

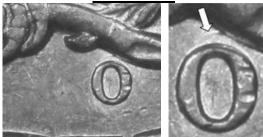


• Date centered (photo)

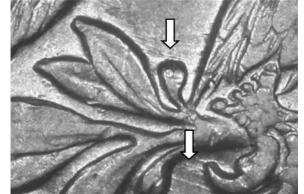


- Diagonal die line on the ribbon (photo)
- Scattered lumps in Liberty's gown to the right of the scroll (photo)

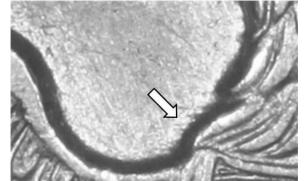




• Large O mintmark repunched south; first punching from the olive stem (photos)



• Many scattered die lines throughout the reverse; beneath the olive leaves (photo above), above and thru (A)ME(RICA), above the left wing, and along the eagle's neck (photo below). Others beneath the right wing and in the lower shield



This is the first use of this obverse die and second and final use of this reverse die.						
Date grid: M1.5, .018"	, .018" 141 reeds Typical d			ameter = 1.203" Rarity		
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Full		ull	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: ANACS AU50			Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection			
Cross reference: WB-102.					Version 4.68	

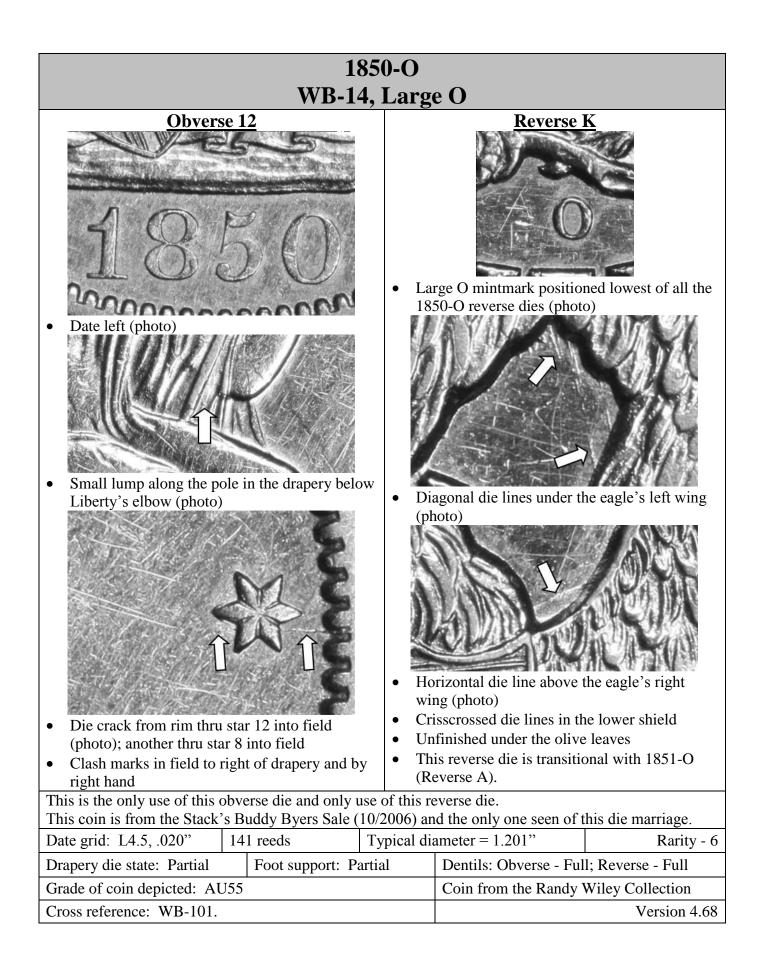


1850-O						
WB-12, Large O						
Obverse 10         • Date centered (photo)         • Diagonal die line on the ribbon (photo)         • Scattered lumps in Liberty's gown to the right of the scroll (photo)         • Die crack from lower left rock support to K-7	Reverse I         Image: Several sector sector several sector several severa					
	finished under olive leaves					
This is the second and final use of this obverse die and only One example seen has a collar break at K-10 (viewed from o reeds.						
Date grid: M1, .021"141 reedsTypical di	ameter = 1.204" Rarity - 3					
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Full	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full					
Grade of coin depicted: AU58	Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection					
Cross reference: WB-101.	Version 4.68					



	<b>1850-O</b>							
WB-	WB-13, Large O							
Obverse 11         1000000000000000000000000000000000000	de w) ire ste f de w) ste f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f	Reverse Rev	touching the olive touching the olive the olive touching the olive touching the olive touching the olive touching the olive touching the olive the olive touching the ol					
This is the only use of this obverse die and only Data grid: 15.5 014" 141 roads	,		Domitry 2					
Date grid: L5.5, .014" 141 reeds		ameter = 1.199" Dentils: Obverse - Ful	Rarity - 3					
Drapery die state:FullFoot support:Grade of coin depicted:MS60	1'ull	Coin from the Randy	,					
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68					
C1055 101010100. WD-101.			v ci sioli 4.00					







# 1851-0

The New Orleans Branch Mint half dollar mintage in 1851 dropped to one-sixth that of each of the previous eight years. With the discovery of gold in California in 1848, gold poured into the nation's economy thereby upsetting the gold to silver market ratio. By 1851, the value of silver rose to a point where a silver coin's silver content was worth more than the face value (e.g., two silver half dollars were worth \$1.03½ in gold). Consequently, large numbers of U.S. silver coins, mainly quarters and half dollars, were pulled from circulation, hoarded, melted, and/or exported for profit. The U.S. Mints reduced their silver coinage output because it cost more than their face value to produce and, if released, they quickly disappeared from commerce; hence, this date's low half dollar mintage.

With a low mintage, only five die marriages are known. None of these have any major interesting attractions and even some of the dies have no readily identifiable die characteristics. Reliance on the date and mintmark positions for attributing 1851-O half dollars is of paramount importance.

. . . . .

Five die marriages are	known as depicted	d in the tables below.

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Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of Die Marriages	Obverse Dies	Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested		-	-	1
402,000	Shipped	-	20	20*	(141)
	Known	5	4	4	(141)

\* = An additional eleven reverse dies were held over from 1850 totaling 31 reverse dies available for use in 1851. Few of these reverse dies were utilized; seven were cancelled and twenty-four were carried over for use in 1852.

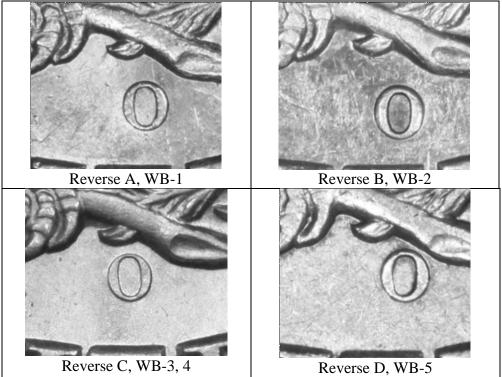
Another die marriage known? There is a remote possibility that another 1851-O die marriage, not listed herein, may exist. At a major coin show in 2009, I scrutinized a high grade, proof-like, encapsulated 1851-O that didn't appear to exactly match the characteristics of the known dies. I believe that, because most of the diagnostics were close except for the obverse die gouge, this coin was a die state of the WB-2 that I have not seen before. I am listing those diagnostics here in the hope that others will be on the lookout for examples from these dies:

- Obverse: **Raised shallow oblong die gouge in the lower right obverse shield below the (LIBER)TY**, partial drapery and a clash below Liberty's elbow, weak foot support, and date position approximately L4, .023".
- Reverse: Mintmark low, die line on the right upright of the (A)M(ERICA) and another thru the lower (AM)E(RICA), unfinished below the olive leaves, and a horizontal die line thru (STATE)S OF.

Obverse die date grid	Die Marriage
L4 , .008"	WB-4
L4 , .025"	WB-2
L4.5, .024"	WB-1
L5 , .016"	WB-5
L5 , .019"	WB-3

# 1851-O date grid quick reference table

#### **1851-O Half Dollar Mintmark Positions**

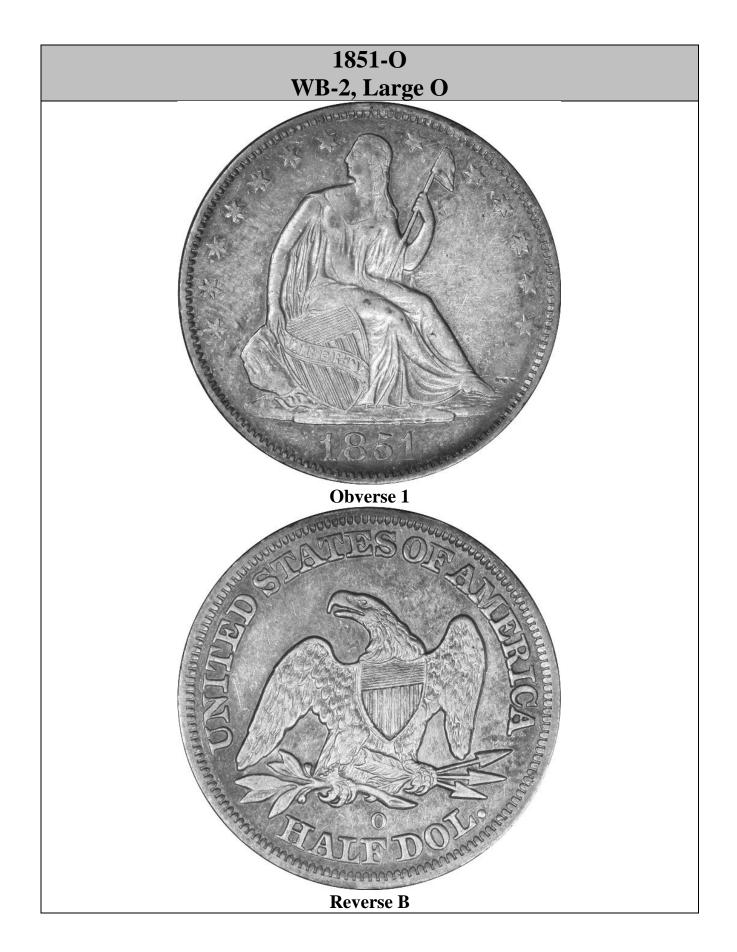


<b>1851-O</b> Obverse and Reverse die identification keys		Perpendicular die lines in the lower shield	Die line on the right upright of the (A)M(ERICA) and thru the lower (AM)E(RICA)	Mintmark high and to the left	Many jumbled die lines in the reverse shield
Date low	1	A WB-1	B WB-2	С	D
Many lumps on Liberty and along the base of the rock support	2	WD-1	WD-2	WB-3	
Die crack from dentil thru the 3 right side of star 5				WB-4	
No major discernible die diagnostics	4				WB-5

1851-0						
WB-1, Large O						
<image/>	<ul> <li>Per (ph)</li> <li>Per (ph)</li> <li>Sm lef</li> <li>Um</li> <li>Th</li> </ul>	Reverse A Reverse A rge O mintmark centere of the second of the second rpendicular die lines in the noto) rependicular die lines in the noto rependicular di	d (photo) d (photo) the lower shield the lower shield			
This is the first use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.						
Date grid:L4.5, .024"141 reedsTypical diameter = 1.200"Drapery die state:PartialFoot support:WeakDentils:Obverse - Full;H			Rarity - 4			
Drapery die state: Partial   Foot support: Weak	7					
Drapery die state: PartialFoot support: WeakGrade of coin depicted: AU55	K	Coin from the Bill Bu				



1851-O						
WB-2, Large O						
<ul> <li>Obverse 1</li> <li>Obve</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Dia (A) (A)</li> <li>LD (S)</li> </ul>	Reverse Reverse The second second second rge O mintmark position (FRICA) and thru the MERICA) and thru the MERICA) (photo) S: die crack from denti (AT)E(S) (photo) (photo) (photo)	ned low (photo) We have a second sec			
This is the second and final use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die. Per Randy Wiley, lot 586 of the Superior 1975 ANA Sale was listed as a Branch Mint Proof by Walter						
Breen. The plate in that Sale appears to be this dieDate grid: L4, .025"141 reeds	Ŭ	ameter = 1.198"	Rarity - 4			
Drapery die state: Partial Foot support: Wes		Dentils: Obverse - Ful				
Grade of coin depicted: XF45		Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection				
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68			



1851-O WB-3, Large O					
This is the only use of this obverse die and first uDate grid: L5, .019"141 reeds					
Drapery die state: Full Foot support: F		Dentils: Obverse - Ful			
Grade of coin depicted: AU58			Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection		
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68		



	851-0	0	
Obverse 3 Obverse 3	<ul> <li>No</li> <li>He arr</li> <li>LD den the</li> </ul>	Reverse of rege O mintmark high and o major discernible die d avily unfinished under to owheads OS only: clash in shield's OS: weak radial die crach hills thru the right edge of the eagle's head	d to the left (photo) liagnostics the olive leaves and s lower right k from between two of (STAT)E(S) to
This is the only use of this obverse die and secondDate grid: L4, .008"141 reeds		use of this reverse die. ameter = $1.201$ "	Rarity - 3
	• 1		-
Drapery die state:FullFoot support:FuGrade of coin depicted:MS62	111	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full	
		Coin from the Randy Wiley Collection	
Cross reference: WB-101.	Version 4.68		



1851-O WB-5, Large O					
Obverse Description Date left (photo) No major discernible die description Obverse	51	• Ma (ph	Reverse I Fige O mintmark high and the olive stem (pl The olive	d right nearly hoto) The reverse shield	
This is the only use of this obverse die and only use of this reverse die.					
	41 reeds	• •	ameter = $1.199$ "	Rarity - 4	
Drapery die state: Full	Foot support: F	Dentils: Obverse - Full; Reverse - Full			
Grade of coin depicted: XF40		Coin from the Bill Bugert Collection			
Cross reference: WB-101.			Version 4.68		



## **1852-O**

With continuing national economic difficulties (see the 1851-O introductory section) into 1852, the New Orleans Branch Mint further reduced the number of half dollars minted to less than 150,000. This currency crisis was not to ease until the implementation of the Law of 1853 signed by the President on February 21, 1853.

Excluding some individually rare die marriages and the non-collectible 1853-O no arrows and rays, 1852-O is the scarcest date of the early New Orleans Mint half dollars. With a low mintage and only two die marriages, this date is often appreciated for this status.

Mintage	Number of Dies	Number of Die Marriages	Obverse Dies	Reverse Dies	Reed Counts Known
	Requested		-	-	1
144,000	Shipped	-	12	0*	(142)
	Known	2	2	2*	(143)

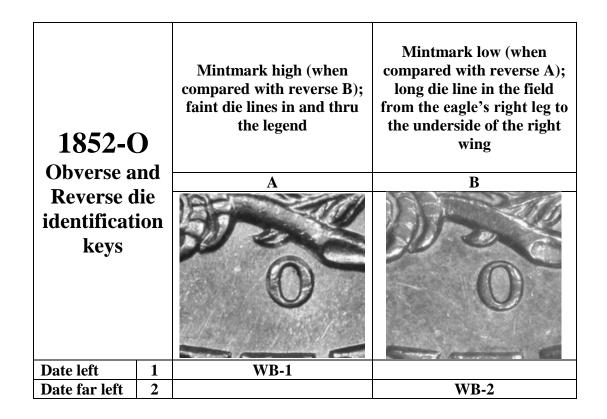
Two die marriages are known as depicted in the tables below.

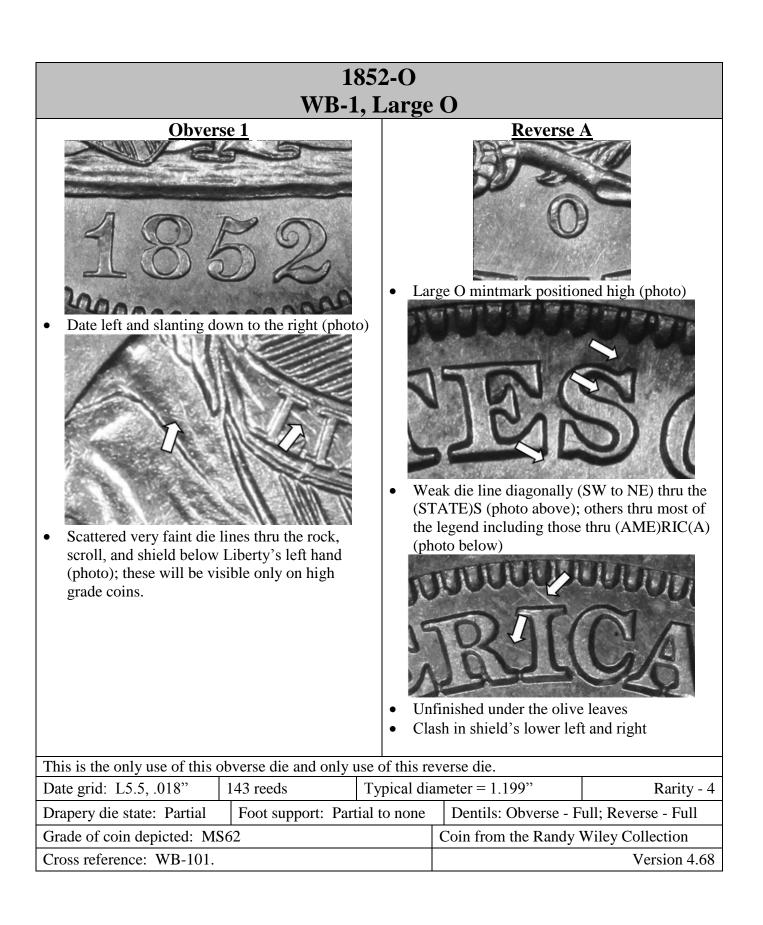
\* = No half dollar reverse dies were shipped to the New Orleans Branch Mint in 1852. Twenty-four reverse dies were reserved from 1851 for use in 1852. Interestingly, these same dies were not cancelled in 1852 and were also reserved for use in 1853.

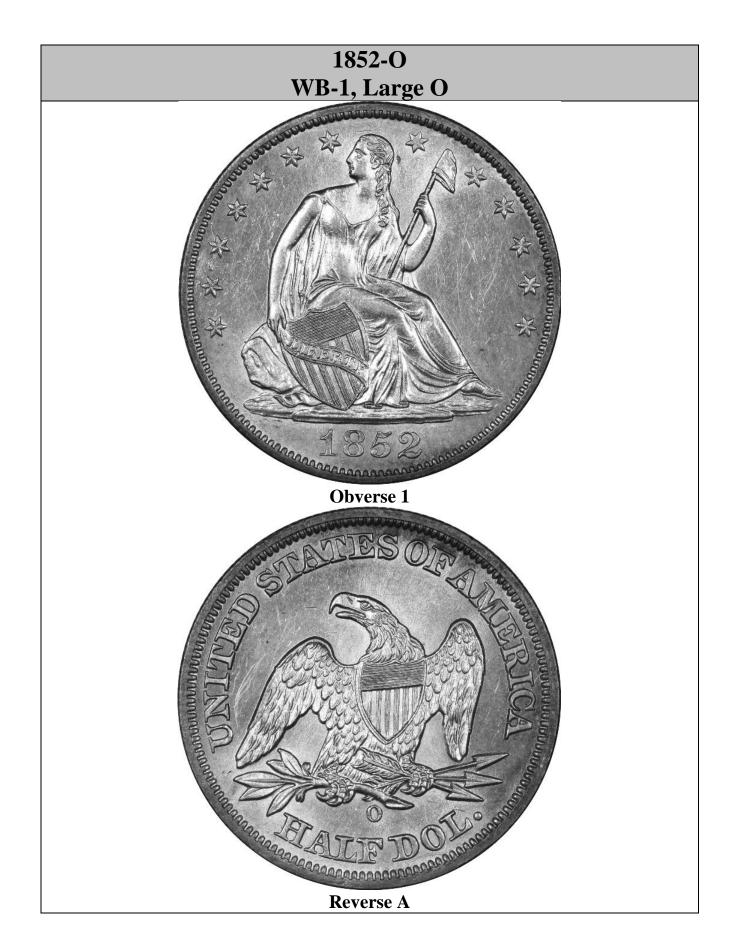
**The so-called "1852-O proofs."** I would be remiss if I did not address the three 1852-O proof half dollars listed by Walter Breen; one or more of these coins appears infrequently in major auctions. The elevated status of these coins is no doubt due to what Breen says is the "drastically repolished dies" and the consequent proof-like surfaces of the coins. I question the assignment of a proof status to these coins; consider this argument. The dies used to strike these coins also struck business strike half dollars (WB-2 in this reference). After studying the die states of multiple examples of this die marriage, business strikes were minted before these "proofs." After minting business strike coins, the dies were then polished (as evidenced by the weak support under Liberty's foot seen on the Breen plate coin) and used to strike the so-called proofs. I contend that the dies were polished as part of the normal maintenance of these dies (resulting in the polished surfaces) and the dies were continually used to mint business strikes. The so-called proofs are products of these dies after the die maintenance, were meant for commerce, and survived along with other "hoarded" coins of this time period. Otherwise, there are no major 1852 historical occasions or events suitable for commemoration with proof coins or, more importantly, are there any plausible reasons for the proof coins to be struck from "used" dies when twenty-four reverse dies, mostly unused, were available.

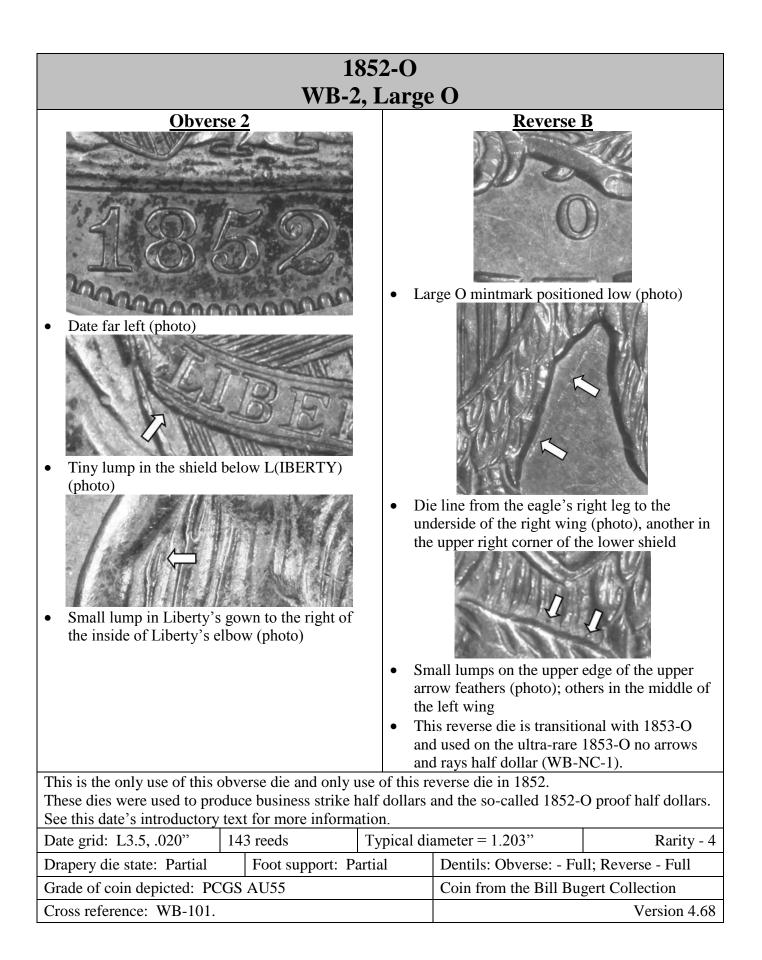
#### 1852-O date grid quick reference table

Obverse die date grid	Die Marriage
L3.5, .020"	<b>WB-2</b>
L5.5, .018"	<b>WB-1</b>











#### 1853-O No Arrows or Rays

The 1853-O No Arrows and Rays half dollar is one of the rarest of all United States issues. Only three are known; they appear on the market infrequently, and are not available in any quantity to even the most advanced collections.

**How did this rarity come to be?** As mentioned in the introduction, by early 1853 there was virtually no coinage in circulation (3-cent silver pieces and heavily worn foreign and U.S. coins were the exception). The bullion value of silver coinage exceeded the face value facilitating the removal of all silver coinage from commerce, often melted and exported for profit. As fast as the mint coined and released silver coins, they were removed from circulation. With little to offer for change, retail businesses were desperate. The Mint reacted by drastically reducing the number of silver coins minted (the government was losing money minting coins!) and, after two years of delay, the Mint Act of February 21, 1853 was passed. Among other provisions and effective with amendments on April 1, 1853, this Act reduced the weight but not the silver fineness of coinage such that it discouraged melting; for the half dollar, the weight was reduced from 206.25 to 192 grains. To announce this change, the coinage with the new reduced weight was marked with outfacing arrows at the date and, for the half dollar reverse, rays of glory encircling the eagle. For three months from January 1<sup>st</sup> thru March 31<sup>st</sup>, half dollars of the old higher weight (without arrows at the date and without reverse rays around the eagle) could have been legally minted.

As was customary during this time period, dies for the approaching year were shipped from Philadelphia in the final months of the preceding year so that the Branch Mint could prepare them for the new year's coinage. Although I have been unable to find the die shipment record for the 1853 half dollar dies, it is generally believed that six 1853 dated obverse dies without the arrows were on hand at the New Orleans Branch Mint. One of these dies was mated with a left-over 1852-O reverse die to produce this rarity.

Recent research<sup>6</sup> details a January 2, 1853 New Orleans newspaper report of "…silver half dollar laid on our table for examination, as the product of the massive stamping machinery on the first day of the year, 1853…" From this, at least one and possibly more 1853-O No Arrows and Rays half dollar were minted on January 1<sup>st</sup>, 1853. Unfortunately, no records are currently known detailing quantities minted.

What happened to these 1853-O NA half dollars? Again unfortunately, we will never know for sure. Various theories suggest abound. One such theory states they were saved as presentation pieces; this is unlikely since all three known coins are heavily worn. More likely, an unknown number of these coins were released into circulation early in 1853. Remember at that time, all coinage of the old weights was being removed from circulation, melted, and exported for profit. Most of these coins would fall victim to melting but others, including or only these three, escaped this fate. To me, several alternatives for the survival of these three coins are likely.

1. In the late 1850's and early 1860's, U.S. coinage was heavily exported to Canada, the West Indies, and Latin America. In 1858, Canada transitioned to a dollar-like decimal coinage system but had inadequate coinage to meet demand. U.S. coins were readily available and utilized until the Canadian Mints sufficed. South of the border, civil unrest eased, circulating coinage was needed, and U.S. coinage was used as local currency. Eventually in late 1877, at least \$22M worth of silver coinage, including half dollars, which disappeared from U.S. circulation, re-appeared from Canada, Central

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Kelly, Richard and Nancy Oliver. "Curious origin for 1853-O Without Arrows and Rays halves." <u>Coin World</u> March 28, 2011, p. 76-77.

America, and South America. Long thought melted for bullion, these were returned when it was profitable to do so. One or more of these coins could have circulated in these regions and ultimately returned when U.S. economic conditions permitted.

2. The three remaining coins escaped melting in the 1850's, circulated until 1861 when the American Civil War again forced all coinage out of circulation, and returned to circulation when economic conditions returned to normalcy in the 1870's. Eventually, they would have been plucked out of circulation or held aside randomly until recognized for their value.

3. The three remaining coins could have been used as pocket pieces and saved until recognized for their value.

**The 1853-O No Arrows and Rays half dollar rarity discovered.** The existence of this half dollar was not generally known to collectors until J. W. Haseltine first announced it with the highest grade coin (currently the PCGS VF35) prior to 1881. With many succeeding owners, its most recent appearance was in the George "Buddy" Byers Collection auctioned by Stack's in October, 2006.

The second and lowest grade coin (currently the PCGS G6) appeared in the Colin E. King Collection auctioned by Chapman in 1892. It currently resides in an NGC Registry set.

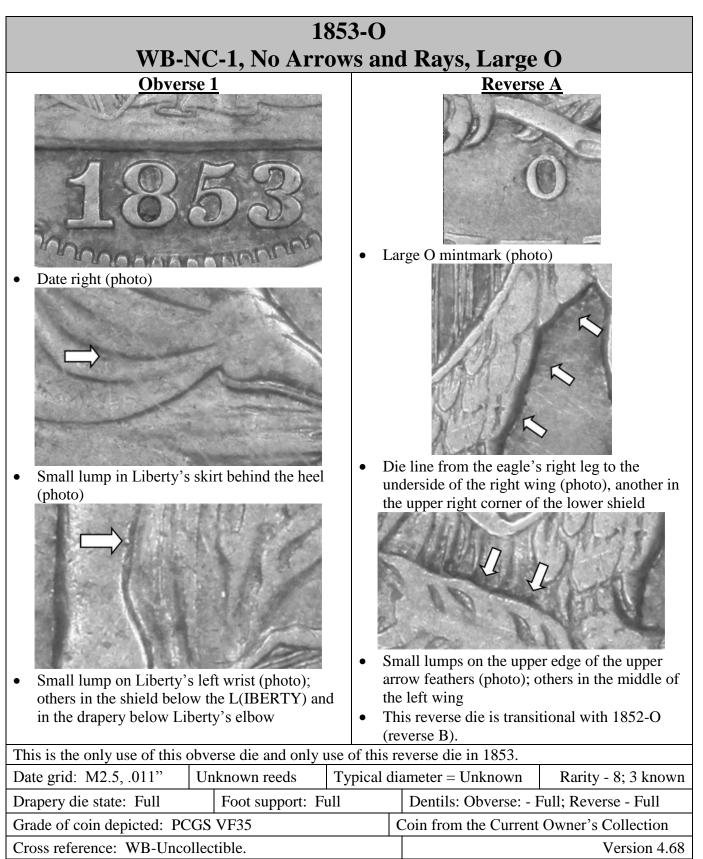
The third coin (raw, VG) was used to pay a Chicago, IL Cottage Grove Avenue trolley fare about 1909. According to accounts in the *Philadelphia Inquirer*<sup>7</sup>, "The [trolley] conductor turned the half dollar in at the barn [building housing the trolleys]. The barn man replaced it by another and sold it to Stevens & Co., of Chicago, for \$5, who sold it to Chas. Wilcox, of Chicago, for \$100. Wilcox in turn sold it to De Witt Smith, of Lee, Mass., for \$500. Smith later refused to sell it at \$2500. It is now in the exhibit of H. O. Granberg, a wealthy mine owner of Oshkosh, Wisc.,…." Granberg displayed this coin at the 1911 American Numismatic Association Convention in Chicago. Later this exact coin graced the collections of Waldo Newcomer, Col E.H.R. Green, and Louis Eliasberg.

**Studying the highest grade surviving coin, PCGS VF35**. In February 2011 when an occasion arrived to study and photograph the finest known 1853-O NA, I jumped at the opportunity knowing that since the other two known coins were low grade (VG and G), the diagnostics probably would not be visible and the best chance to really study one of these rarities would have to be the VF35 example. So I set out to determine the die diagnostics for the obverse and reverse dies. The obverse die had a few easily identifiable die diagnostics detailed herein and I always hoped the reverse die would be the same as one of the 1852-O reverse dies. My hunch was rewarded when I determined the **1853-O No Arrows and Rays half dollar uses one of the dies from 1852-O (i.e., reverse B (WB-2)).** 

This finding makes complete sense. Randy Wiley and I in our 1993 reference book speculated that the reverse die used with this rarity would be an 1852-O left over die without the rays "A no arrows head die was probably mated with an 1852 no rays tail die to produce an unknown number of 1853-O no arrows and rays coins." In fact, Mint records show that no 1852-O reverse dies were defaced in 1852 and that 24 reverse dies were on hand from 1851 and 1852 for use in 1853. These 24 dies would all have had no rays on the reverse. Fortuitously, the die chosen to be use with the 1853 no arrows obverse die was one of the exact dies also used in 1852.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Ibid.

<sup>512</sup> A Register of Liberty Seated Half Dollar Varieties, Volume III, New Orleans Branch Mint, 1840-O to 1853-O NA



Note: NC = Non-collectible



There are currently three known examples with generally accepted pedigree chains as listed below.

- 1). PCGS VF35, finest known and, reportedly, the first discovered. (201.0 grains)
  - J. W. Haseltine circa 1881
  - J. Colvin Randall Collection (W. Elliot Woodward's 77th Sale, 1885, lot 421)
  - Harold P. Newlin (acting as T. Harrison Garrett's agent in the Randall Sale)
  - T. Harrison Garrett
  - John Work Garrett; The Johns Hopkins University; The Garrett Collection, Part I (Bowers and Ruddy, November 28-29, 1979, lot 339)
  - David Queller, The Queller Family Collection (Stack's, October 15-16, 2002, lot 530)
  - Jim Gray's North Carolina Collection (Bowers and Merena, February 2004, lot 2332)
  - George "Buddy" Byers Collection, (Stack's, October 17, 2006, lot 1160)
  - Prominent numismatist

#### 2). Very Good (202.3 grains)

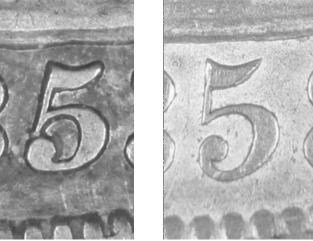
- H. O. Granberg exhibited at the 1911 ANA Convention
- William H. Woodin
- Waldo C. Newcomer
- B. Max Mehl
- Colonel E.H.R. Green
- Charles M. Williams Collection "Menjou Collection" (Numismatic Gallery, Abe Kosoff and Abner Kreisberg, June 1950, lot 1984)
- Louis E. Eliasberg, Sr. Collection (Bowers and Merena/Stack's, April 1997, lot 1955)
- Current owner
- 3). PCGS G6 (199.6 grains)
  - Colin E. King Collection (Chapman Sale, April 5, 1892, lot 854)
  - Col. E.H.R. Green
  - Anderson-Dupont Collection (Stack's, 1954)
  - C. A. Cass "Empire Collection" (Stack's, December 1957)
  - A.M. and Paul Kagin, Hollinbeck Coin Co.
  - R. E. Cox, Jr. Sale (Stack's, April 1962 lot 1928)
  - E. Yale Clarke Sale (Stack's, October 1975)
  - Julian Leidman
  - Roy Ash
  - Leon Goodman
  - Matthew Bryan Sale (NASCA, November 2, 1977, lot 742)
  - Julian Leidman
  - Jules Reiver
  - Julian Leidman
  - Jonathan Kern
  - Charles Barasch
  - A New England Collection
  - Charles Barasch
  - Julian Leidman
  - Kenneth Goldman

- South Florida Rare Coins
- NGC Registry Set owner SD Specialist.

**Methods of determining genuineness of an 1853-O No Arrows and Rays half dollar.** Various reliable and easily implemented, non-destructive methods are available to readily authenticate an 1853-O No Arrows and Rays half dollar. I suggest the reader use all four techniques below to pre-qualify a suspected coin and then submit the coin to an authentication and grading service if it passes all the tests.

1. **Planchet weight.** The planchet weight of the genuine half dollar, even of a worn coin, will be at or slightly below the old weight standard of 206.25 grains. Half dollars minted after this issue will have 192 or less grains. For example, note the weight of the G6 genuine coin, 199.6 grains, which is well above the new weight standard.

2. **Style of the 5.** Alterations to 1853-O from 1858-O half dollars are common. These are easy to dismiss as altered. On the genuine 1853-O, the 5 in the date is slanted to the right (photo below left) while the 1858-O has an upright 5 (photo below right).



(1853-O NA half dollar

1858-O half dollar)

3. **Reed count.** 1853-O No Arrows and Rays half dollars will have a reed count of either 141 or 143 reeds. Other dates may differ such as the 1858-O which has 140 reeds.

4. **Removal of arrow and rays.** Some alterations of a genuine 1853-O Arrows and Rays half dollar exist with the arrows and rays removed. These alterations are obvious on all examples I've seen but in any case, the weight should be checked and verified against the correct weight standard.

# The 2010 Half Dollar Summit



In December 2011 for the second Half Dollar Summit, Liberty Seated half dollar enthusiasts and Liberty Seated Collectors Club members (left to right in the photo above) Randy Wiley, John Murison, Bill Bugert, and Dick Osburn gathered at the Bugert home in Gettysburg, PA for four days of friendship, coin camaraderie, marathon coin research sessions, and lots of food and drink. Brian Cushing made a brief appearance from Northern Virginia. The primary purpose of this summit was to gather large collections of early New Orleans half dollars for study in preparation for my work on this book.

Nearly 800 half dollars were studied at the summit as well as a large number of other coins from the series. Everyone had a great time and a surprise snow storm curtailed the summit early.

#### Resources

This listing is not all inclusive of references used for this Register. Rather, it is meant to provide the Liberty Seated Half Dollar beginning or advanced collector with a list of useful references to be used while collecting this series.

Beistle, Martin Luther. <u>A Register of Half Dollar Die Varieties and Sub-Varieties</u>. Shippensburg, PA: The Beistle Company, 1929.

Breen, Walter. <u>Walter Breen's Complete Encyclopedia of US and Colonial Coins</u>. F.C.I Press, Inc. and Doubleday, 1988.

Breen Walter. <u>Walter Breen's Encyclopedia of United States and Colonial Proof Coins.</u> New York: F.C.I. Press, Inc., 1977.

Bugert, Bill. <u>A Register of Liberty Seated Half Dollar Varieties</u>, Volume I, San Francisco Branch Mint. Gettysburg, PA: Self-published, 2009.

Bugert, Bill. <u>A Register of Liberty Seated Half Dollar Varieties</u>, Volume II, Carson City Branch Mint. Gettysburg, PA: Self-published, 2010.

Bugert, Bill. <u>A Register of Liberty Seated Half Dollar Varieties</u>, Volume III, New Orleans Branch Mint <u>1840-O to 1853-O NA</u>. Gettysburg, PA: Self-published, 2011.

Carothers, Neil. Fractional Money. New York: John Wiley & Sons, 1930.

Cooper, Dennis R. <u>The Art and Craft of Coinmaking - A History of Minting Technology</u>. London: Spink & Son, 1988.

The Gobrecht Journal Collective Volume I, First Edition, LSCC, 1980.

The Gobrecht Journal Collective Volume II, First Edition, LSCC, 1985.

The Gobrecht Journal Collective Volume III, First Edition, LSCC, 1990.

The Gobrecht Journal Collective Volume IV, First Edition, LSCC, 1996.

The Gobrecht Journal Collective Volume V, First Edition, LSCC, 2009.

The Gobrecht Journal individual unbound issues from 2000 to the present.

National Archives notes researched and complied by Bill Bugert and Randy Wiley.

Wiley, Randy and Bill Bugert. <u>The Complete Guide To Liberty Seated Half Dollars</u>. Virginia Beach, VA: DLRC Press, 1993.

## **List of Major Contributors**

Randy Wiley Dick Osburn Scott Mickelson John Murison Rich Uhrich Barry Stallard Gerry Fortin Jane Waldron

# **Checklist of Pre-Arrows NO Branch Mint Die Marriages**

$\underline{}$	<u>Date</u>	<u>WB-#</u>	<u>Rarity</u>	<u>Variety</u>
	1840-O	WB-1	5	Large O
	1840-O	WB-2	6	Large O
	1840-O	WB-3	5	Large O
	1840-O	WB-4	3	No Mintmark, Medium Letters, Large Eagle
	1840-O	WB-5	3	Large O
	1840-O	WB-6	6	Large O
	1840-O	WB-7	2	Very small O
	1840-O	<b>WB-8</b>	5	Large O, Reengraved Obverse Dentils
	1840-O	WB-9	4	Large O, Reengraved Obverse Dentils
	1840-O	WB-10	3	Small O
	1840-O	WB-11	2	Large O
	1840-O	WB-12	6	No Mintmark, Medium Letters, Large Eagle
	1840-O	WB-13	5	Large O
	1840-O	WB-14	5	Large O
	1841-O	WB-1	3	Large O
	1841-O	WB-2	5	Medium O, Baseball Die Cracks
	1841-O	WB-3	3	Medium O
	1841-O	WB-4	4	Large O
	1841-O	WB-5	4	Large O
	1841-O	WB-6	4	Large O
	1841-O	WB-7	4	Large O
	1841-O	WB-8	4	Large O
	1841-O	WB-9	4	Large O
	1841-O	WB-10	5	Large O
	1841-O	WB-11	3	Large O
	1842-O	WB-1	5	Small Date
	1842-O	<b>WB-2</b>	5	Small Date
	1842-O	WB-3	3	Medium Date
	1842-O	WB-4	4	Medium Date
	1842-O	WB-5	4	Medium Date
	1842-O	WB-6	5	Medium Date
	1842-O	<b>WB-7</b>	5	Medium Date
	1842-O	WB-8	3	Medium Date
	1842-O	WB-9	4	Medium Date
	1842-O	WB-10	4	Medium Date
	1842-O	WB-11	4	Medium Date
	1842-O	WB-12	3	Medium Date
	1842-O	WB-13	3	Medium Date, Errant 4 in Gown

 <u>Date</u>	<u>WB-#</u>	<u>Rarity</u>	Variety
1843-O	WB-1	4	Large O
1843-O	<b>WB-2</b>	3	Large O
1843-O	WB-3	5	Large O
1843-O	WB-4	3	Large O
1843-O	WB-5	3	Large O
1843-O	WB-6	5	Large O
1843-O	WB-7	3	Large O
1843-O	WB-8	5	Large O
1843-O	WB-9	3	Large O
1843-O	WB-10	3	Large O
1843-O	WB-11	3	Large O
1843-O	WB-12	3	Large O
1843-0	WB-13	4	Large O
1843-0	WB-14	3	Large O, Repunched Mintmark
1843-O	WB-15	6	Large O
1843-O	WB-16	3	Large O
1843-0	WB-17	4	Large O, Doubled Date
1843-O	WB-18	3	Large O
1844-O	<b>WB-1</b>	3	Large O, Repunched Mintmark
1844-O	<b>WB-2</b>	3	Large O, Center Dot Obverse
1844-O	WB-3	4	Large O, Center Dot Obverse
1844-O	WB-4	4	Large O, Center Dot Obverse
1844-O	WB-5	2	Large O
1844-O	WB-6	3	Large O
1844-O	WB-7	3	Large O
1844-O	WB-8	4	Large O
1844-O	WB-9	3	Large O
1844-O	WB-10	4	Large O
1844-O	WB-11	4	Large O
1844-O	WB-12	3	Large O
1844-O	WB-13	4	Large O
1844-O	WB-14	4	Large O
1844-O	WB-15	3	Large O, Repunched Second 4
1844-O	WB-16	3	Large O, Repunched Second 4
1844-O	WB-17	3	Large O
1844-O	WB-18	5	Large O
1844-O	WB-19	5	Large O
1844-O	WB-20	2	Large O
1844-O	WB-21	3	Large O
1844-O	WB-22	4	Medium O, Dramatically Doubled Date

 <b>Date</b>	<u>WB-#</u>	<u>Rarity</u>	Variety
1845-O	<b>WB-1</b>	2	Medium O, Doubled Date
1845-O	<b>WB-2</b>	4	Medium O, Repunched 845
1845-O	WB-3	3	Medium O over horizontal O
1845-O	WB-4	4	Large O, Footless 1
1845-O	<b>WB-5</b>	4	Large O, Footless 1
1845-O	WB-6	3	Medium O over horizontal O
1845-O	<b>WB-7</b>	4	Large O
1845-O	<b>WB-8</b>	3	Large O
1845-O	WB-9	3	Large O
1845-O	WB-10	4	Large O
1845-O	WB-11	4	Large O
1845-O	WB-12	4	Large O
1845-O	WB-13	6	Large O
1845-O	WB-14	4	Large O
1845-O	WB-15	5	Large O, Dramatically Doubled Date
1845-O	WB-16	4	Large O, Dramatically Doubled Date
1845-O	WB-17	4	Large O, Repunched 84
1845-O	WB-18	4	Large O, Tripled Date
1845-O	WB-19	4	Large O, Repunched 18
1845-O	WB-20	3	Large O
1846-O	<b>WB-1</b>	2	Medium Date
1846-O	<b>WB-2</b>	3	Medium Date
1846-O	WB-3	4	Medium Date
1846-O	WB-4	3	Medium Date, 18 repunched north
1846-O	WB-5	4	Medium Date, 18 repunched north
1846-O	WB-6	3	Medium Date, 1 6 repunched
1846-O	WB-7	3	Medium Date, 1 6 repunched
1846-O	WB-8	4	Medium Date
1846-O	WB-9	4	Medium Date
1846-0	WB-10	3	Medium Date
1846-0	WB-11	3	Medium Date
1846-O	WB-12	3	Medium Date, Repunched 6
1846-O	WB-13	3	Medium Date, Repunched 6
1846-O	WB-14	3	Medium Date (repunched 6)
1846-0	WB-15	4	Medium Date (repunched 6)
1846-O	WB-16	3	Medium date, Doubled Die Obverse
1846-O	WB-17	6	Medium date, Doubled Die Obverse
1846-O	WB-18	4	Medium date, Doubled Die Obverse
1846-O	WB-19	6	Medium date, Doubled Die Obverse
1846-O	WB-20	4	Medium date, Doubled Die Obverse
1846-O	WB-21	5	Medium Date
1846-O	WB-22	4	Large Date
1846-O	WB-23	4	Large Date

 <u>Date</u>	<u>WB-#</u>	<u>Rarity</u>	Variety
1846-O	WB-24	5	Large Date
1846-O	WB-25	6	Large Date
1846-O	WB-26	4	Large Date
1846-O	WB-27	4	Large Date
1847-O	<b>WB-1</b>	5	Large O, Doubled Date
1847-O	WB-2	2	Large O, Doubled Date
1847-O	WB-3	5	Large O, Doubled Date
1847-O	WB-4	3	Large O, Doubled Date
1847-O	WB-5	6	Large O
1847-O	WB-6	3	Large O
1847-O	WB-7	5	Repunched Mintmark
1847-O	<b>WB-8</b>	3	Repunched Mintmark
1847-O	WB-9	4	Large O
1847-O	WB-10	4	Large O
1847-O	WB-11	3	Large O
1847-O	WB-12	5	Large O
1847-O	WB-13	4	Large O
1847-O	WB-14	5	Large O
1847-O	WB-15	6	Large O
1847-O	WB-16	4	Large O
1847-O	WB-17	2	Large O
1847-O	WB-18	4	Large O
1847-O	WB-19	4	Doubled Die Obverse
1847-O	WB-20	6	Doubled Die Obverse
1847-O	WB-21	3	Doubled Die Obverse
1847-O	WB-22	2	Doubled Die Obverse
1847-O	WB-23	5	Repunched 7
1847-O	WB-24	4	Repunched 7
1847-O	WB-25	4	Doubled Die Obverse
1847-O	WB-26	4	Doubled Die Obverse
1847-O	WB-27	4	Doubled Die Obverse
1847-O	WB-28	6	Repunched 7
1848-O	<b>WB-1</b>	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-2	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-3	4	Large O
1848-O	WB-4	5	Large O
1848-O	WB-5	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-6	5	Large O
1848-O	WB-7	5	Large O
1848-O	WB-8	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-9	2	Large O
1848-O	WB-10	2	Large O
1848-O	WB-11	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-12	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-13	3	Large O

 <u>Date</u>	<u>WB-#</u>	<u>Rarity</u>	<u>Variety</u>
1848-O	WB-14	6	Large O
1848-O	WB-15	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-16	5	Large O
1848-O	WB-17	5	Large O
1848-O	WB-18	5	Large O
1848-O	WB-19	5	Large O
1848-O	WB-20	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-21	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-22	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-23	3	Large O, Filled 4
1848-O	WB-24	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-25	3	Large O
1848-O	WB-26	4	Large O
1849-O	<b>WB-1</b>	3	Large O
1849-O	WB-2	3	Large O
1849-O	WB-3	4	Large O
1849-O	WB-4	3	Large O
1849-O	WB-5	3	Large O
1849-O	WB-6	3	Large O
1849-O	WB-7	3	Large O
1849-O	WB-8	3	Large O
1849-O	WB-9	4	Large O
1849-O	WB-10	3	Large O
1849-O	WB-11	3	Large O
1849-O	WB-12	4	Large O
1849-O	WB-13	3	Large O
1849-O	WB-14	2 3	Large O
1849-O 1849-O	WB-15 WB-16	5 4	Large O
1849-0	WD-10	4	Large O
1850-O	WB-1	3	Large O
1850-O	WB-2	3	Large O
1850-O	WB-3	3	Large O
1850-O	WB-4	5	Large O
1850-O	WB-5	3	Large O, Doubled Die Obverse
1850-O	WB-6	5	Large O, Doubled Die Obverse
1850-O	WB-7	3	Large O
1850-O	WB-8	6	Large O
1850-O	WB-9	5	Large O
1850-O	WB-10	5	Large Repunched O
1850-O	WB-11	3	Large Repunched O
1850-O	WB-12	3	Large O
1850-O	WB-13	3	Large O
1850-O	WB-14	6	Large O

 <u>Date</u>	<u>WB-#</u>	<u>Rarity</u>	<u>Variety</u>
1851-O	<b>WB-1</b>	4	Large O
1851-0	<b>WB-2</b>	4	Large O
1851-0	WB-3	4	Large O
1851-0	WB-4	3	Large O
1851-O	WB-5	4	Large O
1852-O	<b>WB-1</b>	4	Large O
1852-O	WB-2	4	Large O
1853-O	WB-NC-1	8	No Arrows and Rays